

# Converting Colors

YUV(25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**YUV(25.3950, -12.5197,  
2.2846)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                    |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Hex         | 1C1D00                   |
| RGB         | 28, 29, 0                |
| RGB Percent | 11%, 11%, 0%             |
| CMY         | 0.8902, 0.8863, 1.0000   |
| CMYK        | 0.03, 0.00, 1.00, 0.89   |
| HSL         | 62°, 100%, 6%            |
| HSV         | 62°, 100%, 11%           |
| XYZ         | 0.9183, 1.1256, 0.1689   |
| YIQ         | 25.3950, 8.7130, -9.2310 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

| Format                              | Color   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">0, 29, 1</a>                      |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">1842432</a>                       |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">10.00, -5.56, 14.82</a>           |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">10, 15.831, 110.579</a>           |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">1.1256, 0.4150,<br/>0.5087</a>    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4280032512<br/>(0xFF1C1D00)</a>   |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">25.3950, -12.5197,<br/>2.2846</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">10.6095, -3.1173,<br/>6.4829</a>  |

# Details

The YUV color **25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **3.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846**, and the grayscale version is **26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.4380, -11.0619, 1.3699**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.7370, -11.2093, 1.9847**.

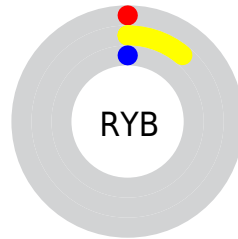
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (11%)

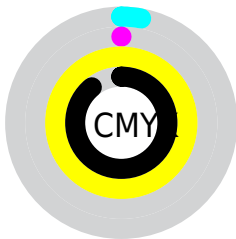
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (0%)

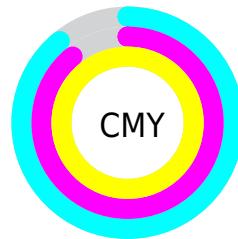


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25.3950, -12.5197,  
2.2846

■ 25.3950, -12.5197,  
2.2846

■ 251.6940,  
-12.6671, 2.8994

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.4380, -11.0619,  
1.3699

■ 92.4380, -11.0619,  
1.3699


■ 117.3240,  
-11.4987, 1.4699


■ 143.0960,  
-12.3723, 1.6698


■ 169.3950,  
-12.5197, 2.2846


■ 196.9820,


-12.8091, 1.7698


 224.8680,  
-13.2459, 1.8698


 25.3950, -12.5197,  
2.2846

 25.7370, -11.2093,  
1.9847

 26.0790, -9.8989,  
1.6847

 26.4210, -8.5886,  
1.3848

 26.7630, -7.2782,  
1.0848

 27.4040, -6.1152,  
1.3997

■ 27.6320, -5.2416,  
1.1997

■ 27.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

■ 28.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999

■ 28.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

# Harmonies

## Analogous

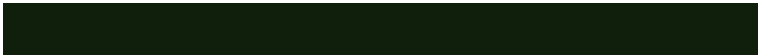
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.6240, -13.1256, 9.9768



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



23.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



23.8000, 9.9586, -20.8726



28.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



3.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.6510, 6.0881, 7.3221



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



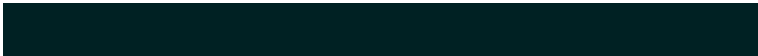
23.0820, 12.2846, -20.2429

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



23.3610, 5.7380, -20.4876



27.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



27.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



21.9610, -0.9668, -16.6288



27.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



28.0000, 3.4510, 13.1550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



36.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998



9.2580, -4.5642, 17.3137



19.2020, -3.0576, 0.6998



148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



33.3690, -16.4509, 3.1844



21.2090, -10.4560, -6.3223



14.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



69.0970, -34.0648, 6.0539



181.0100, -89.2379, 15.7772



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846



4.6310, 16.4509, -3.1844



7.7910, 10.4560, 6.3223



14.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



9.9030, 34.0648, -6.0539



25.6910, 89.3853, -16.3920



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

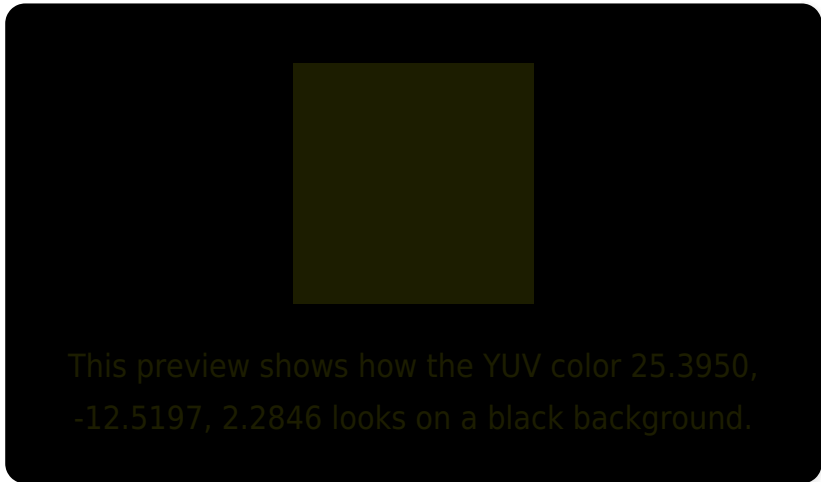
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

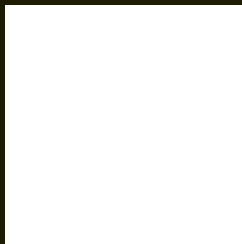
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846.



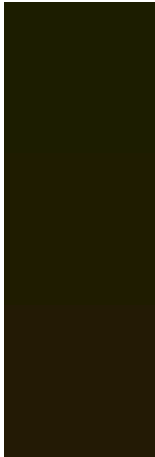
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.3950, -12.5197,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846

### Protanopia

25.7050, -12.6726, 4.6437

### Deuteranopia

26.2970, -10.4994, 7.6325



## Tritanopia

28.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846

## Protanomaly

25.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289

## Deuteranomaly

25.7590, -11.2202, 5.4734

## Tritanomaly

27.1590, -4.5154, 1.6146

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846

## Achromatopsia

25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

24.8600, -4.3680, 0.9998

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 29, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 29, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 29, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 29, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 29, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 29, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 29, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 29, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 29, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 29, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 25.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 29, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 29,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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