

# Converting Colors

YUV(239.9070, -35.9432,  
1.8356)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(239.9070, -35.9432,  
1.8356)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FDA7
RGB	242, 253, 167
RGB Percent	95%, 99%, 65%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0078, 0.3451
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.34, 0.01
HSL	68°, 96%, 82%
HSV	68°, 34%, 99%
XYZ	78.7183, 91.9178, 50.1522
YIQ	239.9070, 21.0500, -29.0780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

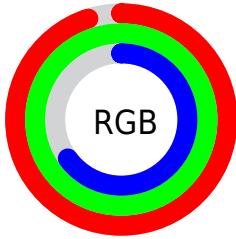
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	167, 253, 178
Decimal	15924647
CIE Lab	96.79, -16.60, 40.00
CIE LCh	97, 43.310, 112.536
Yxy	91.9178, 0.3565, 0.4163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294114727 (0xFFFF2FDA7)
YUV	239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356
Hunter-Lab	95.8738, -21.2196, 36.0966

# Details

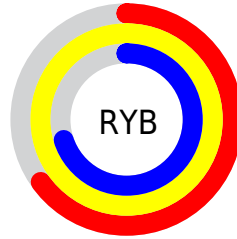
The YUV color **239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **180.0930, 35.9432, -1.8356**, and the grayscale version is **240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **251.3520, -13.9775, 3.1993**, and **183.3630, -34.1960, 1.4356** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **236.1600, -46.4209, 2.4907**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243.6540, -25.4654, 1.1804**.

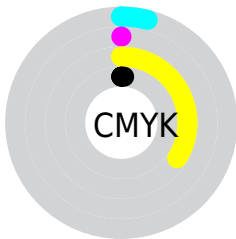
# Distribution



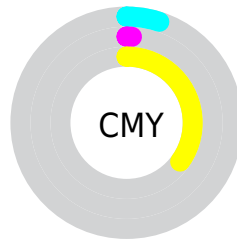
- Red (95%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



239.9070,  
-35.9432, 1.8356

239.9070,  
-35.9432, 1.8356

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

211.1350,  
-35.0696, 1.6356

251.3520,  
-13.9775, 3.1993

183.3630,  
-34.1960, 1.4356

254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

156.1780,  
-33.6118, 0.7209

130.1070,  
-32.5908, -0.0938

104.2210,  
-32.1540, -0.1938

79.5800, -33.3169,  
-0.5087

56.6490, -27.9280,

-2.3232

■ 36.5590, -18.0236,  
-5.7522

■ 15.8490, -7.8136,  
-13.8996

■ 239.9070,  
-35.9432, 1.8356

■ 239.9070,  
-35.9432, 1.8356

■ 236.1600,  
-46.4209, 2.4907

■ 243.6540,  
-25.4654, 1.1804

■ 232.2990,  
-57.3354, 3.2458

■ 247.5150,  
-14.5509, 0.4253

■ 228.2530,  
-67.6657, 3.2861

■ 251.5610, -4.2206,  
0.3850

■ 224.5060,  
-78.1435, 3.9412

■ 253.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 220.6450,  
-89.0580, 4.6963

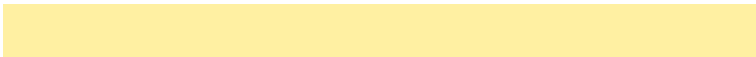
■ 216.8980,  
-99.5357, 5.3515

■ 214.5900,  
-105.7929, 5.6216

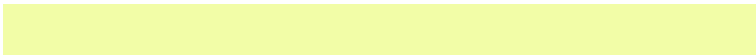
# Harmonies

## Analogous

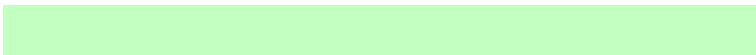
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235.5930, -36.2813, 17.0199



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



229.6930, -18.0896, -31.3028

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



212.8410, 20.7844, -86.6836



231.5200, 11.5756, 20.5920

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



180.0930, 35.9432, -1.8356

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



236.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



229.0090, 12.8136, -49.9969

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



209.8510, 22.2585, -92.8313



240.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292



227.0740, -5.4595, 24.4911

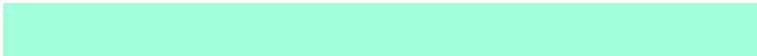


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



222.4910, -1.7211, -54.8046



240.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292



232.6940, 10.9969, 19.5624

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



251.2530, -10.4777, 0.6551



198.5840, -15.5709, 47.7228



125.5780, -6.6940, 0.3701



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

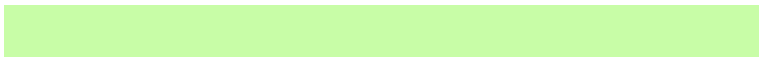
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



239.1430, -43.9475, 2.5056



227.3490, -29.7521, -23.9851



125.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



162.0500, -79.8906, 4.3412



54.3120, -26.7758, 1.4804



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180.0930, 35.9432, -1.8356



166.1560, 43.8001, -1.8908



192.6510, 29.7521, 23.9851



116.7810, 5.5310, -0.6849



28.9500, 79.8907, -4.3412



9.6880, 26.7758, -1.4804



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

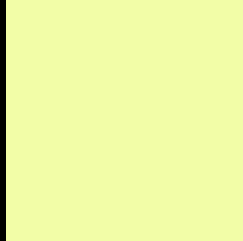
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

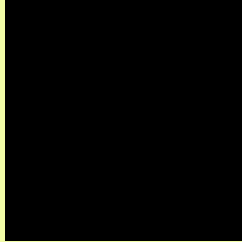
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356.



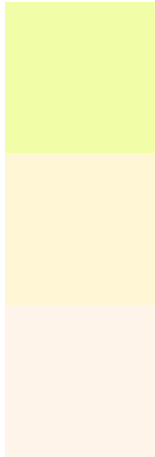
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356

### Protanopia

245.0430, -15.3042, 8.7323

### Deuteranopia

246.1490, -5.9895, 7.7623



## Tritanopia

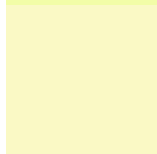
246.7600, 4.0623, 3.7185

# Trichromacy



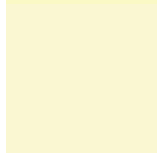
## Original Color

239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



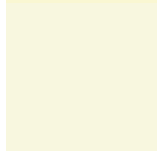
## Protanomaly

243.3710, -22.8609, 5.8136



## Deuteranomaly

243.6790, -16.6037, 5.5435



## Tritanomaly

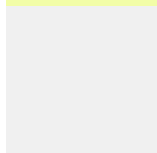
244.5630, -10.6306, 3.0142

# Monochromacy



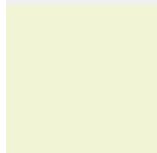
## Original Color

239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356



## Achromatopsia

240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

240.1560, -13.3879, 0.7402

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 253, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 253, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 253, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 253, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 253, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 253, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 253, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 253, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 253, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 253,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 239.9070, -35.9432, 1.8356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 253, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
253, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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