

Converting Colors

YUV(26.3690, -12.9999,
16.3394)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(26.3690, -12.9999,
16.3394)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D1600
RGB	45, 22, 0
RGB Percent	18%, 9%, 0%
CMY	0.8235, 0.9137, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 1.00, 0.82
HSL	29°, 100%, 9%
HSV	29°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	1.3691, 1.1317, 0.1463
YIQ	26.3690, 20.7700, -1.9660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

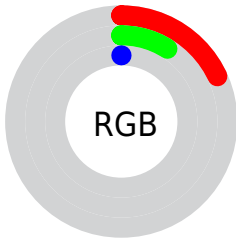
Format	Color
RYB	45, 43, 0
Decimal	2954752
CIELab	10.04, 9.40, 15.22
CIELCh	10, 17.892, 58.310
Yxy	1.1317, 0.5172, 0.4275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281144832 (0xFF2D1600)
YUV	26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394
Hunter-Lab	10.6382, 4.3556, 6.6314

Details

The YUV color **26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **18.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394**, and the grayscale version is **26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.1350, -11.4056, 18.2986**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.9990, -11.8315, 14.9099**.

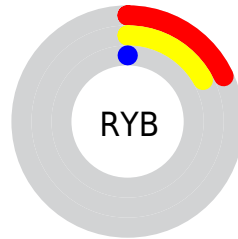
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (9%)

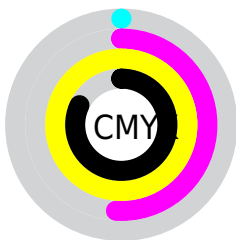
Blue (0%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (0%)

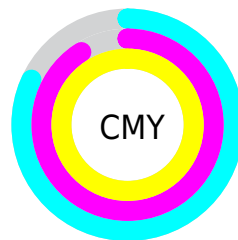


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.3690, -12.9999,
16.3394

■ 26.3690, -12.9999,
16.3394

■ 247.5850,
-10.6414, 6.5030

■ 6.2790, -3.0955,
12.9103

■ 71.1350, -11.4056,
18.2986

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.9180, -12.2846,
20.2429

■ 120.1030,
-12.8688, 20.9577


■ 145.5870,
-13.6004, 22.2872


■ 171.8860,
-13.7478, 22.9020


■ 200.0710,


-14.3320, 23.6167


 227.3700,
-14.4794, 24.2315


 26.3690, -12.9999,
16.3394

 27.9990, -11.8315,
14.9099

 30.3300, -10.5157,
12.8656

 32.0740, -8.9105,
11.3361

 33.7040, -7.7421,
9.9066

 36.0350, -6.4263,
7.8623

■ 37.6650, -5.2578,
6.4328

■ 39.4090, -3.6526,
4.9033

■ 41.0390, -2.4842,
3.4738

■ 43.3700, -1.1684,
1.4295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.0410, -5.4432, 19.2580



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



26.6130, -13.1202, 8.2324

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



22.9220, 1.5175, -20.1026



28.3340, 10.1883, -1.1699

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



18.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.2500, 14.1738, -19.5132



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



23.8170, 7.4852, -20.8875

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



22.3590, -4.6140, -13.4698



24.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725



28.8580, 5.4930, 11.5255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



25.6940, -12.6671, 2.8994



24.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725



26.9420, 11.3676, -6.0881

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



51.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



16.0770, 3.4130, 25.3655



26.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394



34.6640, -17.0894, 21.3427



39.2830, -19.3665, 5.0138



22.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



50.6670, -24.9788, 31.8640



125.6210, -61.9312, 77.5084

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394



24.3360, 17.0894, -21.3427



5.7170, 19.3665, -5.0138



21.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



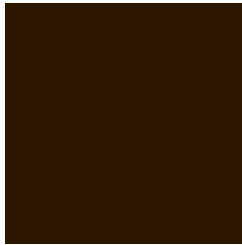
35.7460, 25.2682, -31.3492



88.3790, 61.9312, -77.5084

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

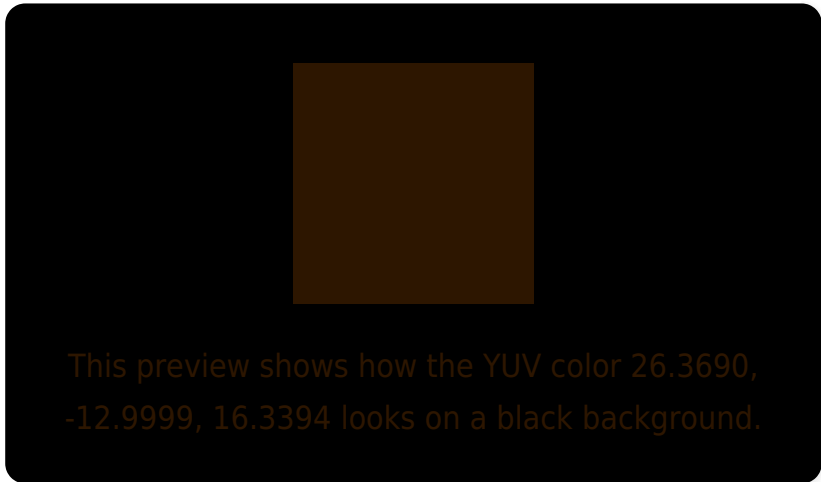
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

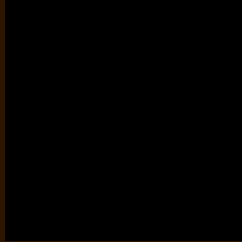
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394.

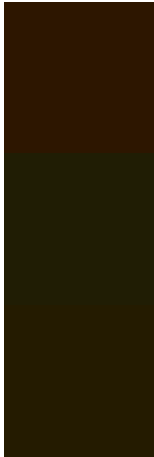


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 26.3690, -12.9999,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394

Protanopia

27.0470, -11.3622, 4.3438

Deuteranopia

26.6130, -13.1202, 8.2324



Tritanopia

28.0020, -2.9590, 15.7842

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394

Protanomaly

26.6670, -11.6678, 9.0620

Deuteranomaly

26.3360, -12.9836, 11.1063

Tritanomaly

27.6770, -6.7428, 16.0693

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394

Achromatopsia

26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 22, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 22, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 22, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 22, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 22, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 22, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 22, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 22, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 22, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 22, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 26.3690, -12.9999, 16.3394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 22, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 22,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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