

# Converting Colors

YUV(27.3340, -13.4757,  
-17.8329)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(27.3340, -13.4757,  
-17.8329)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	072B00
RGB	7, 43, 0
RGB Percent	3%, 17%, 0%
CMY	0.9725, 0.8314, 1.0000
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 1.00, 0.83
HSL	110°, 100%, 8%
HSV	110°, 100%, 17%
XYZ	0.9515, 1.7729, 0.2921
YIQ	27.3340, -7.6530, -21.0050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

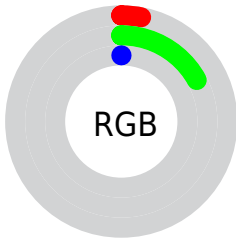
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 43, 36
Decimal	469760
CIELab	14.25, -22.62, 20.39
CIELCh	14, 30.449, 137.967
Yxy	1.7729, 0.3154, 0.5877
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278659840 (0xFF072B00)
YUV	27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329
Hunter-Lab	13.3151, -10.5458, 8.0201

# Details

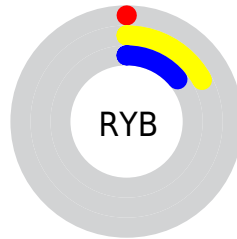
The YUV color **27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **15.6660, 13.4757, 17.8329**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.4480, -13.0389, -17.9329**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.9860, -12.3181, -15.7737**.

# Distribution



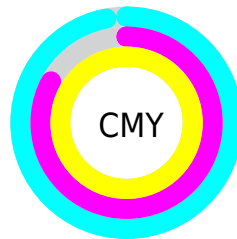
- Red (3%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.3340, -13.4757,  
-17.8329

■ 27.3340, -13.4757,  
-17.8329

■ 246.3120,  
-10.0138, -8.1666

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,  
-11.8404

■ 73.4480, -13.0389,  
-17.9329

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 97.9210, -13.7651,  
-18.3477


■ 123.0950,  
-14.3438, -19.3773


■ 148.9810,  
-14.7806, -19.2773


■ 175.4540,  
-15.5068, -19.6922


■ 203.3400,


-15.9436, -19.5922


 231.5140,  
-16.5224, -20.6218


 27.3340, -13.4757,  
-17.8329

 28.9860, -12.3181,  
-15.7737

 30.4530, -10.5763,  
-14.4293

 32.1050, -9.4188,  
-12.3701

 33.4580, -8.1138,  
-10.9257

 35.2240, -6.5194,  
-8.9664

■ 36.8760, -5.3619,  
-6.9073

■ 38.2290, -4.0569,  
-5.4628

■ 39.8810, -2.8993,  
-3.4036

■ 41.3480, -1.1576,  
-2.0592

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.0590, -16.2981, 0.8253



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



29.3790, -1.6658, -25.7654

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



32.9590, 22.2052, -28.9050



32.1940, -4.0396, 35.7869

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



15.6660, 13.4757, 17.8329

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.8050, 6.0121, 31.7430



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



32.3240, 22.0253, -17.8241

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



34.1670, 16.6797, -29.9645



37.3450, 13.6339, 13.7294



32.9470, -16.2429, 29.8645



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



31.6760, 4.5967, -27.7799



37.3450, 13.6339, 13.7294



31.8180, -0.4033, 36.1166

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



49.8760, -5.3619, -6.9073



33.9890, -16.7566, 7.9026



24.4680, -3.1887, -3.9184



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329



35.5630, -17.5326, -23.2958



26.8370, -6.3286, -23.5360



19.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



53.4940, -26.3725, -34.6362



134.6100, -66.3627, -88.2350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6660, 13.4757, 17.8329



20.4370, 17.5326, 23.2958



16.1630, 6.3286, 23.5360



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



30.5060, 26.3725, 34.6362



77.0910, 66.5101, 87.6202



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

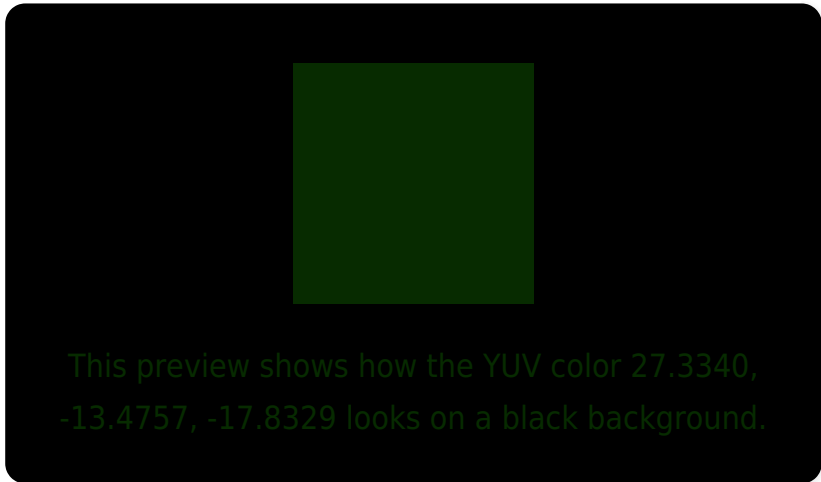
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

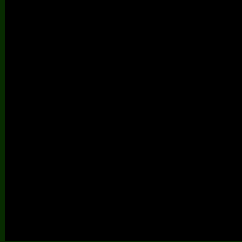
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329.



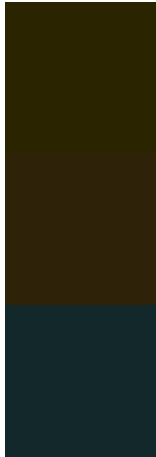
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

34.2770, -16.8986, 6.7731

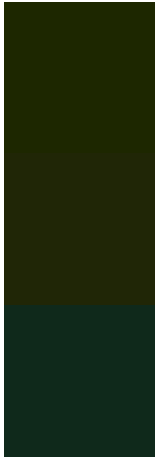
### Deuteranopia

35.3250, -12.9782, 9.3620

### Tritanopia

34.0630, 4.4059, -13.2103

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

31.5640, -15.5611, -2.2486

## Deuteranomaly

32.5580, -13.0931, -0.4894

## Tritanomaly

31.6300, -2.2826, -14.5845

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

27.2890, -5.0725, -6.3925

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 43, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 43, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 43, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 43, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 43, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 43, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 43, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 43, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 43, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 43, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 27.3340, -13.4757, -17.8329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 43, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 43,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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