

# Converting Colors

YUV(238.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(238.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3FCEF
RGB	211, 252, 239
RGB Percent	83%, 99%, 94%
CMY	0.1725, 0.0118, 0.0627
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.05, 0.01
HSL	161°, 87%, 91%
HSV	161°, 16%, 99%
XYZ	77.2544, 89.7017, 94.9038
YIQ	238.2590, -20.2630, -12.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

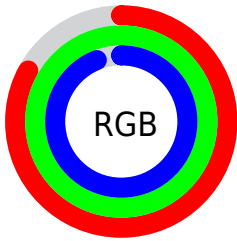
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 235, 252
Decimal	13892847
CIE Lab	95.87, -15.59, 1.84
CIE LCh	96, 15.697, 173.274
Yxy	89.7017, 0.2950, 0.3426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292082927 (0xFFD3FCEF)
YUV	238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061
Hunter-Lab	94.7110, -20.1444, 6.8870

# Details

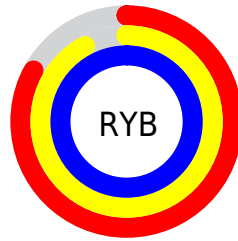
The YUV color  $238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFFFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $224.7410, -0.3653, 23.9061$ , and the grayscale version is  $238.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $181.9710, 0.5073, -22.7766$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $229.8720, 0.5561, -38.4757$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $246.6460, 0.1745, -9.3365$ .

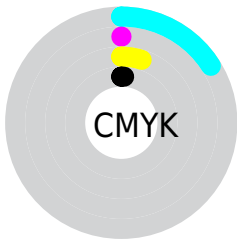
# Distribution



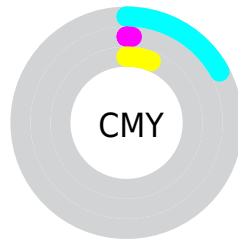
- Red (83%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 238.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061

■ 238.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 209.6720, 0.6547,  
-23.3913

■ 181.9710, 0.5073,  
-22.7766

■ 155.2700, 0.3599,  
-22.1618

■ 129.2700, 0.3599,  
-22.1618

■ 103.6830, 0.6493,  
-21.6470

■ 79.0960, 0.9387,  
-21.1322

■ 56.0960, 0.9387,

-21.1322

■ 33.0250, 1.9597,  
-21.9469

■ 16.9720, -0.9722,  
-14.8844

■ 238.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061

■ 238.2590, 0.3653,  
-23.9061

■ 229.8720, 0.5561,  
-38.4757

■ 246.6460, 0.1745,  
-9.3365

■ 221.4850, 0.7469,  
-53.0453

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 212.7990, 1.0851,  
-68.2297

■ 204.4120, 1.2759,  
-82.7993

■ 196.0250, 1.4667,  
-97.3689

■ 187.6380, 1.6575,  
-111.9385

■ 179.2510, 1.8483,  
-126.5081

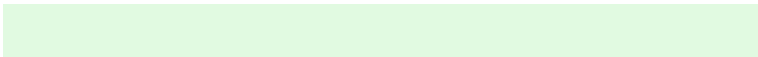
■ 170.5650, 2.1865,  
-141.6925

■ 167.5320, 2.2027,  
-146.9256

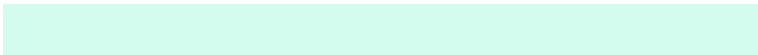
# Harmonies

## Analogous

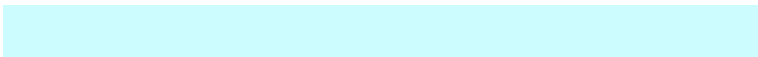
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239.6750, -7.2348, -12.8700



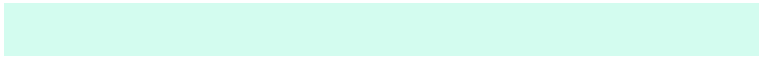
238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



238.2890, 8.2385, -29.1945

# Triad

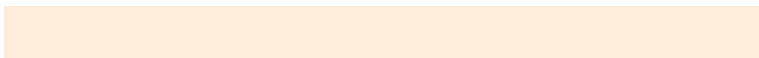
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



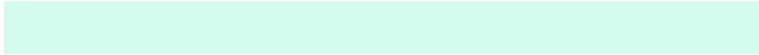
242.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701



239.7430, -10.2263, 13.3804

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



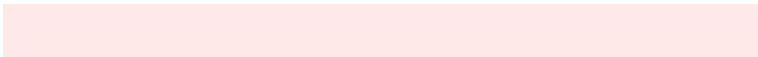
238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



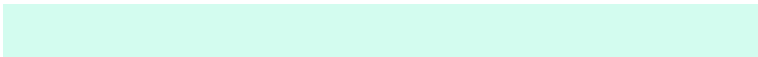
224.7410, -0.3653, 23.9061

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



239.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251



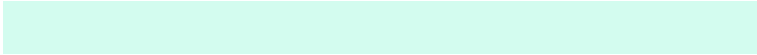
238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



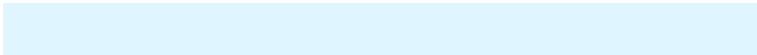
243.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



239.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249



241.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254

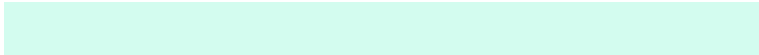


241.9940, -14.2940, 11.4063



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



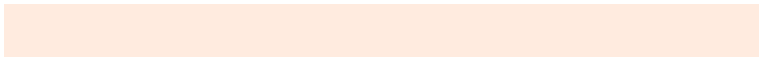
238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



238.0010, 8.3805, -28.0649



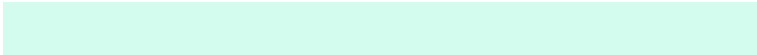
241.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254



239.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953

# Sweetspot

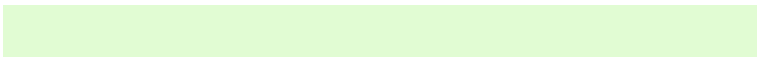
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



250.6570, 0.1691, -7.5922



239.2530, -13.9287, -12.4999



125.2660, -0.1311, -4.6183



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

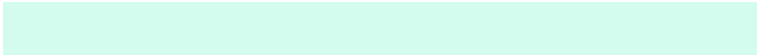


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

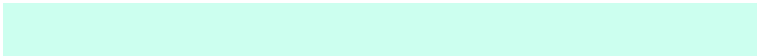


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061



237.9270, 0.5290, -29.7540



235.6320, 8.0694, -21.6023



120.6570, 0.1691, -7.5922



125.6490, 1.6520, -110.1942



40.5950, 0.6927, -35.6018



# Inverse Universe

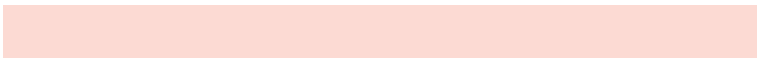
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224.7410, -0.3653, 23.9061



221.0730, -0.5290, 29.7540



227.3680, -8.0694, 21.6023



116.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922



63.3510, -1.6520, 110.1942



20.4050, -0.6927, 35.6018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

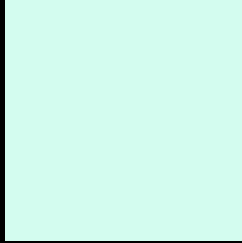
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

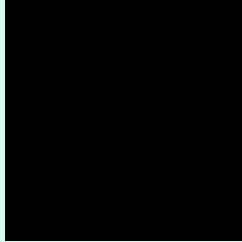
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

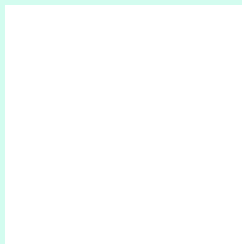
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061.



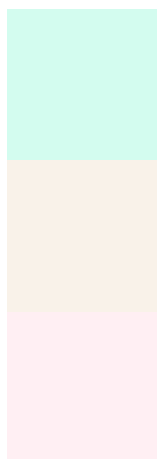
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061.

-23.9061.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061

### Protanopia

243.0670, -4.9630, 5.2032

### Deuteranopia

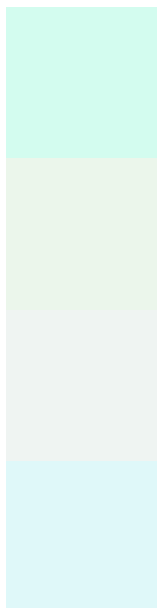
244.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365



## **Tritanopia**

241.6550, 6.5791, -10.2214

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061

## Protanomaly

241.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628

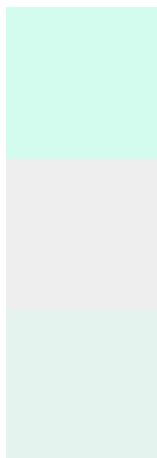
## Deuteranomaly

242.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739

## Tritanomaly

240.6390, 4.1220, -15.4694

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061

## Achromatopsia

238.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

237.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 252, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 252, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 252, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 252, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 252, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 252, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 252, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 252, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 252, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 252,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 238.2590, 0.3653, -23.9061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 252, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
252, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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