

# Converting Colors

YUV(246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(246.7050, 4.0894,  
-5.0033)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1F8FF
RGB	241, 248, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0275, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 97%
HSV	210°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	87.8930, 93.0556, 107.9368
YIQ	246.7050, -6.4190, 0.6930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

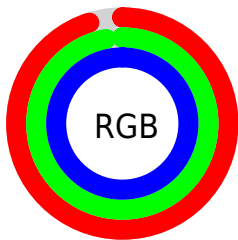
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 246, 255
Decimal	15857919
CIE Lab	97.25, -1.02, -4.16
CIE LCh	97, 4.283, 256.218
Yxy	93.0556, 0.3042, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294047999 (0xFFFF1F8FF)
YUV	246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033
Hunter-Lab	96.4653, -6.1765, 1.1851

# Details

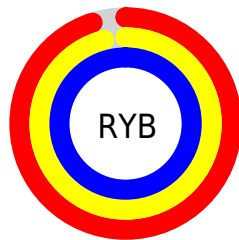
The YUV color `246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `249.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033`, and the grayscale version is `247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`, and `190.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `231.5990, 11.5367, -13.6803`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000`.

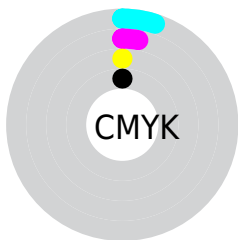
# Distribution



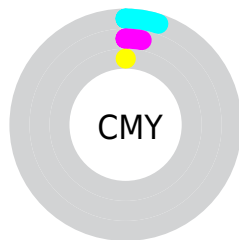
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



246.7050, 4.0894,  
-5.0033

246.7050, 4.0894,  
-5.0033

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

218.0040, 3.9420,  
-4.3885

190.5910, 3.6526,  
-4.9033

163.5910, 3.6526,  
-4.9033

137.0040, 3.9420,  
-4.3885

111.8900, 3.5052,  
-4.2885

86.8900, 3.5052,  
-4.2885

63.8900, 3.5052,

-4.2885

■ 42.0750, 2.9210,  
-3.5738

■ 21.6620, 2.6316,  
-4.0886

■ 246.7050, 4.0894,  
-5.0033

■ 246.7050, 4.0894,  
-5.0033

■ 231.5990, 11.5367,  
-13.6803

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 216.7810, 18.8420,  
-23.4869

■ 201.3760, 26.4366,  
-32.7788

■ 186.2700, 33.8839,  
-41.4558

■ 171.1640, 41.3311,  
-50.1328

■ 155.7590, 48.9258,  
-59.4246

■ 140.9410, 56.2311,  
-69.2313

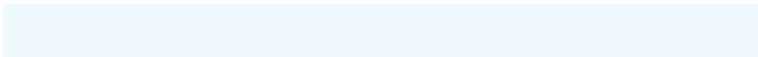
■ 125.8350, 63.6783,  
-77.9083

■ 110.4300, 71.2730,  
-87.2001

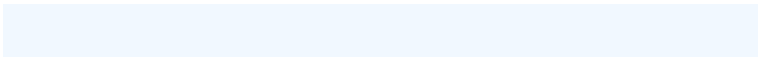
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625



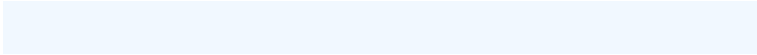
246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



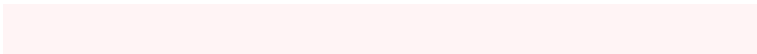
247.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146

# Triad

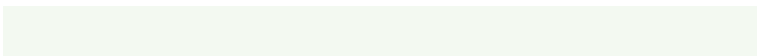
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



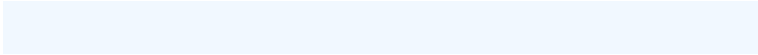
247.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



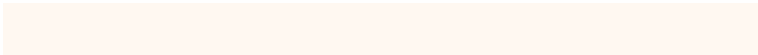
246.2940, -2.6099, -2.8888

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



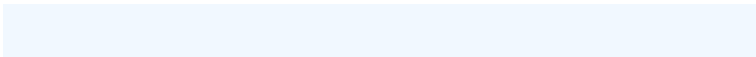
249.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033

# Split Complementary

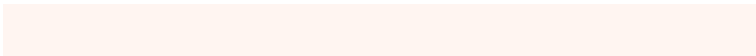
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



246.3870, -3.6418, 1.4146



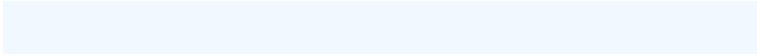
246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



247.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477

# Square

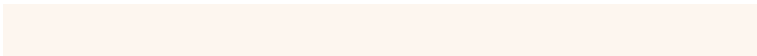
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



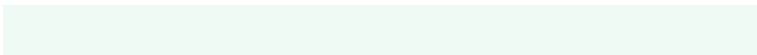
246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



248.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479



247.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033

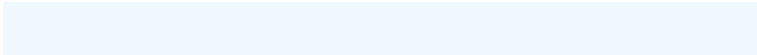


246.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



# Rectangle

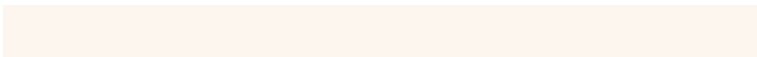
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



247.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445



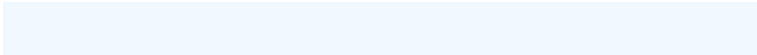
247.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033



246.1910, -3.0522, -1.0445

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



251.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



250.0160, -0.9939, -7.9070



125.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

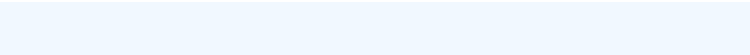


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

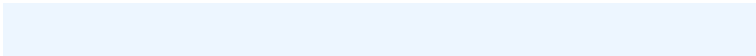


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033



244.3350, 5.2578, -6.4328



242.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



121.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738



78.1260, 55.6469, -68.5165



26.0800, 18.6946, -22.8722



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070



243.4080, 1.2779, 10.1662



253.4040, -6.1152, 1.3997



120.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



68.0530, 13.7779, 107.8245

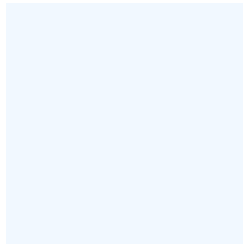


22.7840, 4.5435, 36.1464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

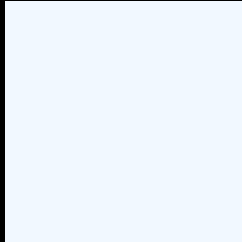
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

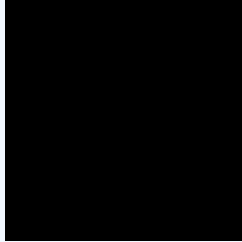
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

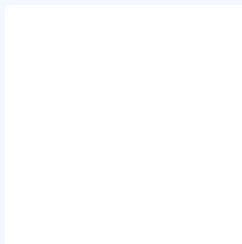
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033.



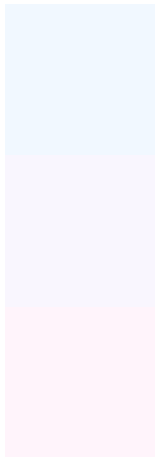
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033.

-5.033.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033

### Protanopia

247.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445

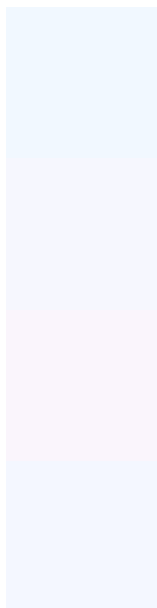
### Deuteranopia

248.0870, 1.4361, 6.0627

## **Tritanopia**

247.3140, 3.7892, -2.0294

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033

## Protanomaly

247.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146

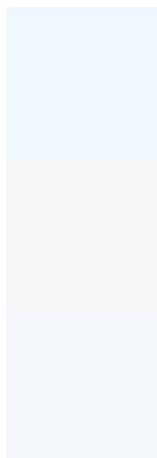
## Deuteranomaly

247.2930, 2.3206, 2.3740

## Tritanomaly

247.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033

## Achromatopsia

247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

246.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 248, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 248, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 248, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 248, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 248, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 248, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 248, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 248, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 248, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 248,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 246.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 248, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
248, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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