

# Converting Colors

YUV(252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(252.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCDFDB
RGB	252, 253, 251
RGB Percent	99%, 99%, 98%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0078, 0.0157
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.01
HSL	90°, 33%, 99%
HSV	90°, 1%, 99%
XYZ	92.6828, 97.9110, 105.2806
YIQ	252.4730, 0.0460, -0.8340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

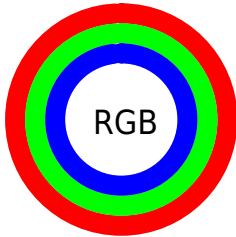
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 253, 252
Decimal	16580091
CIE Lab	99.19, -0.67, 0.83
CIE LCh	99, 1.068, 129.166
Yxy	97.9110, 0.3133, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294770171 (0xFFFCDFB)
YUV	252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148
Hunter-Lab	98.9500, -5.9683, 6.1818

# Details

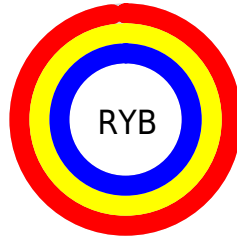
The YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 251.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148, and the grayscale version is 252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, and 195.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 245.7360, -9.7298, -5.9075, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 253.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296.

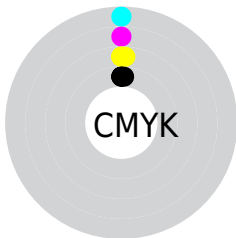
# Distribution



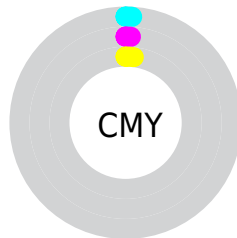
- Red (99%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



252.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

252.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

223.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

195.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

168.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

142.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

116.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

92.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

68.4730, -0.7262,

-0.4148

■ 46.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 25.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 252.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 252.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 245.7360, -9.7298,  
-5.9075

253.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 239.1840,  
-19.3177, -10.6854

■ 232.4470,  
-28.3214, -16.1780

■ 225.7100,  
-37.3250, -21.6707

■ 219.1580,  
-46.9129, -26.4486

■ 212.4210,  
-55.9166, -31.9412

■ 205.6840,  
-64.9202, -37.4339

■ 199.2460,  
-74.0713, -42.3117

■ 192.3950,  
-83.5117, -47.7044

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

252.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000

252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

252.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



252.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



252.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



251.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

252.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

252.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



252.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



252.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



252.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



252.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



252.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



253.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



252.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



254.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



252.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



127.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



140.8210, -69.4248, -39.3080



47.1360, -23.2380, -13.2743



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



252.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



251.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



126.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



50.4780, 69.2773, 39.9228



16.8640, 23.2380, 13.2743



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

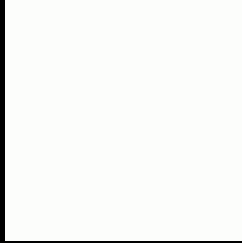
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

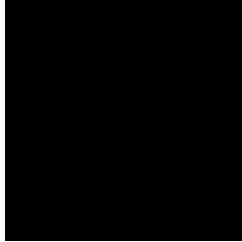
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# YUV 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

### Protanopia

252.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443

### Deuteranopia

253.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

## **Tritanopia**

252.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

## Protanomaly

252.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

## Deuteranomaly

252.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

## Tritanomaly

252.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148

## Achromatopsia

252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 253, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 253, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 253, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 253, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 253, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 253, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 253, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 253, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 253, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 253,  
251) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 252.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 253, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
253, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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