

Converting Colors

YUV(27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(27.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	151E1E
RGB	21, 30, 30
RGB Percent	8%, 12%, 12%
CMY	0.9176, 0.8824, 0.8824
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	180°, 18%, 10%
HSV	180°, 30%, 12%
XYZ	1.0079, 1.1817, 1.4033
YIQ	27.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

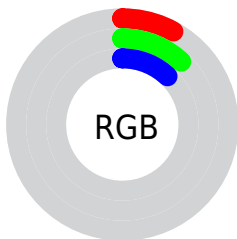
Format	Color
RYB	21, 26, 30
Decimal	1383966
CIELab	10.42, -4.04, -1.34
CIELCh	10, 4.254, 198.308
Yxy	1.1817, 0.2805, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279574046 (0xFF151E1E)
YUV	27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	10.8707, -2.4740, -0.0441

Details

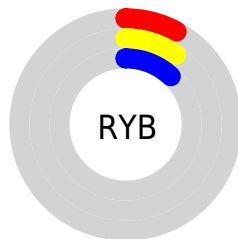
The YUV color **27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **23.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887**.

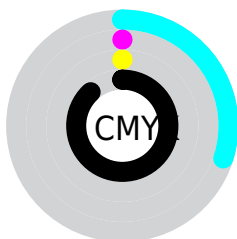
Distribution



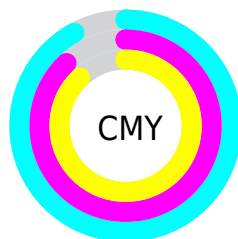
- Red (8%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (88%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 27.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 252.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 2.3310, 1.3158,
-2.0443

■ 71.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 118.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 144.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 171.2980, 1.3321,
-7.2773

■ 198.4120, 1.7689,

-7.3773

■ 226.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 27.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 27.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 26.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

■ 28.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 25.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 29.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 24.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 30.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 23.7210, 3.0955,
-12.9103

■ 30.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 22.8240, 3.5378,
-14.7546

■ 31.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 21.9270, 3.9800,
-16.5990

■ 32.6910, -1.3267,
5.5330

■ 21.0300, 4.4222,
-18.4433

■ 33.5880, -1.7689,
7.3773

■ 34.4850, -2.2111,
9.2217

■ 35.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

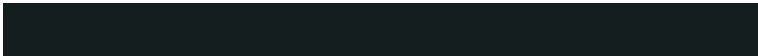
Harmonies

Analogous

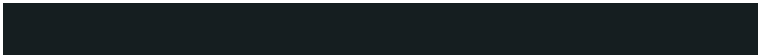
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



27.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



28.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



28.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



23.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



28.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



28.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



28.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



28.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



27.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



28.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



28.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



37.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



26.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332



19.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



33.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069



24.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



14.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



55.3790, 11.6452, -48.5674



145.1070, 30.5132, -127.2588

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



29.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



26.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738



14.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



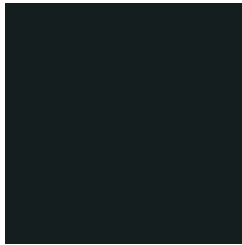
32.6270, 22.8619, 40.6691



85.4910, 59.9039, 106.5634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

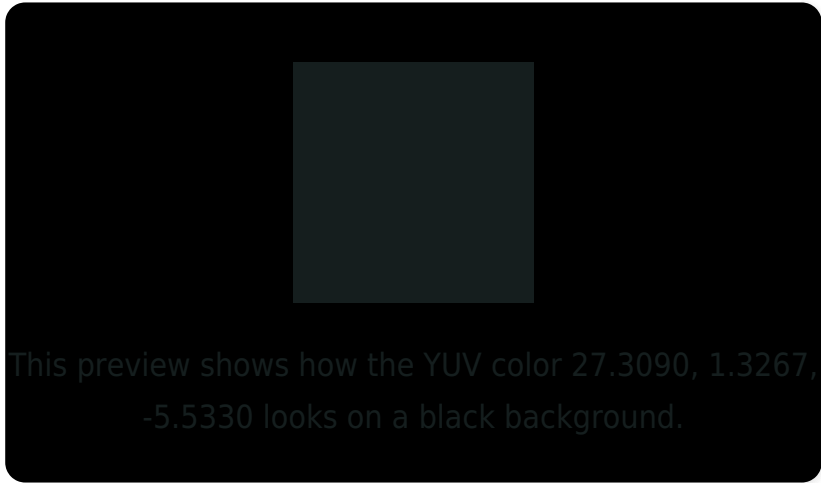
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

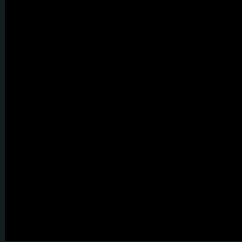
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

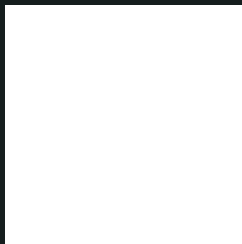
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330.



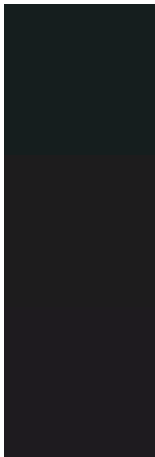
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330.

-5.5330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Protanopia

28.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Deuteranopia

28.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



Tritanopia

27.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Protanomaly

28.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

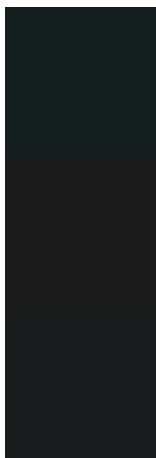
Deuteranomaly

28.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147

Tritanomaly

27.4230, 1.7635, -5.6330

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Achromatopsia

27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

27.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 30, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 30, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 30, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 30, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 30, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 30, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 30, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 30, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 30, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 30, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 27.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 30, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 30,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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