

Converting Colors

YUV(26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(26.4000, -6.6062,
18.9432)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30120D
RGB	48, 18, 13
RGB Percent	19%, 7%, 5%
CMY	0.8118, 0.9294, 0.9490
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.73, 0.81
HSL	9°, 57%, 12%
HSV	9°, 73%, 19%
XYZ	1.5079, 1.0900, 0.5117
YIQ	26.4000, 19.4850, 4.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

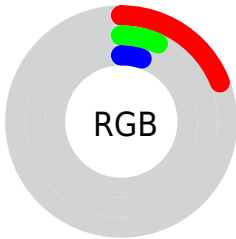
Format	Color
RYB	48, 19, 13
Decimal	3150349
CIELab	9.72, 14.77, 9.44
CIELCh	10, 17.531, 32.579
Yxy	1.0900, 0.4849, 0.3505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281340429 (0xFF30120D)
YUV	26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432
Hunter-Lab	10.4405, 7.5089, 4.4025

Details

The YUV color **26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **34.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432**, and the grayscale version is **26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.8950, -7.3432, 22.0171**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.4820, -7.6326, 21.5023**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.3180, -5.5798, 16.3841**.

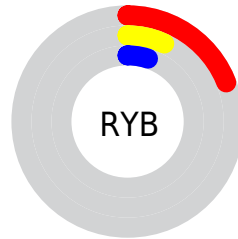
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (7%)

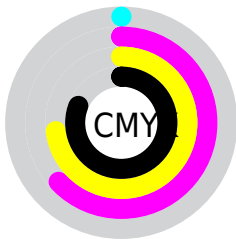
Blue (5%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (5%)

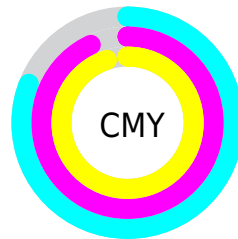


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (73%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.4000, -6.6062,
18.9432

■ 26.4000, -6.6062,
18.9432

■ 246.3770, -5.1159,
7.5624

■ 8.1870, -3.5432,
16.4990

■ 70.8950, -7.3432,
22.0171

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.7920, -7.7855,
23.8614

■ 119.9770, -8.3697,
24.5762

■ 145.5750, -8.6645,
25.8057

■ 172.1730, -8.9593,
27.0353

■ 200.3580, -9.5435,

27.7500

■ 226.1620, -8.9539,
25.2909

■ 26.4000, -6.6062,
18.9432

■ 26.4000, -6.6062,
18.9432

■ 23.4820, -7.6326,
21.5023

■ 29.3180, -5.5798,
16.3841

■ 20.5640, -8.6591,
24.0614

■ 32.2360, -4.5533,
13.8250

■ 18.4610, -9.1013,
25.9057

■ 35.0400, -3.9637,
11.3659

■ 37.9580, -2.9373,
8.8068

■ 41.4630, -2.2003,
5.7329

■ 44.3810, -1.1738,
3.1739

■ 47.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 50.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 53.0210, 1.4686,
-4.4034

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.7080, -0.3490, 18.6731



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



25.7710, -12.7051, 15.1098

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



21.2770, -3.5876, -16.0289



23.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



34.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6690, 11.9952, -20.7577



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



22.5630, 2.6804, -19.7878

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



24.1880, -11.9247, -1.9189



23.8170, 7.4852, -20.8875



27.5300, 9.5987, 1.2892

Rectangle

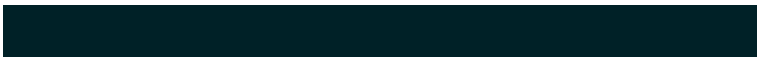
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



25.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768



23.8170, 7.4852, -20.8875



22.7230, 13.4476, -19.9281

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



53.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625



26.8850, 7.9447, 18.5179



25.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432



27.8420, -10.2751, 29.0796



36.3790, -11.5258, 10.1916



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



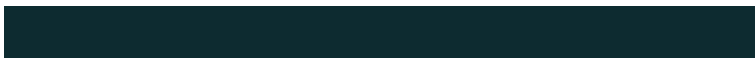
33.0570, -16.2971, 47.3080



82.1830, -40.5162, 115.6035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432



40.7450, 9.9857, -29.5944



24.6210, 11.5258, -10.1916



22.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



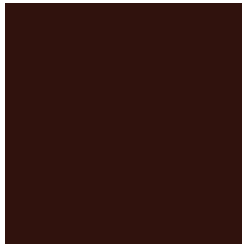
53.3560, 16.5865, -46.7932



132.4040, 40.2268, -116.1183

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

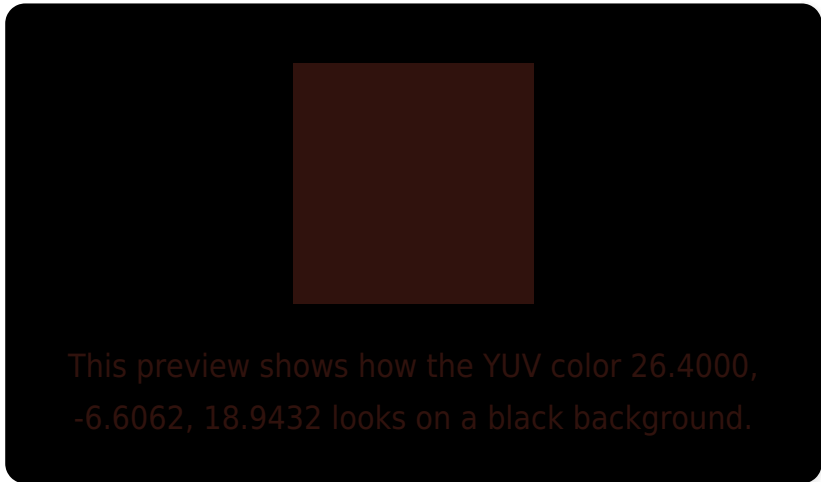
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

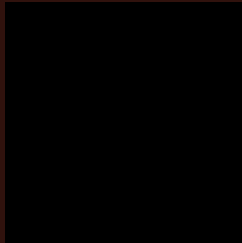
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 26.4000, -6.6062,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432

Protanopia

27.5290, -5.6838, 3.0441

Deuteranopia

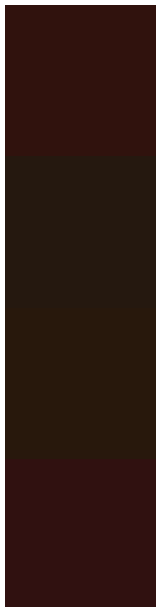
27.5680, -8.1680, 6.5179



Tritanopia

26.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432

Protanomaly

26.8610, -5.8475, 8.8919

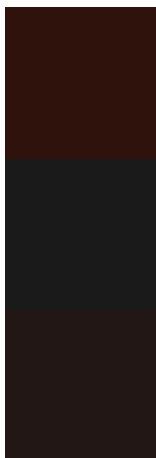
Deuteranomaly

27.4160, -7.6001, 11.0362

Tritanomaly

26.1550, -5.0064, 19.1581

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432

Achromatopsia

26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 18, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 18, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 18, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 18, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 18, 13) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 18, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 18, 13)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 18, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 18, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 18, 13)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 26.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 18, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 18,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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