

# Converting Colors

YUV(243.5560, -3.2321,  
10.0364)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(243.5560, -3.2321,  
10.0364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEFED
RGB	255, 239, 237
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0627, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	7°, 100%, 96%
HSV	7°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	87.3926, 89.1074, 92.7141
YIQ	243.5560, 10.1780, 2.7700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

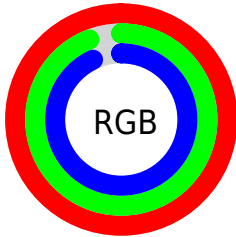
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 239, 237
Decimal	16773101
CIE Lab	95.63, 5.06, 2.89
CIE LCh	96, 5.826, 29.766
Yxy	89.1074, 0.3246, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963181 (0xFFFEFED)
YUV	243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364
Hunter-Lab	94.3967, 0.0612, 7.8445

# Details

The YUV color  $243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $248.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364$ , and the grayscale version is  $244.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $187.2570, -3.0847, 9.4216$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $227.2050, -7.4961, 24.3762$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

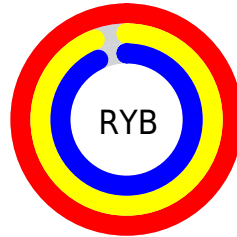
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

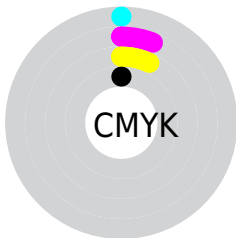
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (93%)

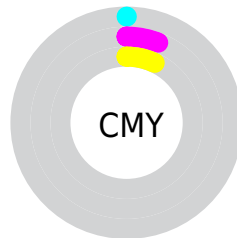


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 243.5560, -3.2321,  
10.0364

 243.5560, -3.2321,  
10.0364

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 215.2570, -3.0847,  
9.4216

 187.2570, -3.0847,  
9.4216

 160.2570, -3.0847,  
9.4216

 133.9580, -2.9373,  
8.8068

 108.9580, -2.9373,  
8.8068

 84.6590, -2.7899,  
8.1921

 61.4740, -2.2057,

7.4773

■ 39.4740, -2.2057,  
7.4773

■ 18.3600, -2.6425,  
7.5773

■ 243.5560, -3.2321,  
10.0364

■ 243.5560, -3.2321,  
10.0364

■ 227.2050, -7.4961,  
24.3762

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 211.3270,  
-12.4862, 38.3012

■ 194.9760,  
-16.7502, 52.6410

■ 178.5110,  
-21.4509, 67.0809

■ 162.7470,  
-26.0043, 80.9059

■ 146.2820,  
-30.7050, 95.3457

■ 129.8170,  
-35.4058, 109.7855

■ 114.0530,  
-39.9591, 123.6105

■ 97.7020, -44.2231,  
137.9503

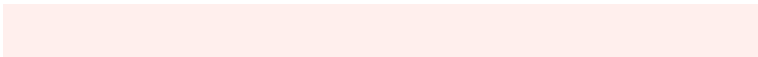
# Harmonies

## Analogous

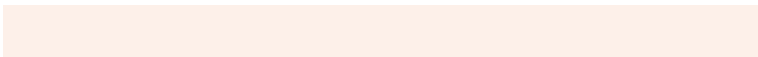
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217



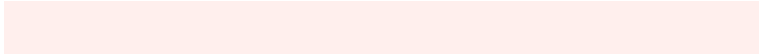
243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



243.0890, -4.9739, 8.6919

# Triad

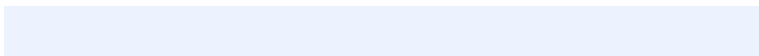
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



241.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



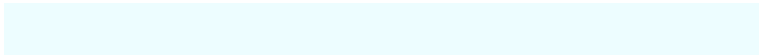
242.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



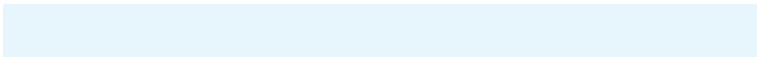
243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



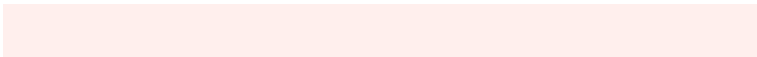
248.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364

# Split Complementary

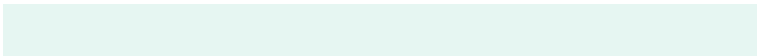
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241.6120, 5.1213, -9.3067



243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



240.7600, 0.6113, -9.4365

# Square

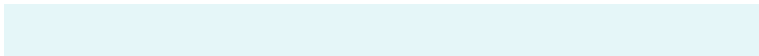
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



241.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446



241.1450, 3.3795, -10.6512



243.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446

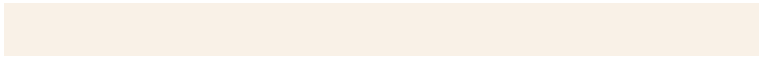


# Rectangle

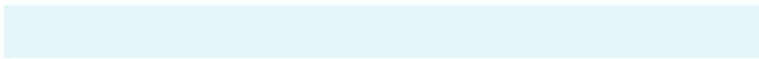
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



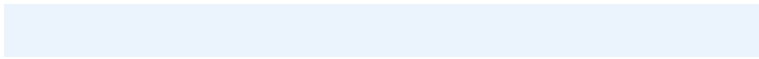
243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



242.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



241.1450, 3.3795, -10.6512



241.7480, 5.5472, -5.9180

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



251.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



244.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663



125.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

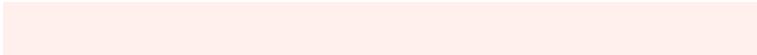


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

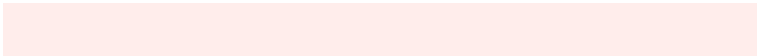


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



242.1540, -3.5269, 11.2659



248.8390, -5.8366, 5.4032



119.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773



69.4360, -34.2319, 106.6116

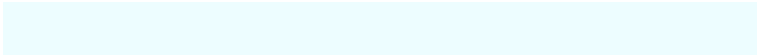


23.2450, -11.4598, 35.7421

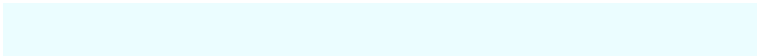


# Inverse Universe

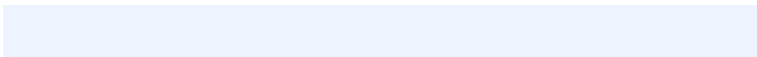
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248.4440, 3.2321, -10.0364



247.8460, 3.5269, -11.2659



243.1610, 5.8366, -5.4032



122.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



121.5640, 34.2319, -106.6116

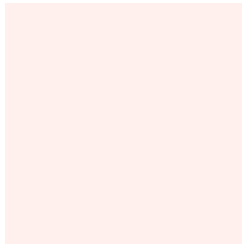


40.7550, 11.4598, -35.7421



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

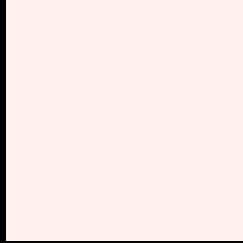
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

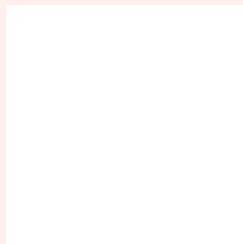
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364.



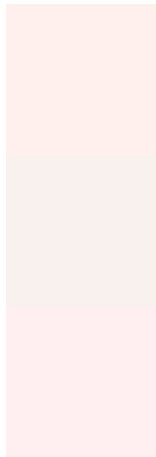
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 243.5560, -3.2321,

10.0364.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

### Protanopia

242.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034

### Deuteranopia

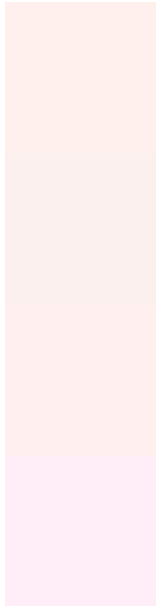
243.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365



## Tritanopia

244.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

## Protanomaly

243.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625

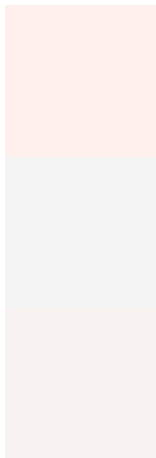
## Deuteranomaly

243.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364

## Tritanomaly

244.1090, 1.4253, 9.5514

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

## Achromatopsia

244.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

243.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 239, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 239, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 239, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 239, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 239, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 239, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 243.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 239, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
239, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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