

# Converting Colors

YUV(240.9710, -29.5657,  
9.6724)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(240.9710, -29.5657,  
9.6724)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCF7B5
RGB	252, 247, 181
RGB Percent	99%, 97%, 71%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0314, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.28, 0.01
HSL	56°, 92%, 85%
HSV	56°, 28%, 99%
XYZ	81.7461, 90.5532, 56.8861
YIQ	240.9710, 24.1660, -19.4660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

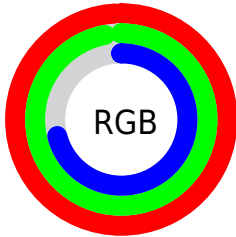
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	186, 252, 181
Decimal	16578485
CIE Lab	96.23, -8.24, 32.41
CIE LCh	96, 33.441, 104.258
Yxy	90.5532, 0.3567, 0.3951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294768565 (0xFFFCF7B5)
YUV	240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724
Hunter-Lab	95.1594, -13.1896, 31.1682

# Details

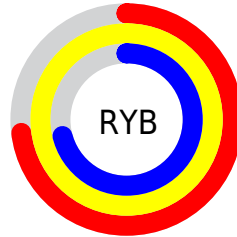
The YUV color  $240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $192.0290, 29.5657, -9.6724$ , and the grayscale version is  $241.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $252.9480, -7.8624, 1.7996$ , and  $185.0140, -28.1079, 8.7577$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $236.9470, -39.9069, 13.2015$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $244.9950, -19.2245, 6.1434$ .

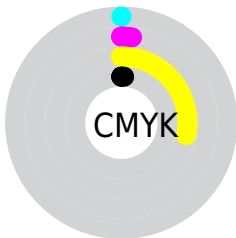
# Distribution



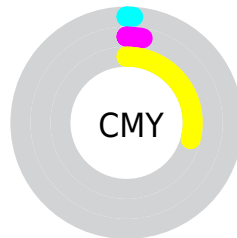
- Red (99%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 240.9710,  
-29.5657, 9.6724

■ 240.9710,  
-29.5657, 9.6724

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 212.7860,  
-28.9815, 8.9577

■ 252.9480, -7.8624,  
1.7996

■ 185.0140,  
-28.1079, 8.7577

■ 157.8290,  
-27.5237, 8.0430

■ 131.0570,  
-26.6501, 7.8430

■ 105.9860,  
-25.6291, 7.0283

■ 81.3880, -25.3343,  
5.7987

■ 57.9750, -25.6237,

5.2839

■ 37.5000, -18.4875,  
3.0695

■ 17.3880, -8.5723,  
-3.8483

■ 240.9710,  
-29.5657, 9.6724

■ 240.9710,  
-29.5657, 9.6724

■ 236.9470,  
-39.9069, 13.2015

■ 244.9950,  
-19.2245, 6.1434

■ 232.9230,  
-50.2480, 16.7305

■ 249.0190, -8.8834,  
2.6143

■ 229.3720,  
-61.3154, 19.8448

■ 252.3420, 1.3104,  
-0.2999

■ 225.3480,  
-71.6566, 23.3738

■ 253.5160, 0.7316,  
-1.3295

■ 221.3240,  
-81.9977, 26.9029

254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 217.3000,  
-92.3389, 30.4319

■ 213.8630,  
-102.9695, 33.4461

■ 212.7060,  
-104.8641, 34.4608

# Harmonies

## Analogous

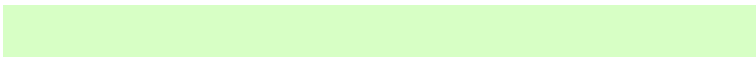
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235.5250, -26.3878, 17.0796



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



236.4280, -19.4380, -18.7924

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



223.9040, 15.3303, -63.9368



235.6290, 9.5499, 16.9884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



192.0290, 29.5657, -9.6724

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



240.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



231.1130, 11.7763, -43.9491

# Square

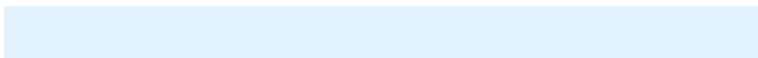
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



224.2030, 15.1829, -63.3220



238.6980, 8.0369, -11.1361

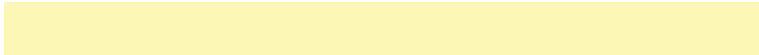


232.1920, -1.0807, 20.0026

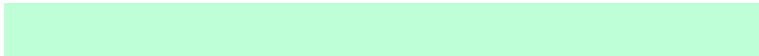


# Rectangle

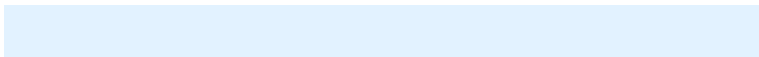
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



231.3040, -8.0379, -35.3466



238.6980, 8.0369, -11.1361



237.3900, 8.6817, 15.4440

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



252.1330, -8.4466, 2.5144



202.9130, -7.8451, 43.0493



125.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

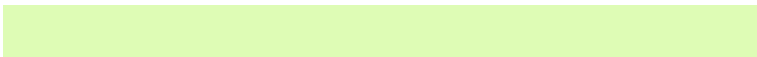
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724



241.5600, -36.2651, 11.7869



234.9360, -26.5904, -11.3449



122.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145



159.2360, -78.5033, 26.1030



51.6980, -25.4871, 8.1579



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192.0290, 29.5657, -9.6724



181.4400, 36.2651, -11.7869



198.0640, 26.5904, 11.3449



114.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145



29.1770, 78.7927, -25.5882

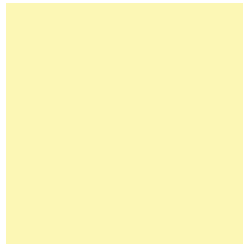


9.3020, 25.4871, -8.1579



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

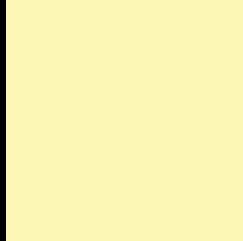
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

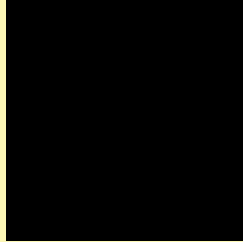
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724.



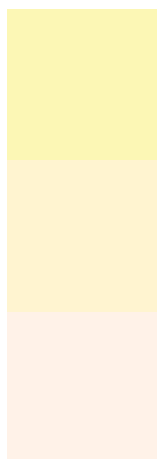
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724.

9.6724.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724

### Protanopia

243.1850, -17.3462, 10.3618

### Deuteranopia

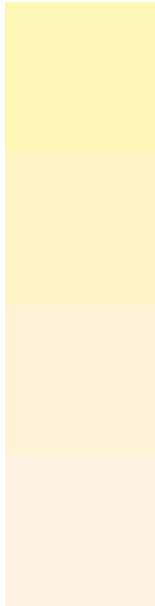
244.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919



## Tritanopia

245.8530, 3.0305, 8.0219

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724

## Protanomaly

242.3330, -21.8562, 10.2320

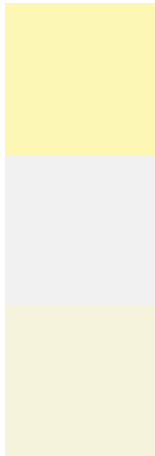
## Deuteranomaly

243.4560, -15.0148, 9.2471

## Tritanomaly

244.3510, -9.0470, 8.4622

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724

## Achromatopsia

241.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

240.8620, -10.7780, 3.6290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 247, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 247, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 247, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 247, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 247, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 247, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 247, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 247, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 247, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 247,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 240.9710, -29.5657, 9.6724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 247, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
247, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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