

# Converting Colors

YUV(234.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(234.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE1E2
RGB	255, 225, 226
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 89%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1176, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	358°, 100%, 94%
HSV	358°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	81.8927, 80.6014, 83.1929
YIQ	234.0840, 17.5590, 6.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

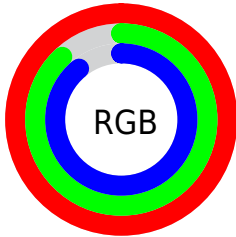
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 225, 226
Decimal	16769506
CIE Lab	91.95, 10.46, 3.29
CIE LCh	92, 10.965, 17.446
Yxy	80.6014, 0.3333, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959586 (0xFFFFE1E2)
YUV	234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433
Hunter-Lab	89.7783, 5.7096, 7.9038

# Details

The YUV color  $234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $245.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433$ , and the grayscale version is  $234.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $178.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $216.5590, -7.6706, 33.7128$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $252.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591$ .

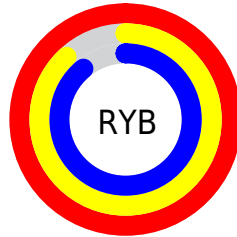
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

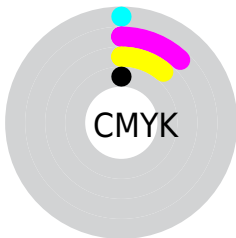
Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (89%)

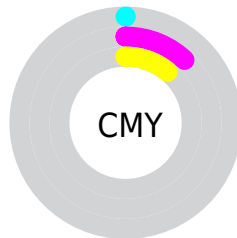


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 234.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

 234.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 205.7850, -3.8380,  
17.7286

 178.4860, -3.6906,  
17.1138

 151.4860, -3.6906,  
17.1138

 125.8880, -3.3958,  
15.8842

 100.5890, -3.2484,  
15.2694

 76.2900, -3.1010,  
14.6547

 53.6920, -2.8062,

13.4251

■ 32.0940, -2.5113,  
12.1956

■ 8.3720, -4.1274,  
17.2138

■ 234.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

■ 234.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

■ 216.5590, -7.6706,  
33.7128

■ 252.1960, -0.5896,  
2.4591

■ 198.5610,  
-10.6296, 49.4970

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 180.4490,  
-14.0254, 65.3812

■ 162.9240,  
-17.7105, 80.7507

■ 145.5130,  
-20.9589, 96.0201

■ 127.4010,  
-24.3547, 111.9043

■ 109.8760,  
-28.0399, 127.2737

■ 91.8780, -30.9989,  
143.0580

■ 77.1570, -34.0944,  
155.9683

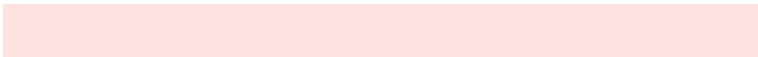
# Harmonies

## Analogous

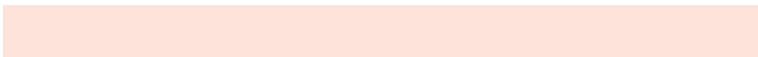
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845



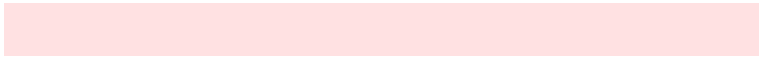
234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



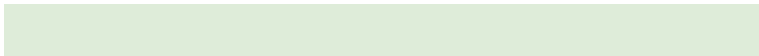
233.6340, -8.2006, 16.9840

# Triad

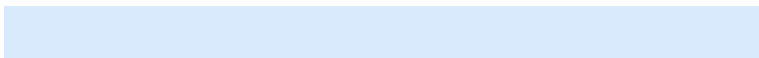
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



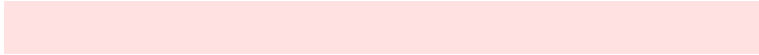
229.6480, -6.2355, -6.7073



230.6700, 10.5157, -12.8656

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



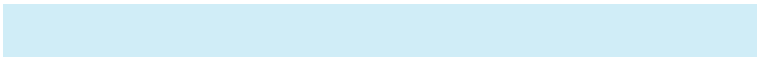
234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



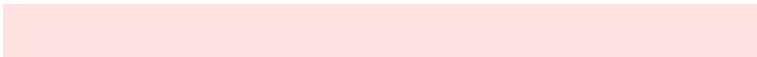
245.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433

# Split Complementary

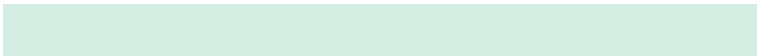
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229.4690, 8.6428, -18.8283



234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



228.9720, -0.9722, -14.8844

# Square

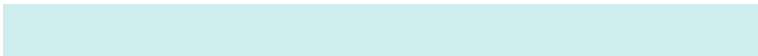
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



230.9050, -9.3202, 2.7143



228.4320, 4.7170, -19.6729



232.7960, 9.4676, -3.3291

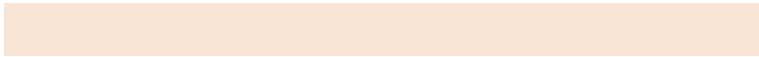


# Rectangle

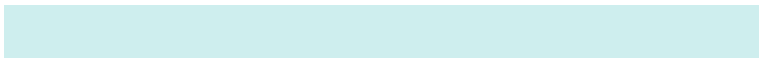
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



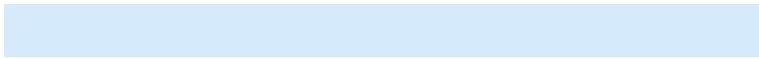
234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



232.8570, -9.7895, 13.2804



228.4320, 4.7170, -19.6729



230.2460, 10.2317, -15.1247

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



247.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



237.0910, 8.8291, 14.8292



123.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

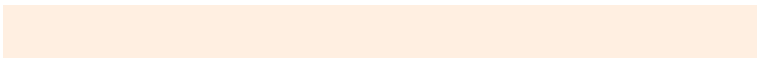
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



229.8780, -4.8699, 22.0320



242.1880, -8.4737, 11.2361



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



57.7930, -25.5339, 116.8225



19.3640, -8.5605, 39.1458

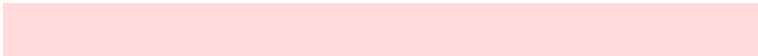


# Inverse Universe

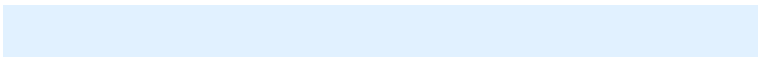
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



229.8780, -4.8699, 22.0320



237.8120, 8.4737, -11.2361



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



57.7930, -25.5339, 116.8225

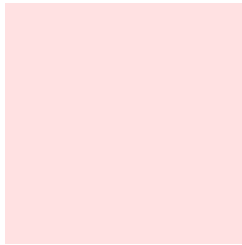


19.3640, -8.5605, 39.1458



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

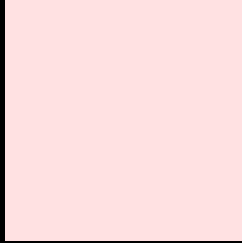
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

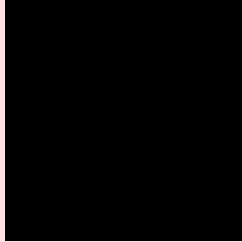
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433.



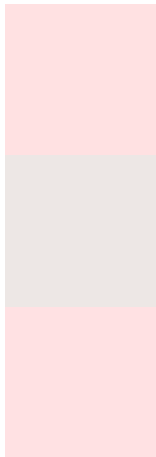
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 234.0840, -3.9854,

18.3433.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

### Protanopia

232.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886

### Deuteranopia

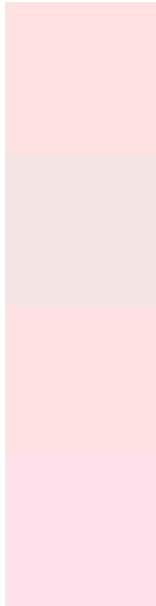
234.1980, -3.5486, 18.2434



## Tritanopia

235.0930, 2.4192, 17.4584

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

## Protanomaly

233.3710, -2.6479, 9.3216

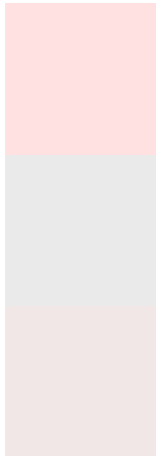
## Deuteranomaly

234.1980, -3.5486, 18.2434

## Tritanomaly

234.5230, 0.2352, 17.9583

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

## Achromatopsia

234.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

234.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 234.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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