

Converting Colors

YUV(25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(25.1760, 6.3222,
-21.2024)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012326
RGB	1, 35, 38
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 15%
CMY	0.9961, 0.8627, 0.8510
CMYK	0.97, 0.08, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	185°, 95%, 8%
HSV	185°, 97%, 15%
XYZ	0.9634, 1.3485, 2.0432
YIQ	25.1760, -21.2270, -6.2750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	1, 19, 38
Decimal	74534
CIE Lab	11.61, -10.80, -5.54
CIE LCh	12, 12.141, 207.167
Yxy	1.3485, 0.2212, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278264614 (0xFF012326)
YUV	25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024
Hunter-Lab	11.6123, -5.5125, -2.3037

Details

The YUV color **25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13.8240, -6.3222, 21.2024**, and the grayscale version is **25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.7740, 6.0274, -19.9728**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.8770, 6.4696, -21.8171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.3720, 5.7326, -18.7432**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.1760, 6.3222,
-21.2024

■ 25.1760, 6.3222,
-21.2024

■ 247.5250, 3.6852,
-15.3694

■ 8.9820, 3.9529,
-7.8772

■ 70.7740, 6.0274,
-19.9728

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.4750, 6.1748,
-20.5876

■ 119.4750, 6.1748,
-20.5876

■ 145.1760, 6.3222,
-21.2024

■ 171.8770, 6.4696,
-21.8171

■ 198.9910, 6.9064,

-21.9171

■ 227.5780, 6.6170,
-22.4319

■ 25.1760, 6.3222,
-21.2024

■ 25.1760, 6.3222,
-21.2024

■ 24.8770, 6.4696,
-21.8171

■ 26.3720, 5.7326,
-18.7432

■ 28.1550, 4.8536,
-16.7989

■ 29.0520, 4.4114,
-14.9546

■ 30.2480, 3.8217,
-12.4955

■ 32.0310, 2.9427,
-10.5512

■ 33.2270, 2.3531,
-8.0921

■ 34.4230, 1.7635,
-5.6330

■ 35.3200, 1.3212,
-3.7886

■ 37.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

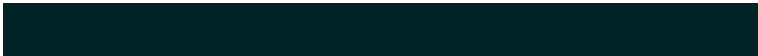
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3570, 1.7960, -16.0991



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



26.1700, 8.7902, -19.4431

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



31.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



30.0410, -8.8942, 6.1030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



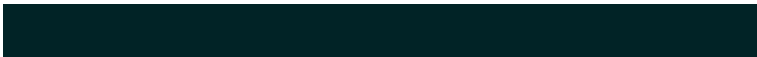
13.8240, -6.3222, 21.2024

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.5300, -7.1633, 10.9362



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



31.4900, 0.2514, 12.7253

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



31.4220, 6.6940, -0.3701



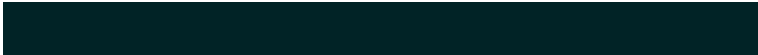
31.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251



29.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



28.3170, 9.2107, -14.3100



31.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251



30.4650, -8.6102, 8.3622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



43.2270, 2.3531, -8.0921



22.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475



22.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182



153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024



31.8870, 7.9437, -27.9649



14.6100, 11.5313, -11.9360



17.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



53.3730, 14.1131, -46.8081



136.5300, 35.7277, -119.7368

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9390, 9.3971, 19.3475



19.4820, 12.5804, 25.0103



24.3900, -11.5313, 11.9360



16.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



33.0680, 20.6725, 42.9134



84.3790, 53.0572, 109.2926

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

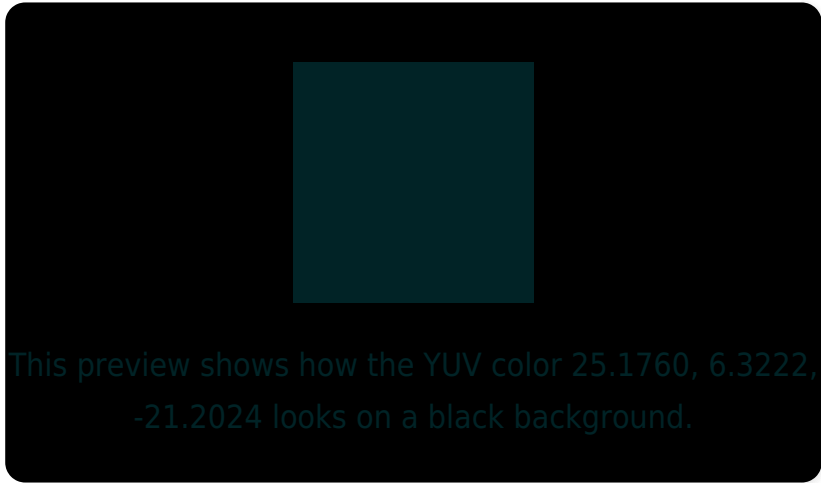
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

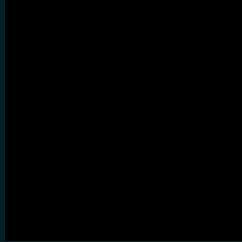
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

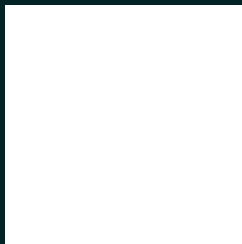
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024

Protanopia

31.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

Deuteranopia

31.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998



Tritanopia

24.8770, 6.4696, -21.8171

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024

Protanomaly

28.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772

Deuteranomaly

29.2100, 4.8265, -8.0772

Tritanomaly

24.8770, 6.4696, -21.8171

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024

Achromatopsia

25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

25.2270, 2.3531, -8.0921

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 35, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 35, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 35, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 35, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 35, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 35, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 35, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 35, 38); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 35, 38); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 35, 38) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 25.1760, 6.3222, -21.2024 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 35, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 35,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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