

# Converting Colors

YUV(24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(24.7040, 9.0199,  
0.2596)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19152B
RGB	25, 21, 43
RGB Percent	10%, 8%, 17%
CMY	0.9020, 0.9176, 0.8314
CMYK	0.42, 0.51, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	251°, 34%, 13%
HSV	251°, 51%, 17%
XYZ	1.1051, 0.9174, 2.4043
YIQ	24.7040, -4.6780, 7.6900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

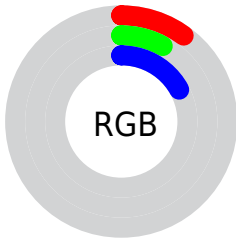
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">25, 21, 43</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1643819</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">8.28, 8.60, -14.24</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">8, 16.638, 301.132</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.9174, 0.2496, 0.2072</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279833899 (0xFF19152B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">9.5782, 3.8331, -8.1783</a>

# Details

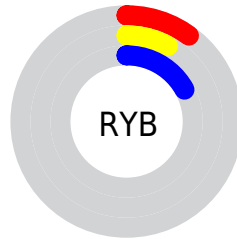
The YUV color **24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **39.2960, -9.0199, -0.2596**, and the grayscale version is **25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.7580, 10.4723, 1.0892**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.1600, 10.7671, -0.1403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.2480, 7.2727, 0.6595**.

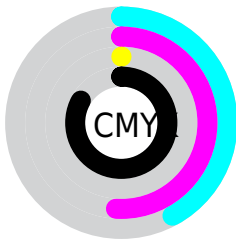
# Distribution



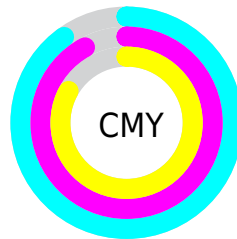
- Red (10%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (83%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.7040, 9.0199,  
0.2596

■ 24.7040, 9.0199,  
0.2596

■ 249.4180, 2.7519,  
4.0184

■ 2.6220, 10.0464,  
-2.2995

■ 67.7580, 10.4723,  
1.0892

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 91.1710, 10.7617,  
1.6040

■ 116.2850, 11.1985,  
1.5041

■ 141.3990, 11.6353,  
1.4041

■ 167.8120, 11.9247,  
1.9189

■ 194.9260, 12.3615,

1.8189

■ 223.0400, 12.7983,  
1.7189

■ 24.7040, 9.0199,  
0.2596

■ 24.7040, 9.0199,  
0.2596

■ 21.1600, 10.7671,  
-0.1403

■ 28.2480, 7.2727,  
0.6595

■ 17.3280, 12.6563,  
0.5893

■ 32.0800, 5.3836,  
-0.0702

■ 13.7840, 14.4035,  
0.1894

■ 35.6240, 3.6364,  
0.3298

■ 10.5390, 16.0033,  
0.4043

■ 38.8690, 2.0366,  
0.1149

■ 7.2940, 17.6031,  
0.6192

■ 43.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.2450, -1.5998,  
-0.2149

■ 49.7890, -3.3470,  
0.1850

■ 53.0340, -4.9468,  
-0.0298

■ 57.1650, -6.9833,  
-0.1447

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8160, 12.4157, -15.6246



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



25.3310, 4.7668, 11.1107

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



23.1130, -11.3947, 14.8099



20.3460, 1.8014, -17.8434

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



39.2960, -9.0199, -0.2596

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4620, -4.1718, -15.3142



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



22.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



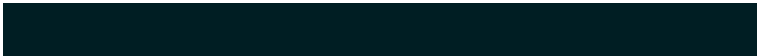
24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



23.6880, -6.7482, 17.8136



22.1280, -10.9091, -0.9893



21.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



24.8540, 1.5510, 15.9140



22.1280, -10.9091, -0.9893



19.8900, 0.0542, -17.4435

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



49.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850



34.0740, 4.4005, -11.4659



23.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596



27.6700, 13.9667, 0.2894



27.9930, 7.3985, 7.0221



18.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



14.0610, 34.4799, 0.8235



35.5300, 86.9997, 2.1662



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.6300, 4.6194, 11.7255



35.3580, 7.2185, 18.1030



36.0070, -7.3985, -7.0221



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



32.9820, 17.7569, 44.7428

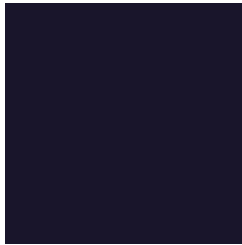


83.1100, 44.3158, 113.0365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

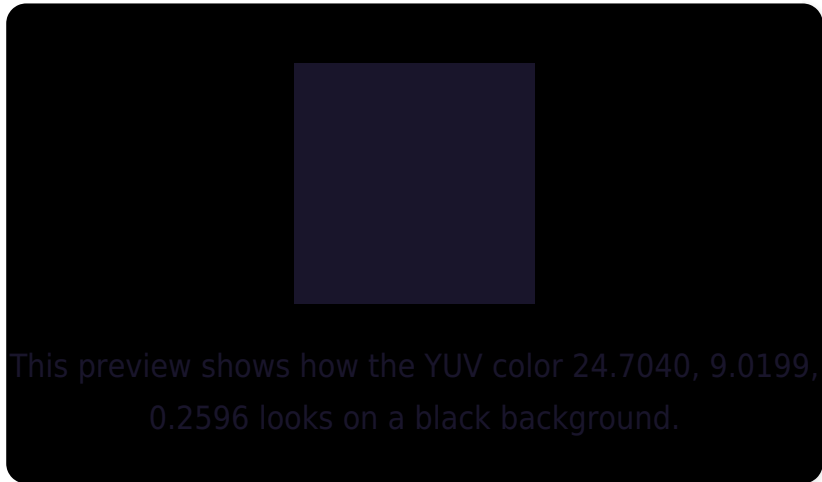
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596.



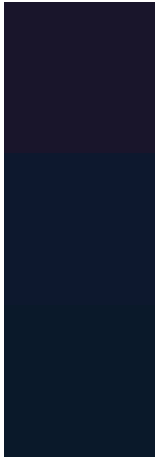
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 24.7040, 9.0199,

0.2596.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596

### Protanopia

23.2190, 11.2310, -8.9621

### Deuteranopia

22.4530, 9.6367, -10.9213



## Tritanopia

24.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596

## Protanomaly

23.7140, 10.4940, -5.8882

## Deuteranomaly

23.3610, 9.1890, -7.3326

## Tritanomaly

24.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596

## Achromatopsia

25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

25.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 21, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 21, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 21, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 21, 43) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 21, 43) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 21, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 21, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 21, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 21, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 21, 43)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 24.7040, 9.0199, 0.2596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 21, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 21,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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