

# Converting Colors

YUV(235.0060, -9.3700,  
-28.0693)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(235.0060, -9.3700,  
-28.0693)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBFFD8
RGB	203, 255, 216
RGB Percent	80%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.2039, 0.0000, 0.1529
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	135°, 100%, 90%
HSV	135°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	72.7833, 89.1744, 78.3420
YIQ	235.0060, -18.4730, -23.1530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

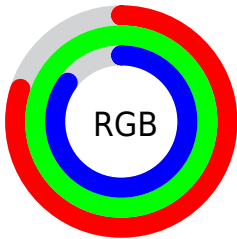
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	203, 245, 255
Decimal	13369304
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.65, -23.82, 13.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 27.280, 150.844
Yxy	89.1744, 0.3029, 0.3711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291559384 (0xFFCBFFD8)
YUV	235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693
Hunter-Lab	94.4322, -27.6781, 16.9149

# Details

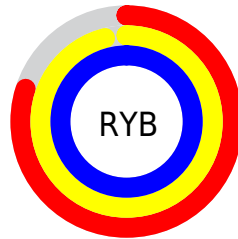
The YUV color  $235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $222.9940, 9.3700, 28.0693$ , and the grayscale version is  $235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $178.8320, -8.7912, -27.0397$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $225.3650, -13.9839, -41.5391$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $244.6470, -4.7560, -14.5994$ .

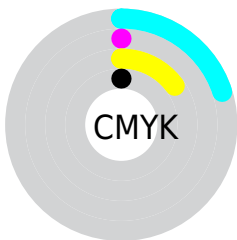
# Distribution



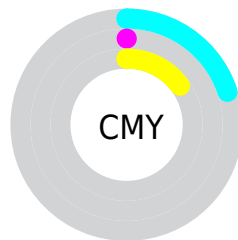
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 235.0060, -9.3700,  
-28.0693

■ 235.0060, -9.3700,  
-28.0693

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.4190, -9.0806,  
-27.5545

■ 178.8320, -8.7912,  
-27.0397

■ 152.2450, -8.5018,  
-26.5249

■ 125.7720, -7.7756,  
-26.1100

■ 100.1850, -7.4862,  
-25.5952

■ 75.7120, -6.7600,  
-25.1804

■ 51.6410, -5.7390,

-25.9952

■ 29.7550, -5.3022,  
-26.0951

■ 16.4360, -8.1029,  
-14.4144

■ 235.0060, -9.3700,  
-28.0693

■ 235.0060, -9.3700,  
-28.0693

■ 225.3650,  
-13.9839, -41.5391

■ 244.6470, -4.7560,  
-14.5994

■ 215.4250,  
-18.4505, -55.6237

254.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 205.4850,  
-22.9171, -69.7083

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 195.7300,  
-27.9679, -83.0782

■ 185.7900,  
-32.4345, -97.1628

■ 176.1490,  
-37.0485, -110.6327

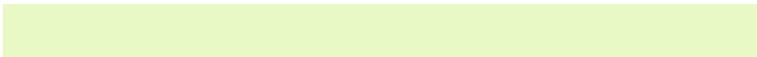
■ 166.2090,  
-41.5150, -124.7173

■ 156.9810,  
-45.8396, -137.6723

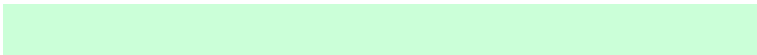
# Harmonies

## Analogous

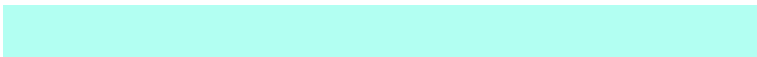
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238.2880, -20.3550, -4.6376



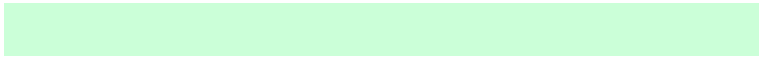
235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



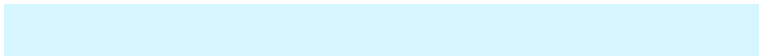
230.4950, 5.6720, -46.0381

# Triad

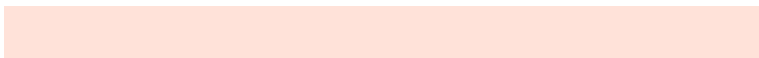
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



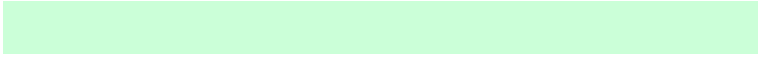
236.5720, 9.0850, -20.6726



233.6450, -8.2060, 18.7283

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



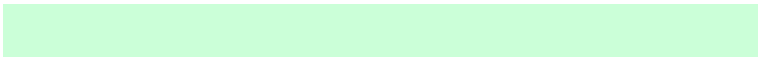
222.9940, 9.3700, 28.0693

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235.4350, 3.7295, 17.1585



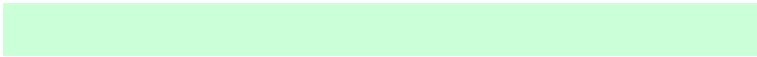
235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



241.1670, 6.8197, 5.9925

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



231.4120, 11.6289, -43.3343



239.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996

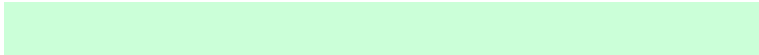


234.8870, -18.6783, 17.6391



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



229.5850, 12.5296, -52.2560



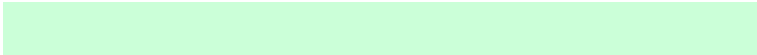
239.1510, 7.8136, 13.8996



233.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581

# Sweetspot

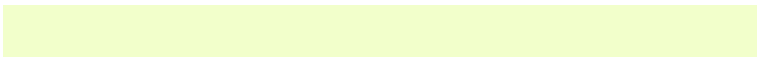
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



249.2610, -2.5937, -8.1219



245.1850, -20.7972, -2.7932



124.5110, -1.7309, -4.8331



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

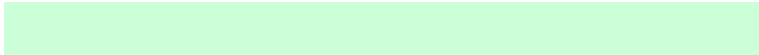


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

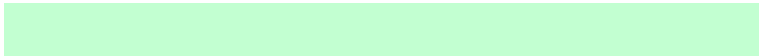


# Same Dimension

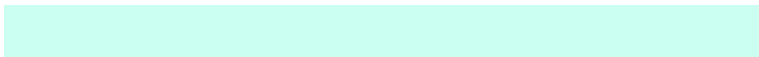
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



231.5170, -11.1009, -32.9024



237.9700, 1.9868, -30.6687



122.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923



117.5890, -34.3074, -103.1256



39.3920, -11.5323, -34.5468



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222.9940, 9.3700, 28.0693



217.4830, 11.1009, 32.9024



220.0300, -1.9868, 30.6687



119.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



73.4110, 34.3074, 103.1256

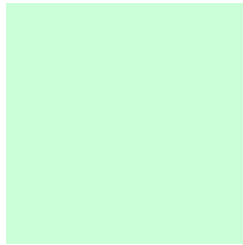


24.6080, 11.5323, 34.5468



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

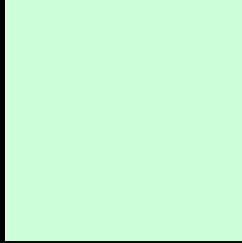
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

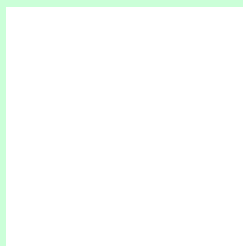
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693.



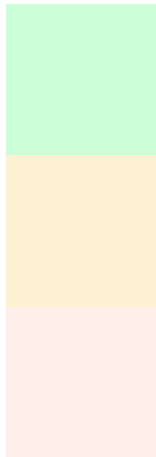
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693.

-28.0693.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693

### Protanopia

241.2390, -15.8938, 11.1914

### Deuteranopia

242.6270, -4.2531, 10.8511



## Tritanopia

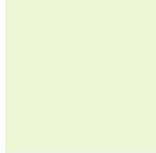
241.0570, 6.8739, -11.4510

# Trichromacy



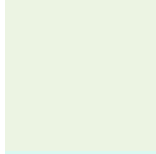
## Original Color

235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



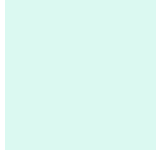
## Protanomaly

238.8350, -13.2297, -3.3633



## Deuteranomaly

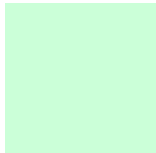
239.6700, -6.2463, -3.2186



## Tritanomaly

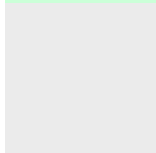
239.1180, 0.9278, -17.6435

# Monochromacy



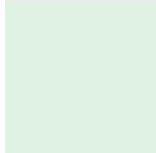
## Original Color

235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693



## Achromatopsia

235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

234.7230, -3.3144, -10.2811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 255, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 255, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 255, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 255, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 255, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 255, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 255, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 255, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 255, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 255,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 235.0060, -9.3700, -28.0693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 255, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
255, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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