

# Converting Colors

YUV(231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(231.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0EDE1
RGB	224, 237, 225
RGB Percent	88%, 93%, 88%
CMY	0.1216, 0.0706, 0.1176
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.05, 0.07
HSL	125°, 27%, 90%
HSV	125°, 5%, 93%
XYZ	74.6153, 81.8519, 83.1005
YIQ	231.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

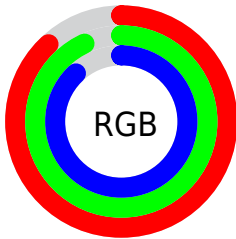
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 236, 237
Decimal	14740961
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.51, -6.47, 4.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 7.773, 146.301
Yxy	81.8519, 0.3115, 0.3417
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292931041 (0xFFE0EDE1)
YUV	231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924
Hunter-Lab	90.4720, -11.1113, 8.8713

# Details

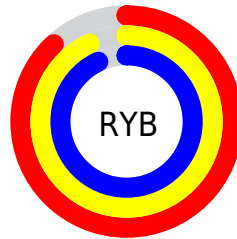
The YUV color **231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **229.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924**, and the grayscale version is **232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **176.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **222.0610, -9.3971, -19.3475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **241.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628**.

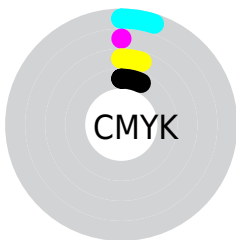
# Distribution



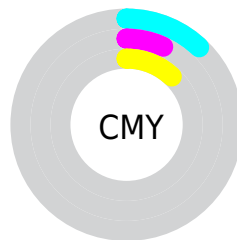
- Red (88%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 231.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924

■ 231.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 203.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924

■ 176.1580, -3.0359,  
-6.2776

■ 149.1580, -3.0359,  
-6.2776

■ 123.5710, -2.7465,  
-5.7628

■ 98.5710, -2.7465,  
-5.7628

■ 74.9840, -2.4571,  
-5.2480

■ 51.9840, -2.4571,

-5.2480

■ 30.9840, -2.4571,  
-5.2480

■ 7.6310, -3.7621,  
-6.6924

■ 231.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924

■ 231.7450, -3.3253,  
-6.7924

■ 222.0610, -9.3971,  
-19.3475

■ 241.4290, 2.7465,  
5.7628

■ 212.6760,  
-15.6163, -31.2879

■ 244.4340, 5.2090,  
9.2664

■ 202.9920,  
-21.6881, -43.8430

■ 193.3080,  
-27.7598, -56.3981

■ 184.0370,  
-33.5422, -68.4384

■ 174.3530,  
-39.6140, -80.9936

■ 164.6690,  
-45.6858, -93.5487

■ 154.9850,  
-51.7576, -106.1038

■ 145.6000,  
-57.9768, -118.0442

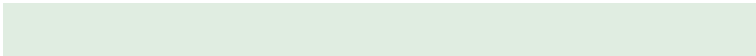
# Harmonies

## Analogous

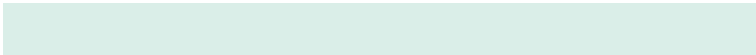
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



232.6920, -6.2572, 0.2701



231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



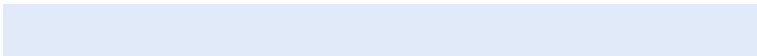
231.3360, 0.3274, -11.6957

# Triad

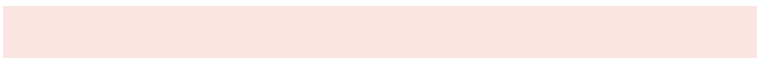
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



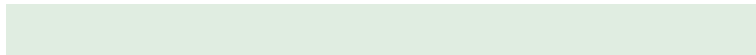
232.9050, 7.4418, -6.9327



235.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



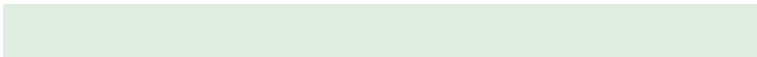
229.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235.3650, -0.1799, 11.0809



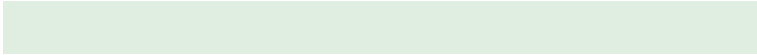
231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



234.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



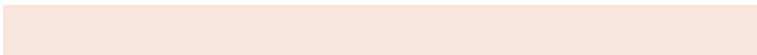
231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



232.3450, 6.7319, -12.5806



235.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924

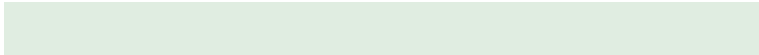


234.0570, -6.4371, 11.3510



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



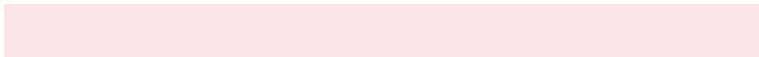
231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



231.3080, 2.8062, -13.4251



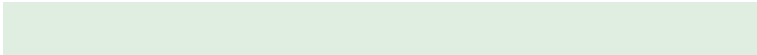
235.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



235.3930, -2.6587, 12.8103

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



252.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



235.2190, -5.5310, 0.6849



126.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

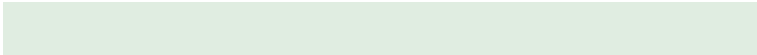


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

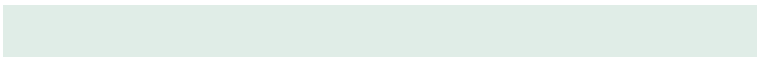
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



247.7940, -4.3354, -9.4663



232.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



113.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332



107.8430, -46.2646, -94.5783



32.1540, -13.8799, -28.1991



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



229.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



244.3200, 4.7722, 9.3664



228.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922



111.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



73.1570, 46.2646, 94.5783

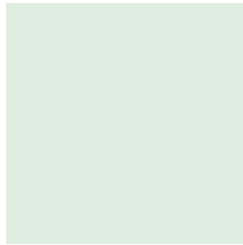


21.7320, 13.4431, 28.2990



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

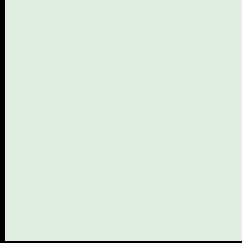
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

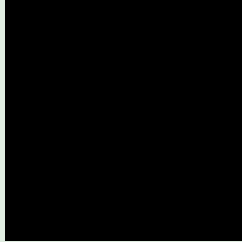
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

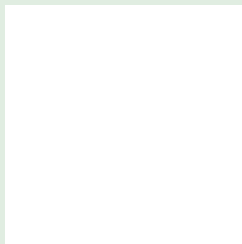
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924.



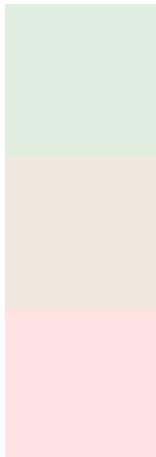
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924.

-6.7924.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924

### Protanopia

233.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180

### Deuteranopia

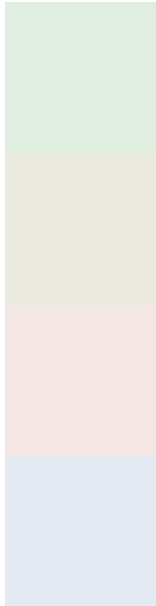
235.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138



## Tritanopia

233.5570, 8.5994, -4.8735

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924

## Protanomaly

232.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998

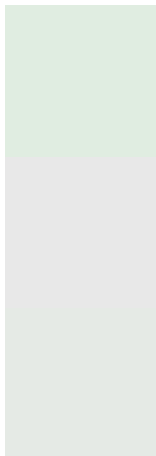
## Deuteranomaly

234.4310, -3.6635, 8.3920

## Tritanomaly

232.8190, 4.5262, -5.1033

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924

## Achromatopsia

232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

231.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 237, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 237, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 237, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 237, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 237, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 237, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 237, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 237, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 237, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 237,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 231.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 237, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
237, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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