

Converting Colors

YUV(231.9490, -16.2439,
-16.6183)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(231.9490, -16.2439,
-16.6183)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | D5F8C7 |
| RGB | 213, 248, 199 |
| RGB Percent | 84%, 97%, 78% |
| CMY | 0.1647, 0.0275, 0.2196 |
| CMYK | 0.14, 0.00, 0.20, 0.03 |
| HSL | 103°, 78%, 88% |
| HSV | 103°, 20%, 97% |
| XYZ | 71.3168, 85.4045, 66.7587 |
| YIQ | 231.9490, -5.1310, -22.6590 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

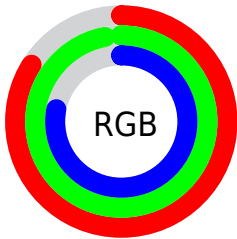
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 199, 248, 234 |
| Decimal | 14022855 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 94.06, -20.04, 19.85 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 94, 28.202, 135.274 |
| Yxy | 85.4045, 0.3191, 0.3822 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292212935 (0xFFD5F8C7) |
| YUV | 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 |
| Hunter-Lab | 92.4145, -23.9761, 21.8600 |

Details

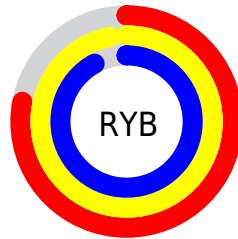
The YUV color $231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $215.0510, 16.2439, 16.6183$, and the grayscale version is $232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$, and $176.4760, -15.5177, -16.2035$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $223.7170, -24.5105, -25.1848$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $240.1810, -7.9772, -8.0517$.

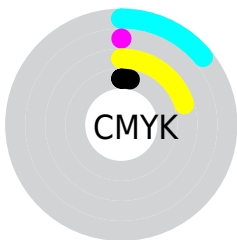
Distribution



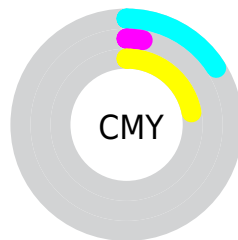
- Red (84%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 231.9490,
-16.2439, -16.6183

■ 231.9490,
-16.2439, -16.6183

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 203.4760,
-15.5177, -16.2035

■ 176.4760,
-15.5177, -16.2035

■ 149.0030,
-14.7915, -15.7886

■ 123.4160,
-14.5021, -15.2738

■ 97.9430, -13.7759,
-14.8590

■ 74.1710, -12.9023,
-15.0590

■ 50.6980, -12.1761,

-14.6441

■ 28.6550, -13.6339,
-13.7294

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,
-11.8404

■ 231.9490,
-16.2439, -16.6183

■ 231.9490,
-16.2439, -16.6183

■ 223.7170,
-24.5105, -25.1848

■ 240.1810, -7.9772,
-8.0517

■ 215.7840,
-32.9245, -33.1366

■ 248.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 207.6660,
-40.7543, -41.8031

■ 250.8910, 2.0257,
3.6036

■ 199.4340,
-49.0210, -50.3696

■ 191.2020,
-57.2876, -58.9362

■ 183.2690,
-65.7016, -66.8879

■ 175.0370,
-73.9682, -75.4544

■ 166.9190,
-81.7981, -84.1210

■ 166.8050,
-82.2349, -84.0210

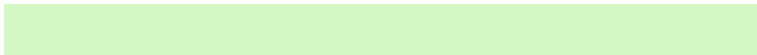
Harmonies

Analogous

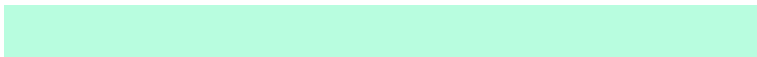
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235.5130, -24.9029, 7.4431



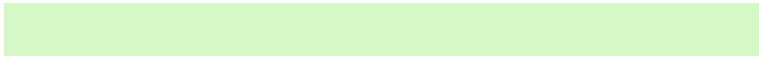
231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



228.9490, -2.9329, -39.4203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



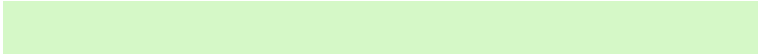
228.8090, 12.9122, -34.9125



230.4480, -2.6859, 21.5321

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



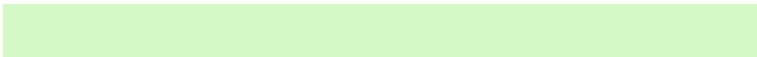
215.0510, 16.2439, 16.6183

Split Complementary

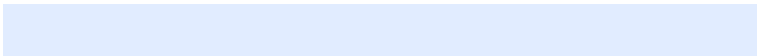
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234.1130, 8.8183, 18.3179



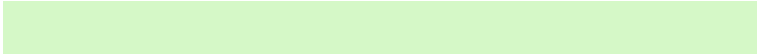
231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



234.8770, 9.9206, -8.6621

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



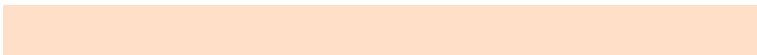
231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



225.7420, 14.4242, -53.2707



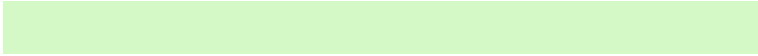
237.9770, 8.3923, 14.9292



229.9460, -14.7634, 21.9724

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



227.2170, 7.2880, -51.0563



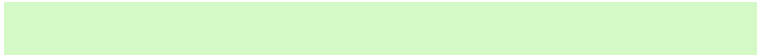
237.9770, 8.3923, 14.9292



230.8870, 1.5347, 21.1471

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



250.0010, -4.9305, -5.2629



233.6090, -17.0622, 12.6209



124.8810, -2.8993, -3.4036



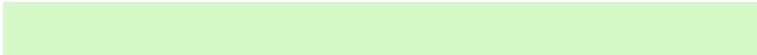
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



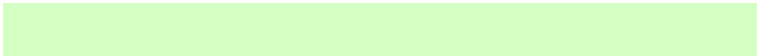
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

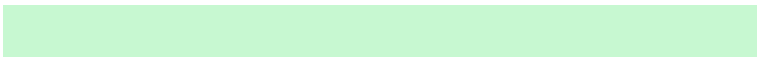
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



234.8900, -20.1588, -20.9515



228.9030, -9.8122, -26.2249



120.8270, -4.3517, -4.2333



127.0890, -62.6549, -64.0991



40.8900, -20.1588, -20.9515

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215.0510, 16.2439, 16.6183



214.1100, 20.1588, 20.9515



218.0970, 9.8122, 26.2249



116.1730, 4.3517, 4.2333



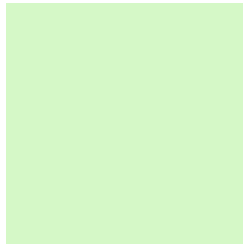
61.9110, 62.6549, 64.0991



20.1100, 20.1588, 20.9515

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

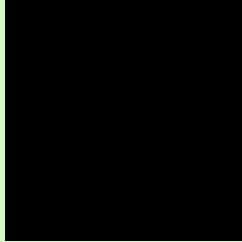
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

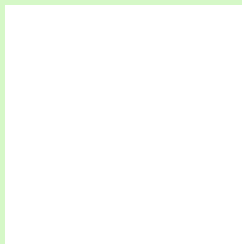
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183.



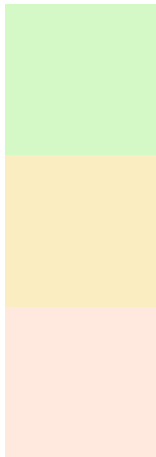
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183.

-16.6183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183

Protanopia

236.2840, -20.8460, 12.9059

Deuteranopia

238.3240, -8.0477, 14.6249



Tritanopia

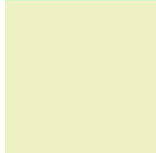
236.6380, 9.0525, -10.2065

Trichromacy



Original Color

231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



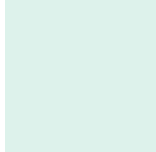
Protanomaly

234.6740, -19.0663, 2.0399



Deuteranomaly

235.8620, -10.7780, 3.6290



Tritanomaly

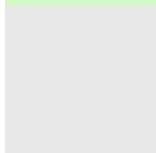
234.9230, 0.0380, -12.2105

Monochromacy



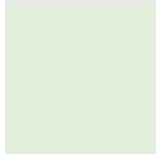
Original Color

231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183



Achromatopsia

232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

232.0610, -5.9461, -6.1925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 248, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 248, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 248, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 248, 199) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 248, 199) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 248, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 248, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 248, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 248, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 248,  
199) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 231.9490, -16.2439, -16.6183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 248, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
248, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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