

Converting Colors

YUV(27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147)
contains.

YUV(27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(27.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A1B1F
RGB	26, 27, 31
RGB Percent	10%, 11%, 12%
CMY	0.8980, 0.8941, 0.8784
CMYK	0.16, 0.13, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	228°, 9%, 11%
HSV	228°, 16%, 12%
XYZ	1.0653, 1.1024, 1.4530
YIQ	27.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	26, 27, 31
Decimal	1710879
CIELab	9.82, 0.61, -2.93
CIELCh	10, 2.990, 281.859
Yxy	1.1024, 0.2942, 0.3045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279900959 (0xFF1A1B1F)
YUV	27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147
Hunter-Lab	10.4996, -0.2641, -0.8551

Details

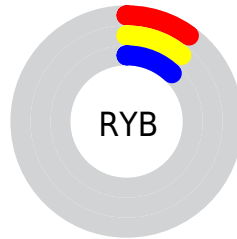
The YUV color **27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **29.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000**.

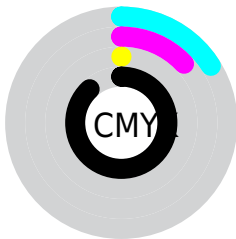
Distribution



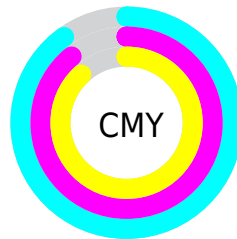
- Red (10%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (88%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

■ 27.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

■ 253.8150, 0.5842,
-0.7148

■ 0.6840, 2.6208,
-0.5999

■ 70.2710, 2.3314,
-1.1147

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.2710, 2.3314,
-1.1147

■ 118.2710, 2.3314,
-1.1147

■ 144.2710, 2.3314,
-1.1147

■ 170.3850, 2.7682,
-1.2146

■ 197.9720, 2.4788,

-1.7294

■ 225.9720, 2.4788,
-1.7294

■ 27.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

■ 27.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

■ 25.0860, 2.9156,
-1.8294

■ 29.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

■ 22.4280, 4.2260,
-2.1294

■ 31.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 20.3570, 5.2470,
-2.9441

■ 33.9570, -1.4578,
0.9147

■ 17.6990, 6.5574,
-3.2440

■ 36.6150, -2.7682,
1.2146

■ 15.6280, 7.5784,
-4.0588

■ 38.9850, -3.9366,
2.6442

■ 12.6710, 9.0362,
-4.9735

■ 41.6430, -5.2470,
2.9441

■ 10.6000, 10.0572,
-5.7882

■ 43.7140, -6.2680,
3.7588

■ 7.9420, 11.3676,
-6.0881

■ 46.3720, -7.5784,
4.0588

■ 7.0560, 11.8044,
-6.1881

■ 48.4430, -8.5994,
4.8735

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



27.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



27.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739



26.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



29.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



27.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



27.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



26.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147



26.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



27.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



26.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147



26.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



39.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000



29.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



19.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



35.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294



26.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149



14.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



18.3980, 29.8768, -16.1350



47.6650, 78.5522, -41.8022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



35.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



30.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149



14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



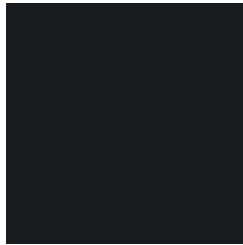
25.4450, -4.6564, 46.9677



66.5670, -12.6045, 123.1597

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

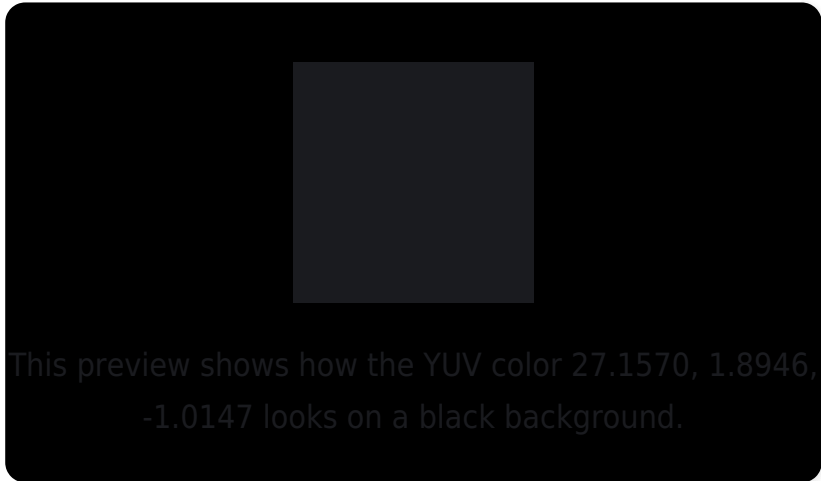
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

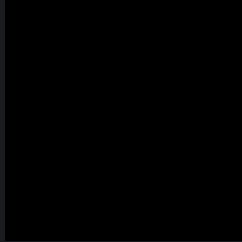
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147.

-1.0147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Protanopia

27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Deuteranopia

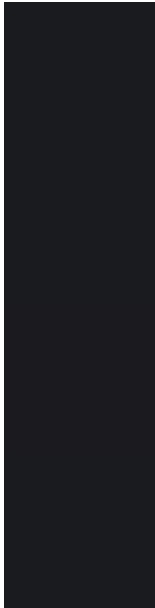
27.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297



Tritanopia

26.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Protanomaly

27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

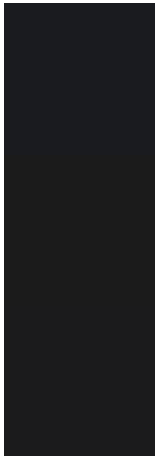
Deuteranomaly

26.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149

Tritanomaly

27.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Achromatopsia

27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

27.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 27, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 27, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 27, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 27, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

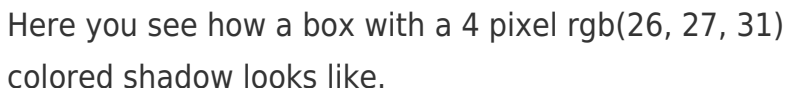
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 27, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 27, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 27, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 27, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 27, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 27, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 27.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 27, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 27,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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