

# Converting Colors

YUV(234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(234.3070, 7.7366,  
-8.1622)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1ECFA
RGB	225, 236, 250
RGB Percent	88%, 93%, 98%
CMY	0.1176, 0.0745, 0.0196
CMYK	0.10, 0.06, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	214°, 71%, 93%
HSV	214°, 10%, 98%
XYZ	78.3021, 82.9006, 102.3169
YIQ	234.3070, -11.0500, 2.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

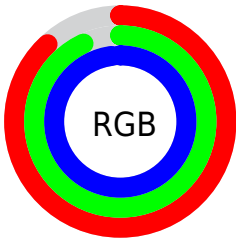
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	225, 233, 250
Decimal	14806266
CIE Lab	92.97, -0.98, -8.02
CIE LCh	93, 8.075, 263.026
Yxy	82.9006, 0.2971, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292996346 (0xFFE1ECFA)
YUV	234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622
Hunter-Lab	91.0498, -5.8284, -2.8922

# Details

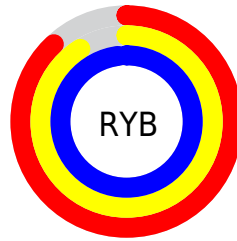
The YUV color  $234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $240.6930, -7.7366, 8.1622$ , and the grayscale version is  $234.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $178.6060, 7.5892, -7.5475$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $218.6140, 15.4733, -16.3245$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

# Distribution



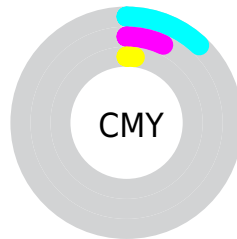
- Red (88%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 234.3070, 7.7366,  
-8.1622

■ 234.3070, 7.7366,  
-8.1622

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.1930, 7.2999,  
-8.0623

■ 178.6060, 7.5892,  
-7.5475

■ 151.4920, 7.1524,  
-7.4475

■ 126.0790, 6.8631,  
-7.9623

■ 101.3780, 6.7156,  
-7.3475

■ 77.2640, 6.2788,  
-7.2475

■ 54.2640, 6.2788,

-7.2475

■ 32.4490, 5.6946,  
-6.5328

■ 9.7800, 7.0105,  
-8.5771

■ 234.3070, 7.7366,  
-8.1622

■ 234.3070, 7.7366,  
-8.1622

■ 218.6140, 15.4733,  
-16.3245

■ 250.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 202.9210, 23.2099,  
-24.4867

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 187.2280, 30.9466,  
-32.6490

■ 171.5350, 38.6832,  
-40.8112

■ 155.8420, 46.4199,  
-48.9734

■ 140.1490, 54.1565,  
-57.1357

■ 124.4560, 61.8932,  
-65.2979

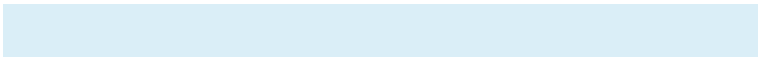
■ 108.7630, 69.6298,  
-73.4602

■ 93.0700, 77.3665,  
-81.6224

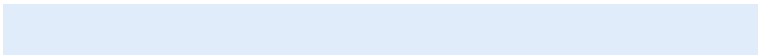
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.0460, 6.8793, -13.1953



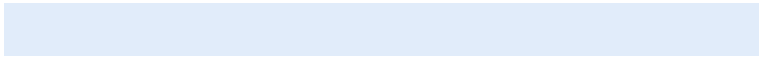
234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



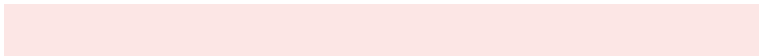
235.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849

# Triad

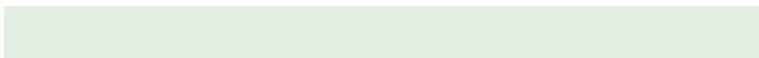
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



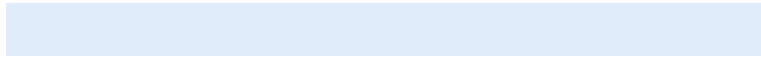
236.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251



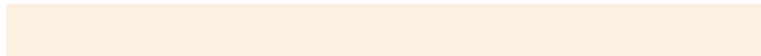
232.9300, -3.9095, -6.0776

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



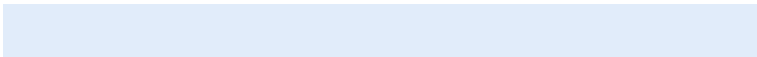
240.6930, -7.7366, 8.1622

# Split Complementary

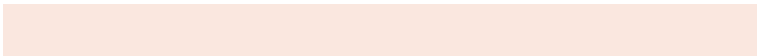
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233.8770, -6.8414, 0.9849



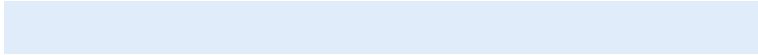
234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



235.7690, -6.2951, 12.4806

# Square

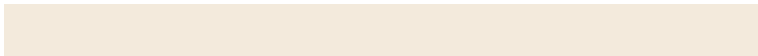
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



236.7780, 0.1094, 11.5957



235.0950, -7.4418, 6.9327

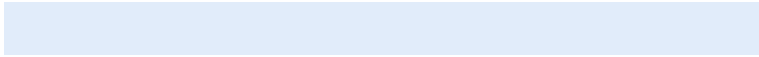


232.3360, 0.3274, -11.6957



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



236.2870, 4.7885, 4.1333



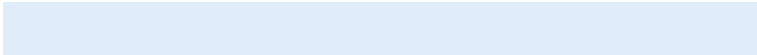
235.0950, -7.4418, 6.9327



233.5990, -5.2253, -4.0333

# Sweetspot

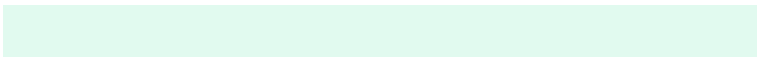
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



250.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590



241.2710, -1.1196, -14.2697



124.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

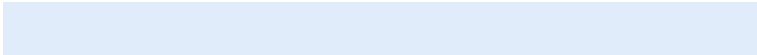


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



235.7520, 9.4893, -10.3065



228.1490, 10.7725, -1.8847



117.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885



70.2670, 58.5354, -61.6242



22.8030, 18.8311, -19.9982



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233.7290, 1.1196, 14.2697



234.8650, 1.5456, 17.6584



246.8510, -10.7725, 1.8847



116.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922



65.9730, 8.3943, 107.8947

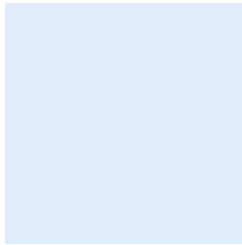


21.3170, 2.8017, 34.8020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

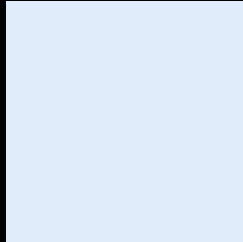
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

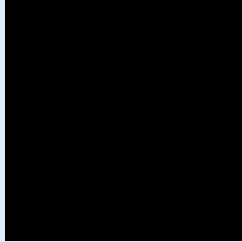
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

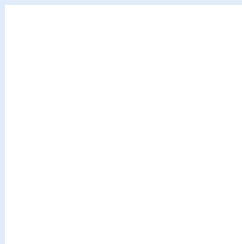
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622.

-8.1622.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622

### Protanopia

235.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701

### Deuteranopia

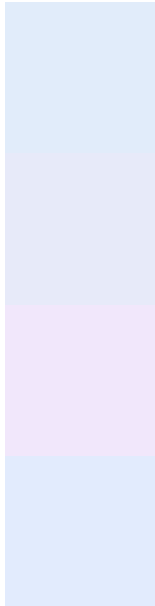
237.3140, 7.2402, 11.1256



## **Tritanopia**

234.4750, 9.6258, -7.4326

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622

## Protanomaly

234.8130, 6.9942, -3.3440

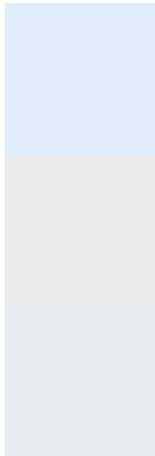
## Deuteranomaly

236.2700, 7.2619, 4.1482

## Tritanomaly

234.3610, 9.1890, -7.3326

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622

## Achromatopsia

234.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

234.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 236, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 236, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 236, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 236, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 236, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 236, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 236, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 236, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 236, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 236,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 234.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 236, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
236, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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