

Converting Colors

YUV(25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YUV(25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YUV(25.9360, -6.3774,
-7.8369)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 11210D |
| RGB | 17, 33, 13 |
| RGB Percent | 7%, 13%, 5% |
| CMY | 0.9333, 0.8706, 0.9490 |
| CMYK | 0.48, 0.00, 0.61, 0.87 |
| HSL | 108°, 43%, 9% |
| HSV | 108°, 61%, 13% |
| XYZ | 0.8477, 1.2359, 0.5747 |
| YIQ | 25.9360, -3.1160, -9.6120 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

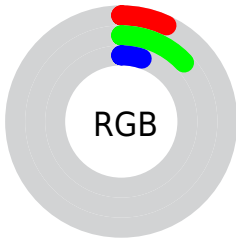
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 13, 33, 29 |
| Decimal | 1122573 |
| CIELab | 10.82, -11.91, 10.44 |
| CIELCh | 11, 15.838, 138.785 |
| Yxy | 1.2359, 0.3189, 0.4649 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4279312653 (0xFF11210D) |
| YUV | 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 |
| Hunter-Lab | 11.1173, -5.8450, 4.7174 |

Details

The YUV color **25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **20.0640, 6.3774, 7.8369**, and the grayscale version is **26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.2240, -6.5194, -8.9664**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.6970, -7.2456, -9.3813**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.1750, -5.5093, -6.2925**.

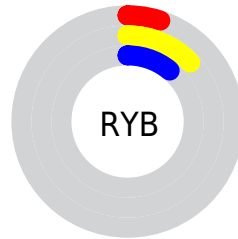
Distribution



Red (7%)

Green (13%)

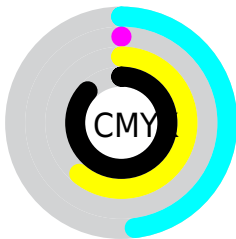
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (11%)

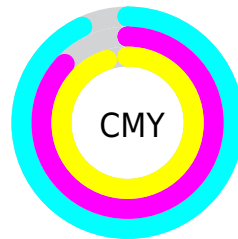


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (93%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.9360, -6.3774,
-7.8369

■ 25.9360, -6.3774,
-7.8369

■ 249.0610, -5.9461,
-6.1925

■ 3.5220, -1.7363,
-3.0888

■ 69.2240, -6.5194,
-8.9664

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 93.1100, -6.9562,
-8.8665

■ 117.6970, -7.2456,
-9.3813

■ 143.2840, -7.5350,
-9.8961

■ 169.8710, -7.8244,
-10.4109

■ 197.4580, -8.1138,

-10.9257

■ 225.3440, -8.5506,
-10.8257

■ 25.9360, -6.3774,
-7.8369

■ 25.9360, -6.3774,
-7.8369

■ 24.6970, -7.2456,
-9.3813

■ 27.1750, -5.5093,
-6.2925

■ 23.6430, -8.6980,
-10.2109

■ 28.2290, -4.0569,
-5.4628

■ 22.4040, -9.5662,
-11.7553

■ 29.4680, -3.1887,
-3.9184

■ 21.4640, -10.5818,
-12.6849

■ 30.7070, -2.3206,
-2.3740

■ 31.7610, -0.8682,
-1.5444

■ 33.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 33.9400, 1.0156,
0.9296

■ 35.1790, 1.8838,
2.4740

■ 36.5320, 3.1887,
3.9184

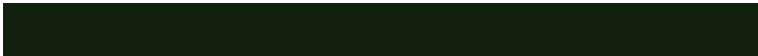
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.3950, -12.5197, 2.2846



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



22.8080, 1.0807, -20.0026

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



23.8970, 12.8688, -20.9577



29.0130, -2.9644, 17.5286

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



20.0640, 6.3774, 7.8369

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.2560, 1.8458, 14.6845



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



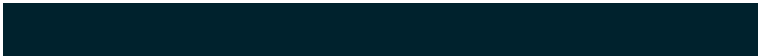
28.8990, 9.9098, -5.1734

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



25.0880, 9.8166, -22.0022



30.3520, 6.2355, 6.7073



28.8080, -8.7793, 15.9544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



24.1930, 3.8489, -21.2173



30.3520, 6.2355, 6.7073



29.3550, -1.6540, 17.2287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



40.4080, -2.1731, -2.9888



28.3720, -7.5784, 4.0588



21.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369



31.9910, -9.8556, -12.2701



25.4240, -3.1670, -10.8958



14.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



51.1570, -25.2204, -30.8327



133.7680, -65.9476, -81.3575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0640, 6.3774, 7.8369



23.0090, 9.8556, 12.2701



20.5760, 3.1670, 10.8958



14.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



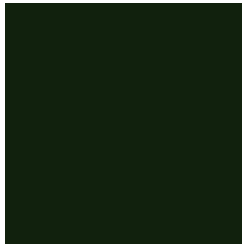
27.8430, 25.2204, 30.8327



72.9330, 66.0950, 80.7428

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

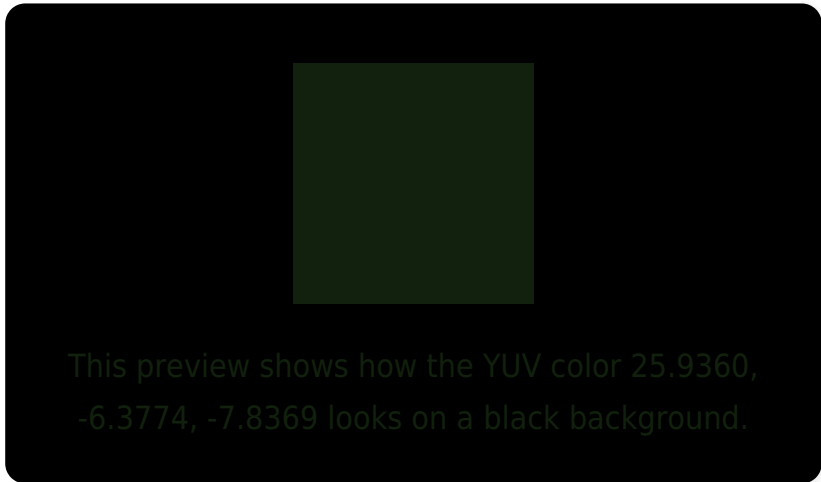
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

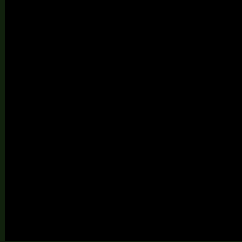
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369.



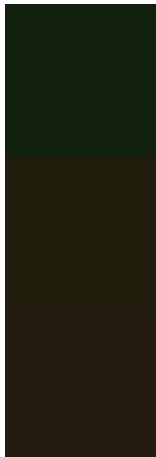
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369.

-7.8369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369

Protanopia

28.2580, -8.0152, 4.1587

Deuteranopia

28.7960, -7.2944, 6.3179



Tritanopia

28.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369

Protanomaly

27.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447

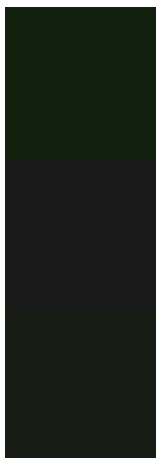
Deuteranomaly

27.8770, -6.8414, 0.9849

Tritanomaly

27.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369

Achromatopsia

26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.2940, -2.6099, -2.8888

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 33, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 33, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 33, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 33, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 33, 13) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 33, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 33, 13)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 33, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 33, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 33, 13)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 25.9360, -6.3774, -7.8369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 33, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 33,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor