

# Converting Colors

YUV(237.3140, -3.1128,  
-28.3394)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394)  
contains.

<b>YUV(237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(237.3140, -3.1128,  
-28.3394)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDFFE7
RGB	205, 255, 231
RGB Percent	80%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.1961, 0.0000, 0.0941
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	151°, 100%, 90%
HSV	151°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	75.3606, 90.2687, 89.0530
YIQ	237.3140, -22.0960, -18.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

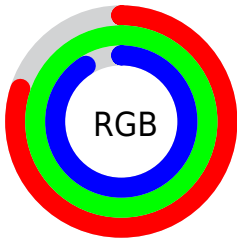
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 238, 255
Decimal	13500391
CIE Lab	96.11, -20.45, 6.25
CIE LCh	96, 21.382, 162.995
Yxy	90.2687, 0.2959, 0.3544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291690471 (0xFFCDDFE7)
YUV	237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394
Hunter-Lab	95.0098, -24.6831, 10.9342

# Details

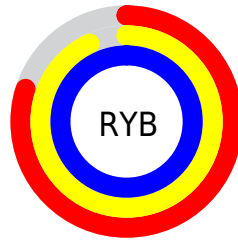
The YUV color **237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **222.6860, 3.1128, 28.3394**, and the grayscale version is **237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **181.0260, -2.9708, -27.2098** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **228.1720, -4.5218, -43.1238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246.4560, -1.7038, -13.5549**.

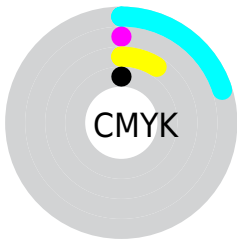
# Distribution



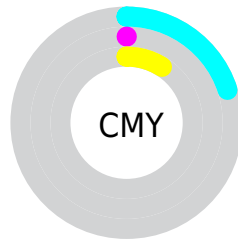
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 237.3140, -3.1128,  
-28.3394

■ 237.3140, -3.1128,  
-28.3394

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 208.7270, -2.8234,  
-27.8246

■ 181.0260, -2.9708,  
-27.2098

■ 154.4390, -2.6814,  
-26.6950

■ 127.8520, -2.3920,  
-26.1802

■ 102.2650, -2.1026,  
-25.6654

■ 77.6780, -1.8133,  
-25.1506

■ 54.4930, -1.2290,

-25.8654

■ 31.1230, -0.0606,  
-27.2949

■ 17.1200, -5.4822,  
-15.0142

■ 237.3140, -3.1128,  
-28.3394

■ 237.3140, -3.1128,  
-28.3394

■ 228.1720, -4.5218,  
-43.1238

■ 246.4560, -1.7038,  
-13.5549

■ 219.3290, -6.0782,  
-57.2935

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 210.3720, -8.0714,  
-71.3632

■ 201.2300, -9.4804,  
-86.1477

■ 192.3870,  
-11.0368, -100.3174

■ 183.2450,  
-12.4458, -115.1019

■ 173.9890,  
-14.2916, -129.7864

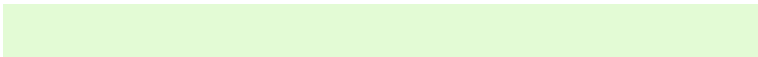
■ 165.1460,  
-15.8480, -143.9560

■ 164.8470,  
-15.7006, -144.5708

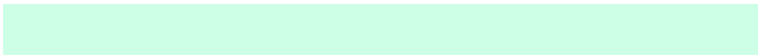
# Harmonies

## Analogous

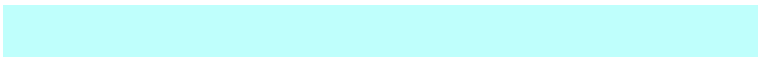
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239.4920, -13.0606, -10.9555



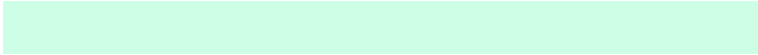
237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



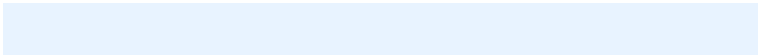
235.5220, 8.1237, -39.0458

# Triad

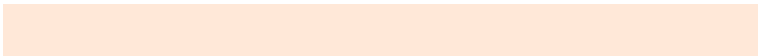
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



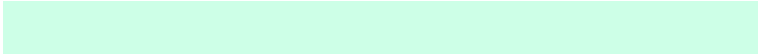
241.0790, 6.8631, -7.9623



237.0530, -10.3791, 15.7395

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



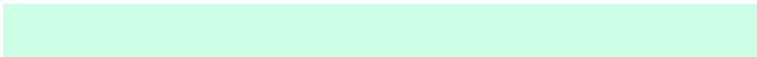
222.6860, 3.1128, 28.3394

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



238.0450, -1.5012, 14.8695



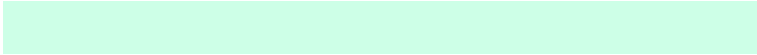
237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



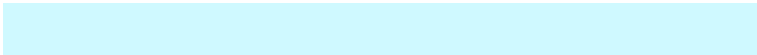
243.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



237.1260, 8.8119, -26.4205



240.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552

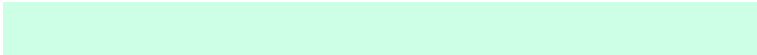


239.3210, -16.9203, 13.7505



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



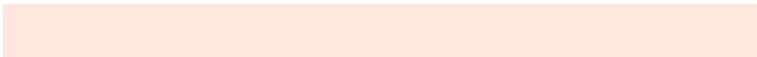
237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



235.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753



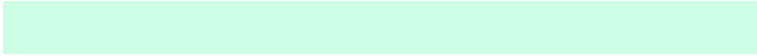
240.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552



237.1500, -7.4689, 15.6545

# Sweetspot

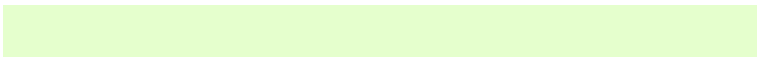
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



249.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218



241.5260, -18.0073, -10.9853



124.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

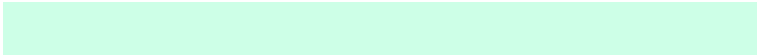


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

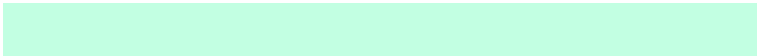


# Same Dimension

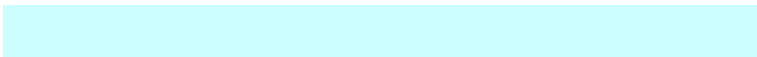
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



233.4550, -3.6753, -34.6020



239.4630, 7.6597, -30.2241



123.3150, -1.1413, -7.2923



123.4030, -12.0307, -108.2244



41.3300, -4.1067, -36.2464



# Inverse Universe

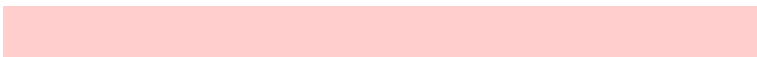
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222.6860, 3.1128, 28.3394



215.5450, 3.6753, 34.6020



220.5370, -7.6597, 30.2241



119.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922



67.5970, 12.0307, 108.2244

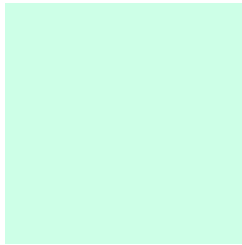


22.6700, 4.1067, 36.2464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

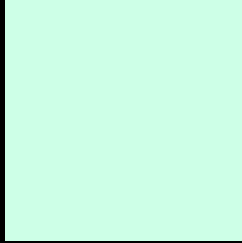
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

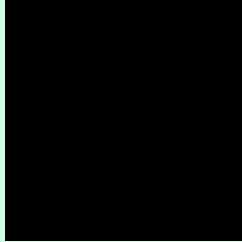
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

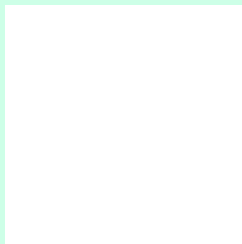
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394.



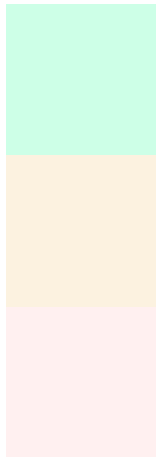
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 237.3140, -3.1128,

-28.3394.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394

### Protanopia

242.9380, -9.3364, 7.9474

### Deuteranopia

244.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217



## Tritanopia

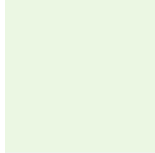
242.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362

# Trichromacy



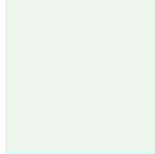
## Original Color

237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



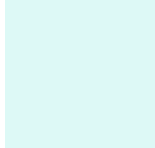
## Protanomaly

241.1320, -6.9671, -5.3778



## Deuteranomaly

241.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



## Tritanomaly

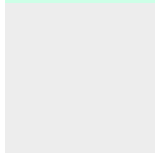
240.2860, 2.8170, -16.9138

# Monochromacy



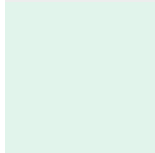
## Original Color

237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394



## Achromatopsia

237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

237.2930, -1.1304, -10.7810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 255, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 255, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 255, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 255, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 255, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 255, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 255, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 255, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 255, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 255,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 237.3140, -3.1128, -28.3394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 255, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
255, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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