

# Converting Colors

YUV(253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(253.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFFFA
RGB	251, 255, 250
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0000, 0.0196
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	108°, 100%, 99%
HSV	108°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	92.7990, 98.9314, 104.6471
YIQ	253.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

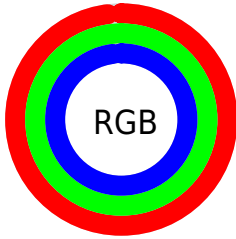
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	250, 255, 254
Decimal	16515066
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.59, -2.19, 1.91
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	100, 2.905, 138.811
Yxy	98.9314, 0.3131, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294705146 (0xFFFBFFFA)
YUV	253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592
Hunter-Lab	99.4642, -7.5240, 7.2455

# Details

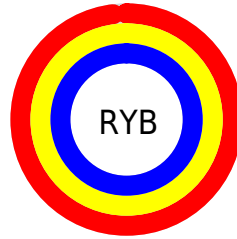
The YUV color 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 251.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592, and the grayscale version is 253.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, and 196.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 244.4040, -9.5662, -11.7553, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000.

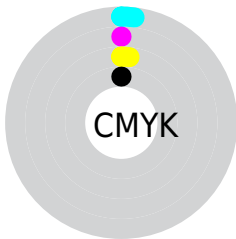
# Distribution



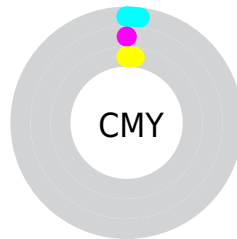
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 253.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592

 253.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 224.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592

 196.6470, -1.3050,  
-1.4444

 169.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592

 143.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592

 117.3480, -1.1576,  
-2.0592

 92.6470, -1.3050,  
-1.4444

 69.3480, -1.1576,

-2.0592

■ 46.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

■ 26.0600, -1.0156,  
-0.9296

■ 253.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592

■ 253.2340, -1.5944,  
-1.9592

■ 244.4040, -9.5662,  
-11.7553

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 235.1610,  
-17.8274, -22.0662

■ 226.3310,  
-25.7992, -31.8623

■ 217.0880,  
-34.0604, -42.1732

■ 208.1440,  
-42.4690, -51.8693

■ 199.3140,  
-50.4408, -61.6654

■ 190.0710,  
-58.7020, -71.9763

■ 181.2410,  
-66.6738, -81.7724

■ 171.9980,  
-74.9350, -92.0832

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



253.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



252.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



252.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591



252.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



251.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



253.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



253.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



252.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



253.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



252.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



252.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



253.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



253.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



254.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



253.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147



127.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



253.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



126.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



123.4790, -60.8751, -74.9651



41.4550, -20.4373, -24.9550

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



251.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740



125.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



67.5210, 60.8751, 74.9651



22.5450, 20.4373, 24.9550

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color (253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592) looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

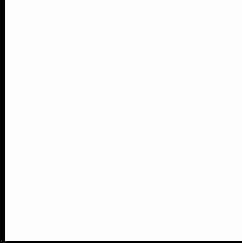
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592.





# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592

### Protanopia

253.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

### Deuteranopia

253.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

## Tritanopia

254.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592

## Protanomaly

253.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000

## Deuteranomaly

253.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000

## Tritanomaly

253.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592

## Achromatopsia

253.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

253.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 255, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 255, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 255, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 255, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 255, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 255, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 255, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 255, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 253.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 255, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
255, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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