

Converting Colors

YUV(26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(26.8880, 6.4642,
-20.0728)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	042428
RGB	4, 36, 40
RGB Percent	2%, 14%, 16%
CMY	0.9843, 0.8588, 0.8431
CMYK	0.90, 0.10, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	187°, 82%, 9%
HSV	187°, 90%, 16%
XYZ	1.0639, 1.4408, 2.2295
YIQ	26.8880, -20.3560, -5.5400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

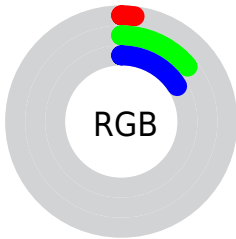
Format	Color
R_{YB}	4, 21, 40
Decimal	271400
CIE Lab	12.23, -9.82, -6.05
CIE LCh	12, 11.531, 211.643
Yxy	1.4408, 0.2247, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278461480 (0xFF042428)
YUV	26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728
Hunter-Lab	12.0032, -5.1835, -2.6104

Details

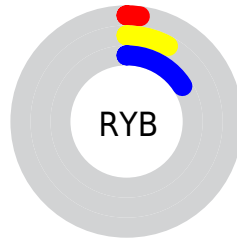
The YUV color **26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **17.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4860, 6.1694, -18.8432**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.6920, 7.0538, -22.5319**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.0840, 5.8746, -17.6137**.

Distribution



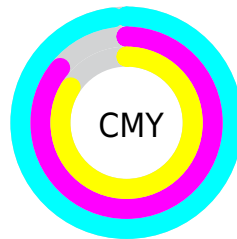
- Red (2%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.8880, 6.4642,
-20.0728

■ 26.8880, 6.4642,
-20.0728

■ 248.7210, 3.0955,
-12.9103

■ 11.0850, 4.3951,
-9.7215

■ 72.4860, 6.1694,
-18.8432

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 96.1870, 6.3168,
-19.4580

■ 121.3010, 6.7536,
-19.5580

■ 147.0020, 6.9010,
-20.1728

■ 174.0020, 6.9010,
-20.1728

■ 201.5890, 6.6116,

-20.6876

■ 229.4040, 7.1958,
-21.4023

■ 26.8880, 6.4642,
-20.0728

■ 26.8880, 6.4642,
-20.0728

■ 25.6920, 7.0538,
-22.5319

■ 28.0840, 5.8746,
-17.6137

■ 29.8670, 4.9956,
-15.6694

■ 31.0630, 4.4059,
-13.2103

■ 32.8460, 3.5269,
-11.2659

■ 34.0420, 2.9373,
-8.8068

■ 35.8250, 2.0583,
-6.8625

■ 37.0210, 1.4686,
-4.4034

■ 38.8040, 0.5896,
-2.4591

■ 40.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

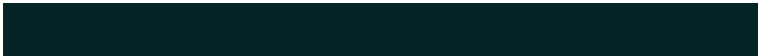
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.4710, 2.2328, -16.1991



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



28.4800, 8.6374, -17.0840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



32.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219



31.5570, -8.1626, 4.7735

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



17.1120, -6.4642, 20.0728

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.2310, -7.0159, 10.3214



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



32.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



32.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594



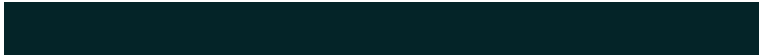
32.6380, -4.2585, 12.5955



30.6810, -6.2517, -1.4742

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



29.8120, 8.4737, -11.2361



32.6380, -4.2585, 12.5955



31.6820, -7.7312, 6.4179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



45.6400, 2.6425, -7.5773



25.5880, -8.6709, -18.9327



22.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182



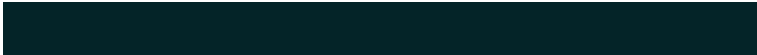
153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



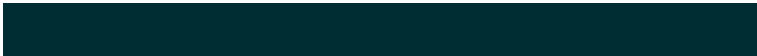
26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728



32.2290, 9.2541, -28.2648



16.3220, 11.6733, -10.8064



19.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



53.6010, 14.9867, -47.0081



134.5240, 38.1957, -117.9775

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4120, 8.6709, 18.9327



20.3790, 12.1382, 26.8546



27.6780, -11.6733, 10.8064



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



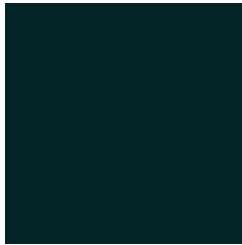
33.6660, 20.3777, 44.1429



84.8200, 50.8677, 111.5369

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

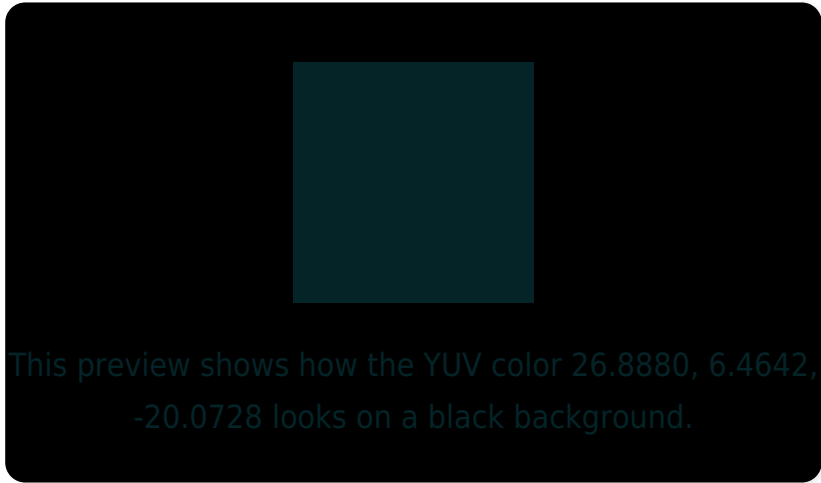
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

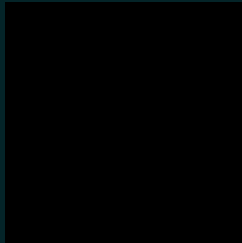
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

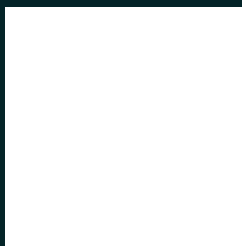
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728.



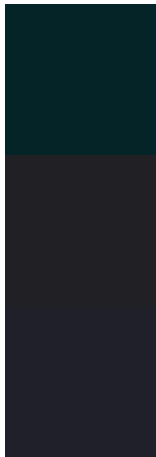
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728.

-20.0728.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728

Protanopia

32.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

Deuteranopia

32.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146



Tritanopia

25.5780, 6.6170, -22.4319

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728

Protanomaly

30.2810, 3.8055, -7.2624

Deuteranomaly

30.3240, 5.2633, -8.1771

Tritanomaly

25.8770, 6.4696, -21.8171

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728

Achromatopsia

27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 36, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 36, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 36, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 36, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 36, 40) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 36, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 36, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 36, 40); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 36, 40); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 36, 40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 26.8880, 6.4642, -20.0728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 36, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 36,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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