

Converting Colors

YUV(25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(25.4200, -3.6581,
6.6477)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	211712
RGB	33, 23, 18
RGB Percent	13%, 9%, 7%
CMY	0.8706, 0.9098, 0.9294
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.45, 0.87
HSL	20°, 29%, 10%
HSV	20°, 45%, 13%
XYZ	1.0428, 0.9798, 0.7064
YIQ	25.4200, 7.5650, 0.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 26, 18
Decimal	2168594
CIE Lab	8.82, 4.11, 5.11
CIE LCh	9, 6.555, 51.166
Yxy	0.9798, 0.3821, 0.3590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280358674 (0xFF211712)
YUV	25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477
Hunter-Lab	9.8985, 1.4821, 2.6976

Details

The YUV color **25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **25.5800, 3.6581, -6.6477**, and the grayscale version is **25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.9040, -4.3897, 7.9772**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181**.

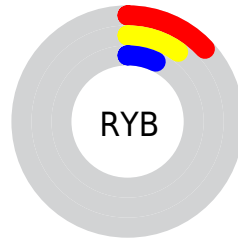
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (9%)

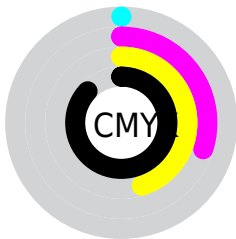
Blue (7%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (10%)

Blue (7%)

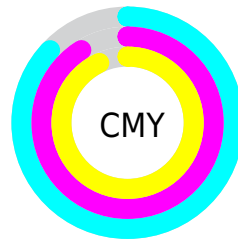


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.4200, -3.6581,
6.6477

■ 25.4200, -3.6581,
6.6477

■ 249.9960, -3.9420,
4.3885

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 68.6050, -4.2423,
7.3624

■ 92.2030, -4.5371,
8.5920

■ 116.6160, -4.2477,
9.1068

■ 142.5020, -4.6845,
9.2067

■ 168.5020, -4.6845,
9.2067

■ 195.8010, -4.8319,

9.8215

■ 223.6870, -5.2687,
9.9215

■ 25.4200, -3.6581,
6.6477

■ 25.4200, -3.6581,
6.6477

■ 23.9040, -4.3897,
7.9772

■ 26.9360, -2.9264,
5.3181

■ 22.2740, -5.5581,
9.4067

■ 28.5660, -1.7580,
3.8886

■ 20.1710, -6.0003,
11.2510

■ 30.6690, -1.3158,
2.0443

■ 18.6550, -6.7319,
12.5806

■ 32.1850, -0.5842,
0.7148

■ 17.0250, -7.9003,
14.0101

■ 33.8150, 0.5842,
-0.7148

■ 16.3240, -8.0477,
14.6249

■ 35.3310, 1.3158,
-2.0443

■ 36.8470, 2.0474,
-3.3738

■ 38.9500, 2.4897,
-5.2181

■ 40.5800, 3.6581,
-6.6477

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



24.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



23.6570, 0.1691, -7.5922



25.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



25.5800, 3.6581, -6.6477

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.5200, 4.6736, -5.7180



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



23.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



23.9950, -2.4625, -3.5036



23.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920



26.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



24.5720, -4.2260, 2.1294



23.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920



25.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



39.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591



23.6250, 2.1569, 8.2219



20.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



30.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363



30.1160, -5.9732, 2.5293



14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



38.8830, -19.1693, 35.1826



102.3960, -50.4812, 91.7377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5800, 3.6581, -6.6477



31.4270, 5.7055, -10.0215



21.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441



14.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



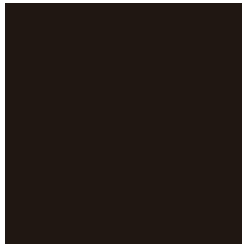
40.1170, 19.1693, -35.1826



104.6040, 50.4812, -91.7377

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

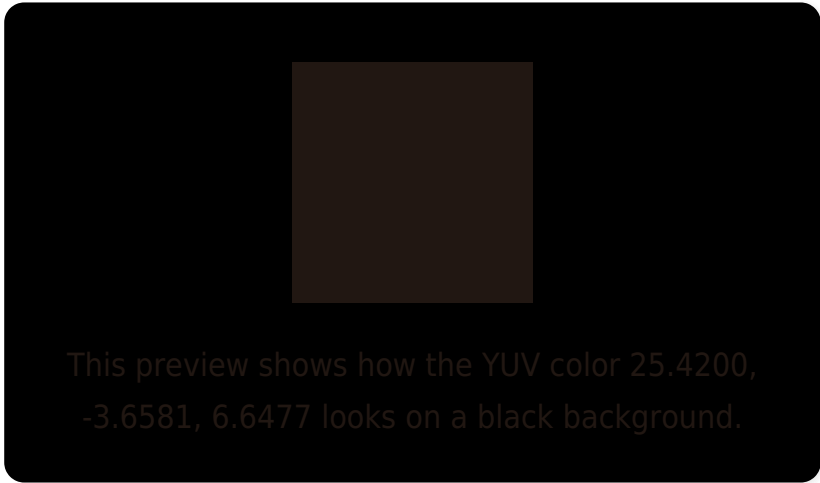
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

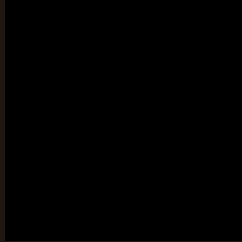
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.4200, -3.6581,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477

Protanopia

24.9140, -2.9156, 1.8294

Deuteranopia

25.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885



Tritanopia

25.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477

Protanomaly

24.9250, -2.9210, 3.5738

Deuteranomaly

25.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Tritanomaly

25.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477

Achromatopsia

25.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

24.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 23, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 23, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 23, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 23, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 23, 18) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 23, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 23, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 23, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 23, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 23, 18)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 25.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 23, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 23,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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