

# Converting Colors

YUV(231.9910, -13.3066,  
-25.4251)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251)  
contains.

<b>YUV(231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(231.9910, -13.3066,  
-25.4251)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBFCCD
RGB	203, 252, 205
RGB Percent	80%, 99%, 80%
CMY	0.2039, 0.0118, 0.1961
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.19, 0.01
HSL	122°, 89%, 89%
HSV	122°, 19%, 99%
XYZ	70.4585, 86.7251, 70.7837
YIQ	231.9910, -14.1170, -25.0050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

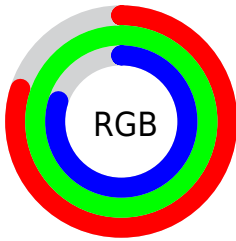
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	203, 250, 252
Decimal	13368525
CIE Lab	94.62, -24.30, 17.47
CIE LCh	95, 29.929, 144.285
Yxy	86.7251, 0.3091, 0.3804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291558605 (0xFFC <sup>B</sup> FCCD)
YUV	231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251
Hunter-Lab	93.1263, -27.9197, 20.1231

# Details

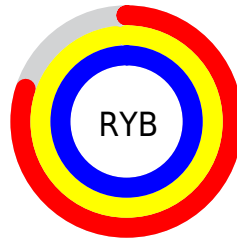
The YUV color **231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **223.0090, 13.3066, 25.4251**, and the grayscale version is **232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **175.9310, -12.2910, -24.4955** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221.7800, -20.1045, -38.3951**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242.2020, -6.5086, -12.4552**.

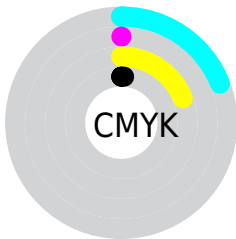
# Distribution



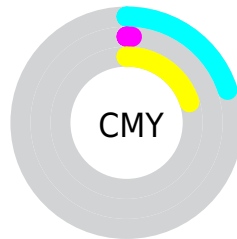
- Red (80%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 231.9910,  
-13.3066, -25.4251

■ 231.9910,  
-13.3066, -25.4251

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 203.4040,  
-13.0172, -24.9103

■ 175.9310,  
-12.2910, -24.4955

■ 149.3440,  
-12.0016, -23.9807

■ 122.8710,  
-11.2754, -23.5659

■ 97.9850, -10.8386,  
-23.6658

■ 73.5120, -10.1124,  
-23.2510

■ 49.7400, -9.2388,

-23.4510

■ 26.7400, -9.2388,  
-23.4510

■ 14.6750, -7.2348,  
-12.8700

■ 231.9910,  
-13.3066, -25.4251

■ 231.9910,  
-13.3066, -25.4251

■ 221.7800,  
-20.1045, -38.3951

■ 242.2020, -6.5086,  
-12.4552

■ 211.5690,  
-26.9025, -51.3650

■ 252.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

■ 200.9450,  
-33.9899, -64.8498

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 190.7340,  
-40.7879, -77.8197

■ 180.5230,  
-47.5858, -90.7897

■ 170.3120,  
-54.3838, -103.7596

■ 160.1010,  
-61.1818, -116.7296

■ 149.5910,  
-67.8324, -130.3143

■ 149.0640,  
-68.5586, -130.7291

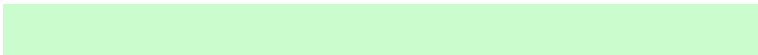
# Harmonies

## Analogous

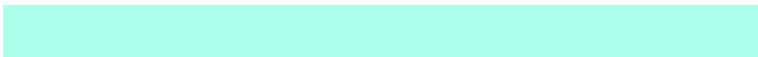
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235.5830, -24.4444, 0.3657



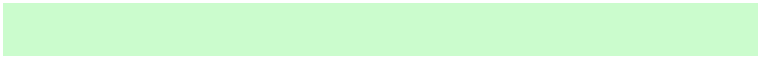
231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



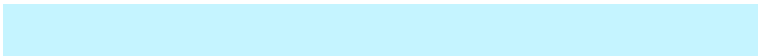
227.9740, 2.4778, -48.2122

# Triad

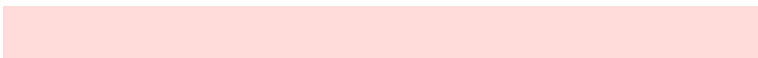
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



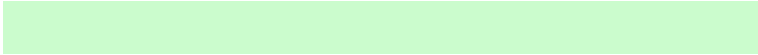
231.2010, 11.7329, -29.9943



230.1230, -6.4696, 21.8171

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



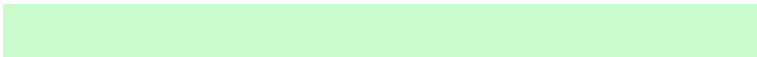
223.0090, 13.3066, 25.4251

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232.8420, 6.4869, 19.4326



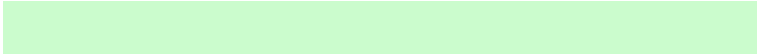
231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



237.2910, 8.7305, -0.2552

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



226.0410, 14.2768, -52.6560



237.3900, 8.6817, 15.4440

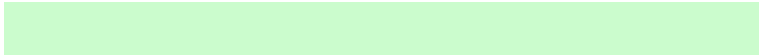


231.0230, -18.2523, 21.0278



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



226.3670, 13.1301, -58.2039



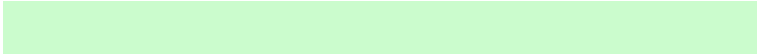
237.3900, 8.6817, 15.4440



230.6760, -1.8123, 21.3321

# Sweetspot

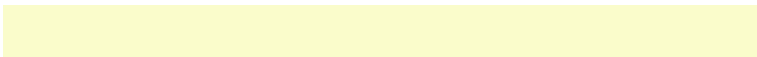
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



248.8050, -4.3409, -7.7220



245.8160, -21.1083, 3.6694



124.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

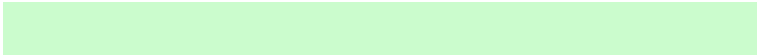


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

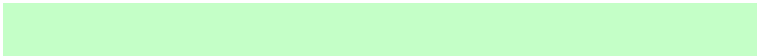


# Same Dimension

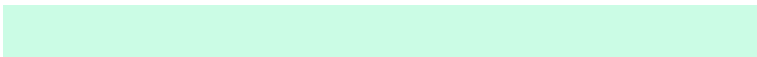
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



230.9750, -15.7637, -30.6731



234.7270, -2.8234, -27.8246



119.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



111.8550, -51.2005, -98.0968



36.0350, -16.7793, -31.6027



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223.0090, 13.3066, 25.4251



220.1390, 16.2005, 30.5731



220.2730, 2.8234, 27.8246



117.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924



77.1450, 51.2005, 98.0968

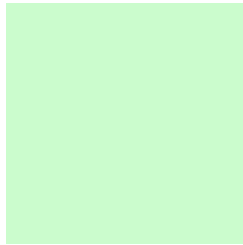


24.9650, 16.7793, 31.6027



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

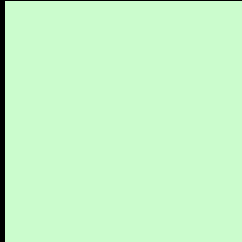
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

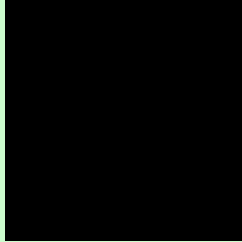
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

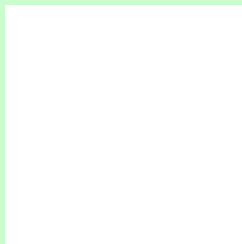
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251.



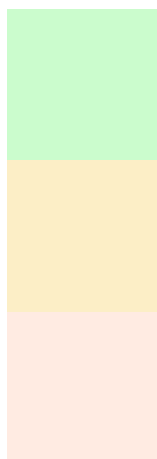
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251.

-25.4251.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251

### Protanopia

237.6260, -19.5356, 12.6060

### Deuteranopia

239.9540, -6.8793, 13.1953



## Tritanopia

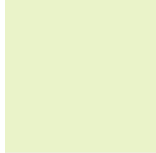
237.8010, 8.4791, -12.9805

# Trichromacy



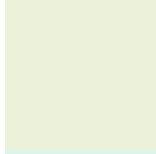
## Original Color

231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



## Protanomaly

235.5210, -17.0189, -1.3339



## Deuteranomaly

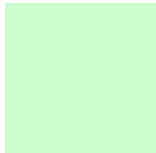
236.8830, -9.3093, -0.7744



## Tritanomaly

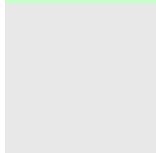
236.0040, 0.4910, -17.5435

# Monochromacy



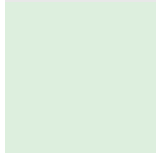
## Original Color

231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251



## Achromatopsia

232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

231.6800, -4.7722, -9.3664

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 252, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 252, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 252, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 252, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 252, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 252, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 252, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 252, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 252, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 252,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 231.9910, -13.3066, -25.4251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 252, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
252, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor