

# Converting Colors

YUV(247.2390, -2.5828,  
-11.6106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(247.2390, -2.5828,  
-11.6106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EAFFF2
RGB	234, 255, 242
RGB Percent	92%, 100%, 95%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0000, 0.0510
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	143°, 100%, 96%
HSV	143°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	85.7187, 95.4232, 97.9051
YIQ	247.2390, -8.3430, -8.4950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

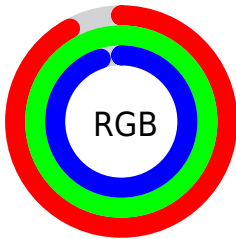
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	234, 249, 255
Decimal	15400946
CIE Lab	98.20, -9.18, 3.86
CIE LCh	98, 9.956, 157.175
Yxy	95.4232, 0.3072, 0.3420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293591026 (0xFFEAF2)
YUV	247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106
Hunter-Lab	97.6848, -14.3142, 8.9557

# Details

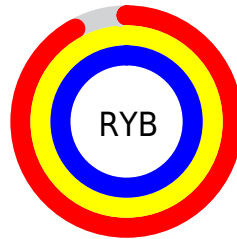
The YUV color  $247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $241.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106$ , and the grayscale version is  $247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ , and  $190.6520, -2.2934, -11.0958$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $237.9400, -5.8864, -25.3804$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

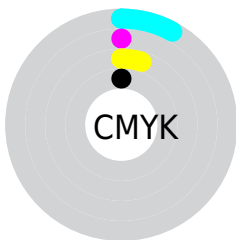
# Distribution



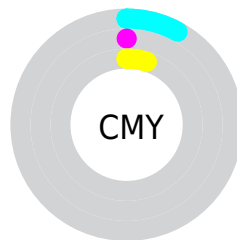
- Red (92%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 247.2390, -2.5828,  
-11.6106


 247.2390, -2.5828,  
-11.6106


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 218.6520, -2.2934,  
-11.0958

 190.6520, -2.2934,  
-11.0958

 163.6520, -2.2934,  
-11.0958

 137.0650, -2.0040,  
-10.5810

 112.0650, -2.0040,  
-10.5810

 87.3640, -2.1515,  
-9.9662

 63.7770, -1.8621,

-9.4514

■ 42.1900, -1.5727,  
-8.9366

■ 20.8910, -1.4253,  
-9.5514

■ 247.2390, -2.5828,  
-11.6106

■ 247.2390, -2.5828,  
-11.6106

■ 237.9400, -5.8864,  
-25.3804

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 228.3420, -9.0426,  
-39.7649

■ 218.8580,  
-11.7620, -54.2495

■ 209.5590,  
-15.0656, -68.0192

■ 199.9610,  
-18.2218, -82.4038

■ 190.6620,  
-21.5254, -96.1736

■ 181.4770,  
-24.3922, -110.0433

■ 171.8790,  
-27.5483, -124.4279

■ 162.5800,  
-30.8519, -138.1977

# Harmonies

## Analogous

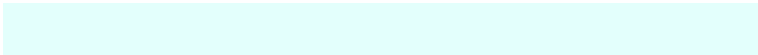
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



248.1430, -6.9725, -3.6334



247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



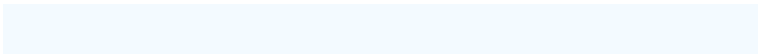
246.2860, 2.8170, -16.9138

# Triad

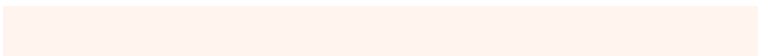
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



248.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033



246.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



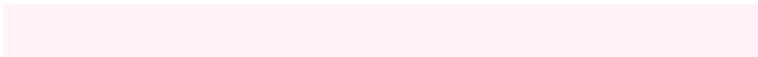
247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



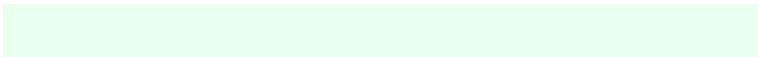
241.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



247.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774



247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



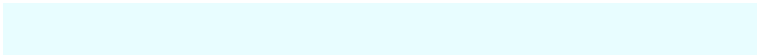
250.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



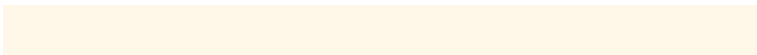
247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



246.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103



248.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



247.6820, -7.7312, 6.4179



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



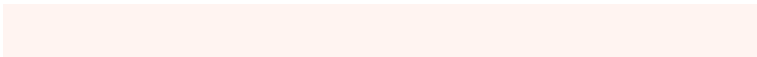
247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



246.3290, 4.2748, -17.8285



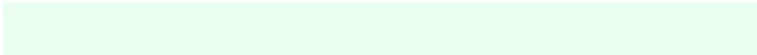
248.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



246.9470, -2.9319, 7.0625

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



253.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740



250.2140, -7.9935, -2.8187



126.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

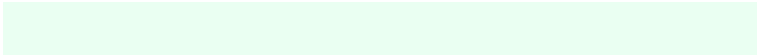


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

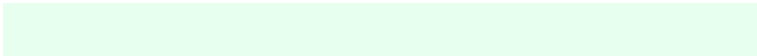


# Same Dimension

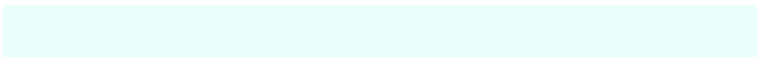
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



245.7010, -3.3036, -13.7698



248.3790, 1.7852, -12.6104



123.2010, -1.5781, -7.1923



120.4390, -23.3874, -105.6250



40.3040, -8.0379, -35.3466



# Inverse Universe

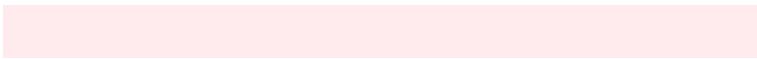
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



241.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106



239.1850, 2.8668, 13.8698



240.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



119.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923



70.5610, 23.3874, 105.6250



23.5820, 7.6011, 35.4466



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

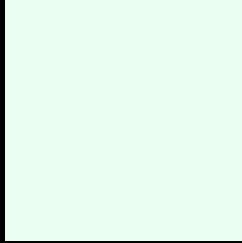
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

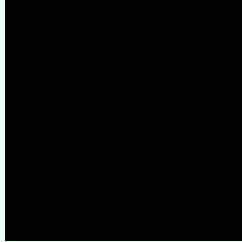
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

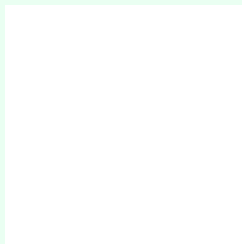
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106.



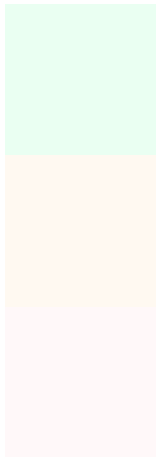
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106.

-11.6106.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

### Protanopia

249.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885

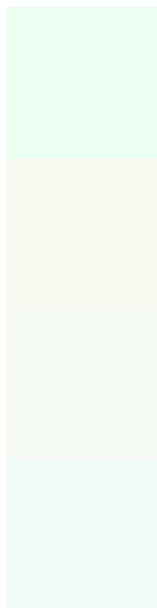
### Deuteranopia

250.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035

## **Tritanopia**

249.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

## Protanomaly

248.6640, -3.7784, -1.4593

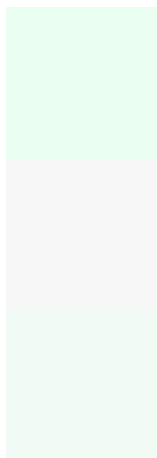
## Deuteranomaly

249.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592

## Tritanomaly

248.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

## Achromatopsia

247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

247.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 255, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 255, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 255, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 255, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 255, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 255, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 255, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 255, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 255, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 255,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 247.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 255, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
255, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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