

# Converting Colors

YUV(27.4770, 36.7398,  
-24.0973)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(27.4770, 36.7398,  
-24.0973)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001B66
RGB	0, 27, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 11%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8941, 0.6000
CMYK	1.00, 0.74, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	224°, 100%, 20%
HSV	224°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	2.7902, 1.7432, 12.7598
YIQ	27.4770, -40.1670, 17.6010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

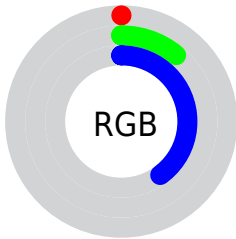
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 21, 102
Decimal	7014
CIELab	14.08, 24.60, -46.01
CIELCh	14, 52.177, 298.128
Yxy	1.7432, 0.1613, 0.1008
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278197094 (0xFF001B66)
YUV	27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973
Hunter-Lab	13.2029, 14.6177, -48.0579

# Details

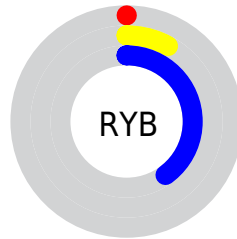
The YUV color **27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **74.5230, -36.7398, 24.0973**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.5760, 36.6910, -8.3982**, and **9.0910, 22.1401, -7.9728** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.5760, 33.2400, -21.5532**.

# Distribution



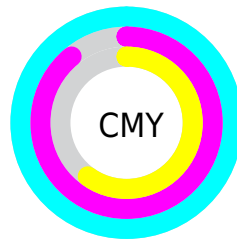
- Red (0%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 27.4770, 36.7398,  
-24.0973

■ 27.4770, 36.7398,  
-24.0973

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 11.1260, 32.4759,  
-9.7575

■ 79.5760, 36.6910,  
-8.3982

■ 9.0910, 22.1401,  
-7.9728

■ 105.1140, 37.4118,  
-6.2390

■ 4.8220, 13.3988,  
-4.2289

■ 131.0540, 38.4274,  
-5.3094

■ 0.3420, 1.3104,  
-0.2999

■ 157.4070, 39.7323,  
-3.8649

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 183.5660, 35.2170,  
-2.2504

■ 207.7870, 23.2760,

1.0638

■ 233.1930, 10.7509,  
5.0927

■ 27.4770, 36.7398,  
-24.0973

■ 34.5760, 33.2400,  
-21.5532

■ 42.2620, 29.4508,  
-19.5238

■ 49.6600, 25.8036,  
-16.3648

■ 57.3460, 22.0144,  
-14.3354

■ 65.0320, 18.2252,  
-12.3061

■ 72.1310, 14.7254,  
-9.7619

■ 79.8170, 10.9362,  
-7.7325

■ 87.2150, 7.2890,  
-4.5736

■ 94.9010, 3.4998,  
-2.5442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.3080, 36.3302, -32.7191



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



30.6760, 21.8517, 37.9951

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



29.7570, -14.6702, 38.8011



32.9980, -0.4920, -28.9392

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



74.5230, -36.7398, 24.0973

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.5890, -13.6014, -24.1956



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



34.3100, -16.9148, 12.0061

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



27.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595



27.0350, -13.3283, -18.4477



37.3300, 16.1063, -32.7384



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



32.8380, 9.4469, 50.1311



27.0350, -13.3283, -18.4477



30.9290, -5.8810, -27.1247

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



103.4300, 14.5780, -9.1471



68.4240, 3.2420, -60.0078



48.8450, 8.4574, -6.0031



194.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973



35.7070, 47.9654, -31.3150



18.8040, 41.0156, 4.5569



47.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



30.7200, 41.5500, -26.9414



65.1560, 87.1841, -57.1418



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.5760, -3.2420, 60.0078



43.7570, -4.3172, 78.2661



83.1960, -41.0156, -4.5569



47.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



37.8050, -3.8479, 67.7000



79.6540, -7.7174, 142.3774



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

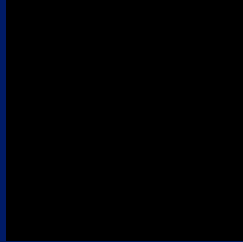
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.4770, 36.7398,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973

### Protanopia

29.7960, 22.7786, -26.1311

### Deuteranopia

30.3030, 17.1056, -26.5757

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973

## Protanomaly

29.0610, 27.5779, -25.4865

## Deuteranomaly

29.4370, 23.9416, -25.8162

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973

## Achromatopsia

27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

27.0880, 13.2676, -8.8472

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 27, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 27, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 27, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 27, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 27, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 27, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 27, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 27, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 27, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 27, 102)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 27.4770, 36.7398, -24.0973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 27, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 27,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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