

# Converting Colors

YUV(233.2670, -8.5126,  
-23.0362)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(233.2670, -8.5126,  
-23.0362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFFAD8
RGB	207, 250, 216
RGB Percent	81%, 98%, 85%
CMY	0.1882, 0.0196, 0.1529
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.14, 0.02
HSL	133°, 81%, 90%
HSV	133°, 17%, 98%
XYZ	72.3124, 86.5945, 77.8689
YIQ	233.2670, -14.7140, -19.6900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

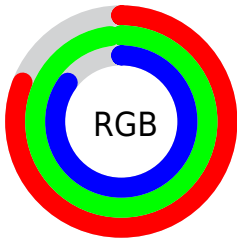
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 243, 250
Decimal	13630168
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.57, -20.13, 11.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 23.318, 149.665
Yxy	86.5945, 0.3054, 0.3657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291820248 (0xFFCFFAD8)
YUV	233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362
Hunter-Lab	93.0562, -24.1389, 15.5258

# Details

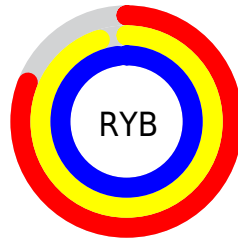
The YUV color  $233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $223.7330, 8.5126, 23.0362$ , and the grayscale version is  $233.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $177.0930, -7.9338, -22.0066$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $223.5120, -13.5634, -36.4060$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $243.0220, -3.4618, -9.6663$ .

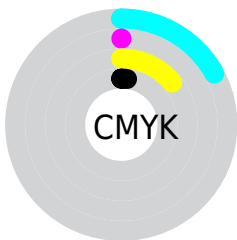
# Distribution



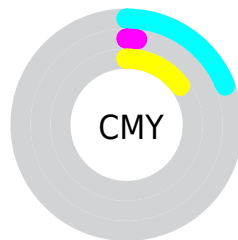
- Red (81%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 233.2670, -8.5126,  
-23.0362

■ 233.2670, -8.5126,  
-23.0362

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.6800, -8.2232,  
-22.5214

■ 177.0930, -7.9338,  
-22.0066

■ 150.5060, -7.6445,  
-21.4918

■ 124.6200, -7.2077,  
-21.5917

■ 99.3320, -7.0657,  
-20.4622

■ 74.8590, -6.3395,  
-20.0473

■ 51.9730, -5.9027,

-20.1473

■ 28.9020, -4.8817,  
-20.9621

■ 14.6750, -7.2348,  
-12.8700

■ 233.2670, -8.5126,  
-23.0362

■ 233.2670, -8.5126,  
-23.0362

■ 223.5120,  
-13.5634, -36.4060

■ 243.0220, -3.4618,  
-9.6663

■ 213.7570,  
-18.6142, -49.7759

■ 252.0650, 1.4470,  
2.5740

■ 204.1160,  
-23.2282, -63.2457

■ 194.3610,  
-28.2790, -76.6156

■ 184.6060,  
-33.3298, -89.9855

■ 174.8510,  
-38.3805, -103.3553

■ 165.2100,  
-42.9945, -116.8252

■ 155.4550,  
-48.0453, -130.1950

■ 152.6780,  
-49.6343, -133.8986

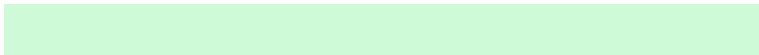
# Harmonies

## Analogous

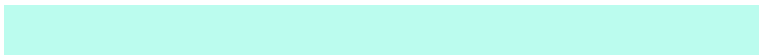
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



236.2820, -17.8870, -2.8783



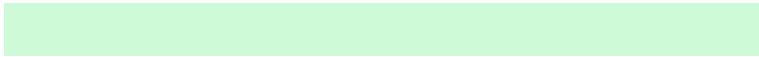
233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



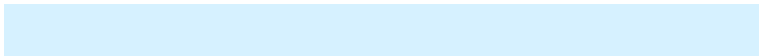
230.9690, 3.4663, -38.5608

# Triad

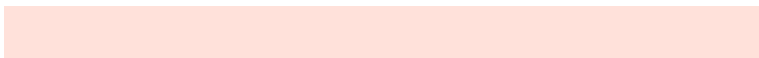
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



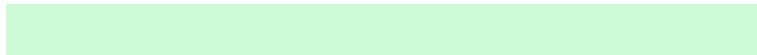
234.5230, 10.0952, -17.9987



233.1720, -7.4798, 19.1432

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



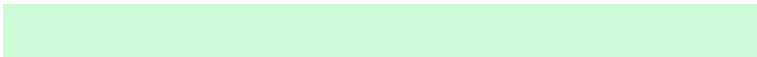
223.7330, 8.5126, 23.0362

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235.0930, 2.4192, 17.4584



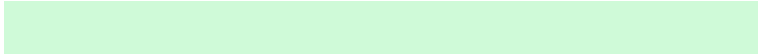
233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



239.0850, 7.8461, 3.4335

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



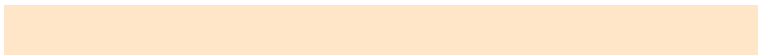
233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



231.1570, 11.7546, -36.9717



238.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144

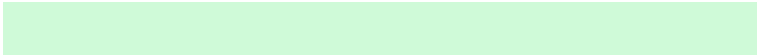


234.1690, -16.3523, 18.2688

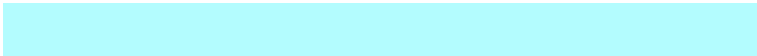


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



230.4010, 11.6343, -45.0787



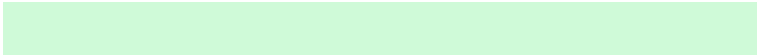
238.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144



233.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581

# Sweetspot

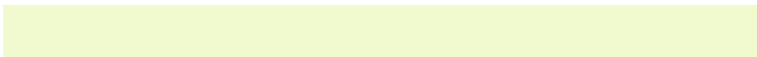
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



249.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923



242.4070, -17.4557, -1.2339



124.8100, -1.8783, -4.2184



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

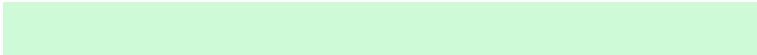


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

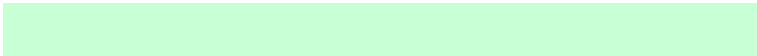


# Same Dimension

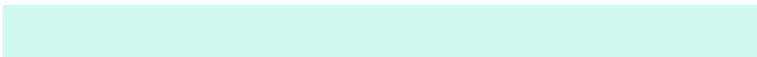
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



234.0660, -10.3855, -28.9989



235.6610, 0.6601, -25.1357



119.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923



115.3890, -37.6598, -101.1962



37.2890, -11.9745, -32.7025



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223.7330, 8.5126, 23.0362



222.0480, 10.8223, 28.8989



221.3390, -0.6601, 25.1357



117.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923



73.4970, 37.2230, 101.2961

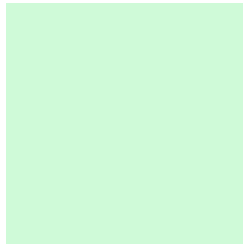


23.7110, 11.9745, 32.7025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

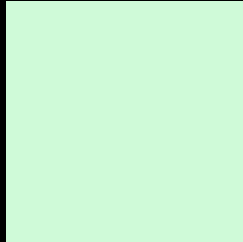
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

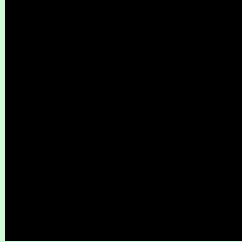
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

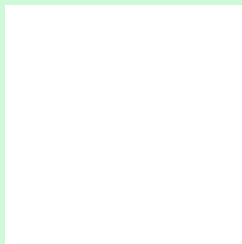
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362.



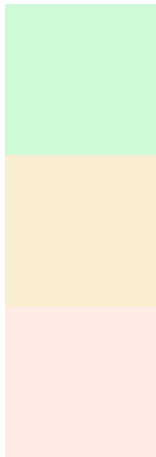
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362.

-23.0362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362

### Protanopia

238.3960, -13.9992, 10.1767

### Deuteranopia

240.2960, -5.5689, 12.8954



## Tritanopia

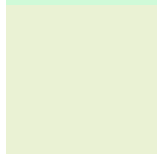
237.8010, 8.4791, -12.9805

# Trichromacy



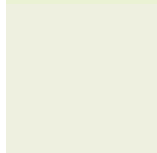
## Original Color

233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



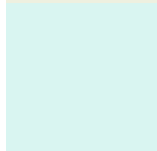
## Protanomaly

236.1880, -11.9247, -1.9189



## Deuteranomaly

237.5780, -6.6940, 0.3701



## Tritanomaly

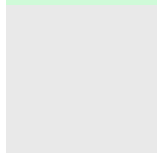
236.1720, 2.3802, -16.8138

# Monochromacy



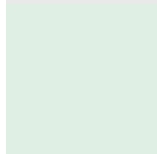
## Original Color

233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362



## Achromatopsia

233.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

233.1470, -3.0305, -8.0219

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 250, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 250, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 250, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 250, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 250, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 250, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 250, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 250, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 250, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 250,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 233.2670, -8.5126, -23.0362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 250, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
250, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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