

# Converting Colors

YUV(234.7760, -30.4556,  
15.1054)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(234.7760, -30.4556,  
15.1054)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCEEAD
RGB	252, 238, 173
RGB Percent	99%, 93%, 68%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0667, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.31, 0.01
HSL	49°, 93%, 83%
HSV	49°, 31%, 99%
XYZ	78.2622, 84.8616, 51.7902
YIQ	234.7760, 29.2090, -17.2470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

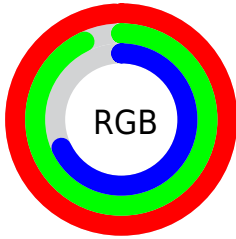
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	190, 252, 173
Decimal	16576173
CIE Lab	93.82, -4.73, 33.23
CIE LCh	94, 33.566, 98.109
Yxy	84.8616, 0.3642, 0.3949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294766253 (0xFFFC EEAD)
YUV	234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054
Hunter-Lab	92.1204, -9.5633, 31.1513

# Details

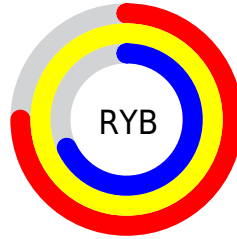
The YUV color  $234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $190.2240, 30.4556, -15.1054$ , and the grayscale version is  $235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.0360, -11.3567, 2.5994$ , and  $178.5200, -28.8504, 13.5760$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $229.5780, -40.2180, 19.6641$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $239.9740, -20.6932, 10.5468$ .

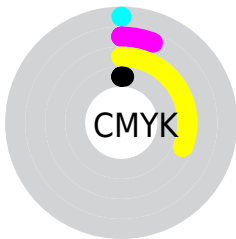
# Distribution



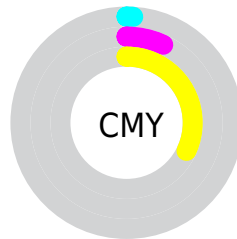
- Red (99%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 234.7760,  
-30.4556, 15.1054

■ 234.7760,  
-30.4556, 15.1054

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.5910,  
-29.8714, 14.3907

■ 252.0360,  
-11.3567, 2.5994

■ 178.5200,  
-28.8504, 13.5760

■ 151.7480,  
-27.9768, 13.3760

■ 125.5630,  
-27.3926, 12.6612

■ 100.1930,  
-26.2241, 11.2317

■ 75.8940, -26.0767,  
10.6170

■ 52.8830, -26.0713,

8.8726

■ 32.7930, -16.1669,  
5.4435

■ 12.0830, -5.9569,  
-2.7038

■ 234.7760,  
-30.4556, 15.1054

■ 234.7760,  
-30.4556, 15.1054

■ 229.5780,  
-40.2180, 19.6641

■ 239.9740,  
-20.6932, 10.5468

■ 223.7930,  
-49.6909, 24.7375

■ 245.7590,  
-11.2202, 5.4734

■ 218.4810,  
-59.8901, 29.3962

■ 251.0710, -1.0210,  
0.8147

■ 212.6960,  
-69.3631, 34.4696

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 207.4980,  
-79.1255, 39.0283

■ 201.7130,  
-88.5985, 44.1017

■ 196.8570,  
-97.0505, 48.3604

# Harmonies

## Analogous

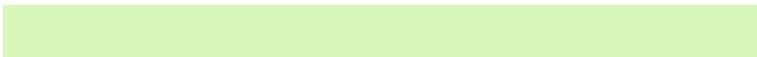
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229.7860, -25.5305, 22.1127



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



230.7770, -22.0751, -12.9594

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



219.7400, 17.3832, -69.0550



232.6940, 10.9969, 19.5624

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



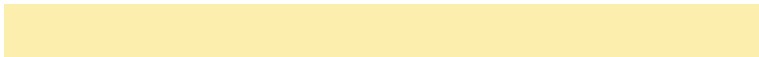
190.2240, 30.4556, -15.1054

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



237.3790, 8.6872, 13.6996



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



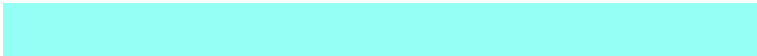
223.6930, 15.4344, -50.5968

# Square

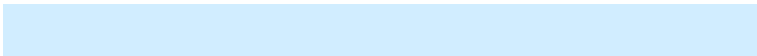
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



222.1660, 11.2572, -64.1666



230.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134

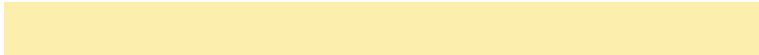


227.9690, 0.5083, 23.7062

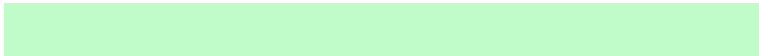


# Rectangle

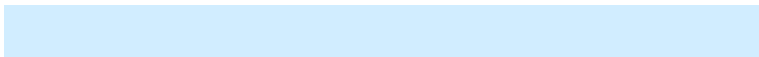
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



228.0610, -12.8481, -32.5025



230.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134



233.8680, 10.4181, 18.5328

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



250.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587



198.2170, -5.5300, 47.1677



124.5290, -5.6838, 3.0441



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

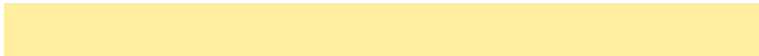


# Same Dimension

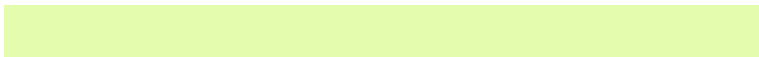
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054



233.9630, -37.4498, 18.4494



235.5190, -30.8219, -7.4712



122.3440, -5.0996, 2.3293



147.4960, -72.7155, 36.3990



47.5890, -23.4614, 11.7614



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.2240, 30.4556, -15.1054



179.0370, 37.4498, -18.4494



189.4810, 30.8219, 7.4712



115.2430, 4.8102, -2.8441



40.9170, 73.0049, -35.8842

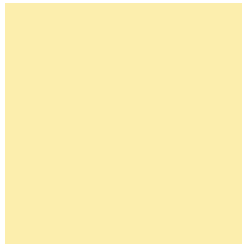


13.4110, 23.4614, -11.7614



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

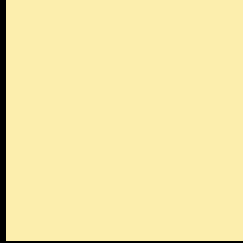
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

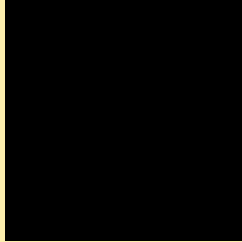
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 234.7760, -30.4556,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054

### Protanopia

235.0860, -30.6084, 17.4646

### Deuteranopia

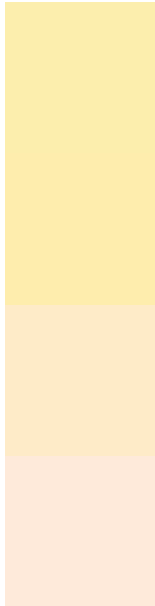
238.2270, -10.9579, 14.7099



## Tritanopia

239.6580, 2.1406, 13.4549

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054

## Protanomaly

234.7870, -30.4610, 16.8498

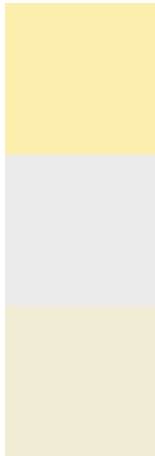
## Deuteranomaly

236.6910, -18.0887, 15.1800

## Tritanomaly

238.1560, -9.9369, 13.8952

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054

## Achromatopsia

235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

234.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 238, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 238, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 238, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 238, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 238, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 238, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 238, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 238, 173); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 238, 173); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 238, 173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 234.7760, -30.4556, 15.1054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 238, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
238, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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