

# Converting Colors

YUV(233.2700, 10.7129,  
17.3032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(233.2700, 10.7129,  
17.3032)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDDDBFF
RGB	253, 219, 255
RGB Percent	99%, 86%, 100%
CMY	0.0078, 0.1412, 0.0000
CMYK	0.01, 0.14, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	297°, 100%, 93%
HSV	297°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	83.8895, 78.7657, 105.3896
YIQ	233.2700, 8.7080, 18.4040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

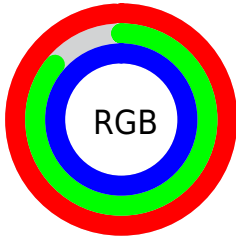
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 219, 255
Decimal	16636927
CIE Lab	91.13, 17.86, -13.13
CIE LCh	91, 22.166, 323.664
Yxy	78.7657, 0.3130, 0.2939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294827007 (0xFFFDDDBFF)
YUV	233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032
Hunter-Lab	88.7500, 13.4117, -8.2811

# Details

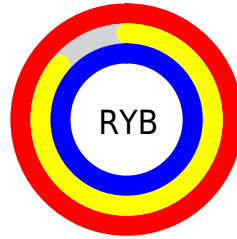
The YUV color  $233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $240.7300, -10.7129, -17.3032$ , and the grayscale version is  $233.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $177.4440, 10.1341, 16.2736$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $218.2960, 18.0951, 29.5584$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $248.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480$ .

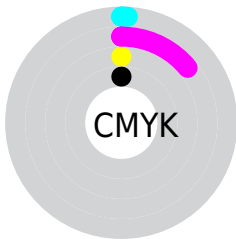
# Distribution



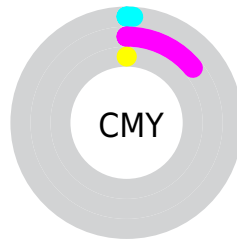
- Red (99%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 233.2700, 10.7129,  
17.3032


 233.2700, 10.7129,  
17.3032


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 204.8570, 10.4235,  
16.7884

 177.4440, 10.1341,  
16.2736

 151.0310, 9.8447,  
15.7588

 124.6180, 9.5553,  
15.2440

 99.3190, 9.7027,  
14.6292

 75.4930, 9.1240,  
13.5996

 52.3790, 8.6872,

13.6996

■ 30.6670, 8.5452,  
12.5700

■ 11.1510, 7.8136,  
13.8996

■ 233.2700, 10.7129,  
17.3032

■ 233.2700, 10.7129,  
17.3032

■ 218.2960, 18.0951,  
29.5584

■ 248.2440, 3.3307,  
5.0480

■ 202.4360, 25.9141,  
41.7136

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 187.4620, 33.2962,  
53.9688

■ 171.6020, 41.1152,  
66.1240

■ 156.0410, 48.7868,  
78.8940

■ 141.0670, 56.1690,  
91.1492

■ 125.2070, 63.9879,  
103.3045

■ 110.2330, 71.3701,  
115.5597

■ 101.1290, 75.8584,  
122.6669

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229.9040, 12.3723, -1.6698



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



229.2400, 2.8397, 22.5915

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



229.7300, -20.5729, 18.6538



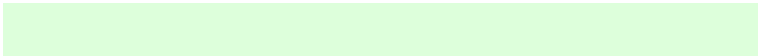
221.8250, 11.9183, -42.8195

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



240.7300, -10.7129, -17.3032

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222.3070, 0.8346, -34.4722



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



226.6030, -18.0453, 1.2252

# Square

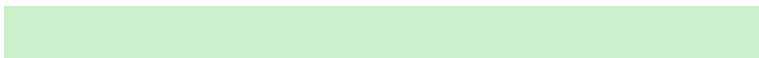
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



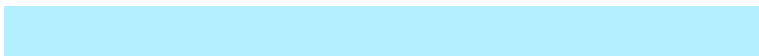
233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



227.7290, -15.6424, 23.9167



224.5450, -10.1287, -18.0180



222.8840, 15.8332, -38.4863



# Rectangle

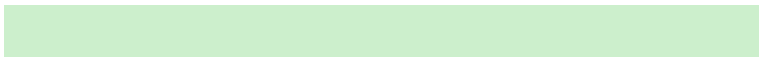
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



227.5300, -3.7123, 24.0912



224.5450, -10.1287, -18.0180



221.6250, 8.5659, -40.8901

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



248.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332



224.2780, 15.1459, -4.6288



123.5920, 2.1731, 2.9888



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032



229.1610, 12.7386, 20.9068



232.0440, 3.4293, 20.1324



120.0700, 3.9095, 6.0776



75.8930, 56.7478, 92.1788



25.2360, 19.1107, 30.4880



# Inverse Universe

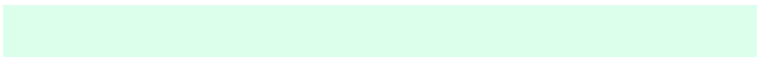
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



229.9920, -4.4331, 21.9320



225.0850, -5.4649, 26.2355



241.9560, -3.4293, -20.1324



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



58.3630, -23.3500, 116.3226



19.5920, -7.6869, 38.9458



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

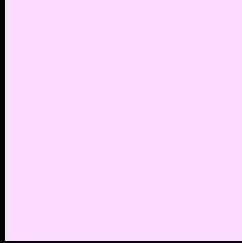
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

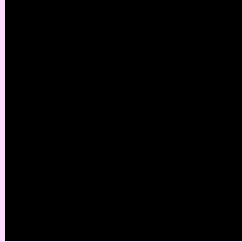
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032.



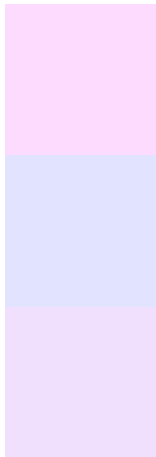
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 233.2700, 10.7129,

17.3032.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032

### Protanopia

230.4800, 12.0884, -3.9290

### Deuteranopia

231.9160, 10.8874, 7.9667



## Tritanopia

232.6090, 3.1508, 16.1289

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032

## Protanomaly

231.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632

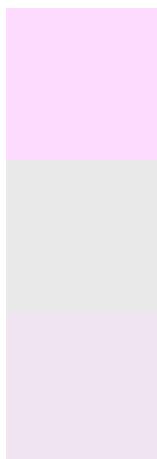
## Deuteranomaly

232.5250, 10.5872, 10.9406

## Tritanomaly

233.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032

## Achromatopsia

233.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

233.0700, 3.9095, 6.0776

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 219, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 219, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 219, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 219, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 219, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 219, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 219, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 219, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 219, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 219,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 233.2700, 10.7129, 17.3032 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 219, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
219, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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