

Converting Colors

YUV(27.6030, 15.4787,
-18.0688)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(27.6030, 15.4787,
-18.0688)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	07203B
RGB	7, 32, 59
RGB Percent	3%, 13%, 23%
CMY	0.9725, 0.8745, 0.7686
CMYK	0.88, 0.46, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	211°, 79%, 13%
HSV	211°, 88%, 23%
XYZ	1.3936, 1.3940, 4.3333
YIQ	27.6030, -23.5670, 3.0970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

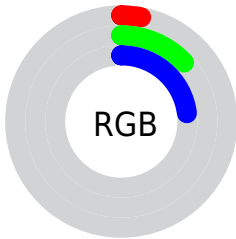
Format	Color
R_{YB}	7, 24, 59
Decimal	467003
CIE _{Lab}	11.92, 2.04, -20.15
CIE _{LCh}	12, 20.253, 275.789
Yxy	1.3940, 0.1957, 0.1958
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278657083 (0xFF07203B)
YUV	27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688
Hunter-Lab	11.8066, 0.4070, -13.4961

Details

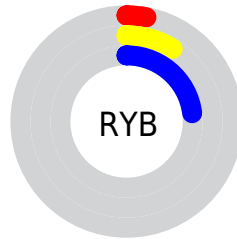
The YUV color **27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **38.3970, -15.4787, 18.0688**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.8530, 16.3415, -14.7801**, and **2.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.0480, 17.2313, -20.2131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.1580, 13.7261, -15.9246**.

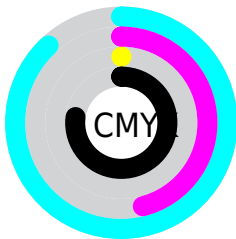
Distribution



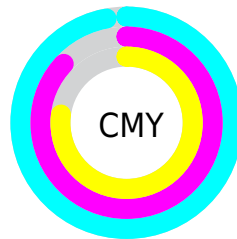
- Red (3%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.6030, 15.4787,
-18.0688

■ 27.6030, 15.4787,
-18.0688

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 8.9140, 13.8464,
-7.8176

■ 73.8530, 16.3415,
-14.7801

■ 2.2970, 6.2626,
-2.0145

■ 97.6790, 16.9203,
-13.7505

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 122.7930, 17.3571,
-13.8505

■ 148.9070, 17.7938,
-13.9504

■ 176.0210, 18.2306,
-14.0504

■ 203.1350, 18.6674,

-14.1504

■ 229.5390, 12.5523,
-12.7507

■ 27.6030, 15.4787,
-18.0688

■ 27.6030, 15.4787,
-18.0688

■ 24.0480, 17.2313,
-20.2131

■ 31.1580, 13.7261,
-15.9246

■ 23.1620, 17.6681,
-20.3131

■ 34.7130, 11.9735,
-13.7803

■ 38.2680, 10.2209,
-11.6360

■ 41.8230, 8.4683,
-9.4918

■ 45.3780, 6.7156,
-7.3475

■ 48.6340, 5.1104,
-5.8180

■ 52.1890, 3.3578,
-3.6738

■ 56.3310, 1.3158,
-2.0443

■ 59.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.6300, 14.4794, -24.2315



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



32.4700, 10.6143, 2.2188

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



30.4820, -7.6326, 21.5023



24.1840, -2.5557, -20.3324

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



38.3970, -15.4787, 18.0688

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6500, -12.6454, -4.0780



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



29.9130, -14.7471, 16.7393

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



30.9150, -0.9441, 22.8765



29.5590, -14.5726, 7.4028



26.1820, 3.8543, -22.9616

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



32.6130, 7.0928, 11.7404



29.5590, -14.5726, 7.4028



26.0060, -5.9190, -14.9143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



64.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328



40.6020, -3.2548, -29.4690



30.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688



30.4970, 22.9260, -26.7459



13.2270, 22.5661, -4.5841



28.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



37.1310, 28.0364, -32.5639



88.1170, 66.0043, -77.2786

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3980, 3.2548, 29.4690



27.2410, 4.8112, 43.6386



52.7730, -22.5661, 4.5841



29.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



33.2360, 5.7997, 53.2900



78.5760, 14.0130, 125.7828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

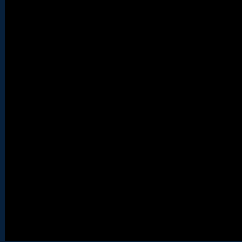
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 27.6030, 15.4787,

-18.0688.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688

Protanopia

30.4900, 13.5624, -10.0767

Deuteranopia

25.8690, 15.3476, -22.6871



Tritanopia

24.8770, 6.4696, -21.8171

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688

Protanomaly

29.2940, 14.1521, -12.5358

Deuteranomaly

26.8800, 15.3422, -20.9428

Tritanomaly

26.0990, 9.8112, -20.2578

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688

Achromatopsia

28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

27.4490, 5.6946, -6.5328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 32, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 32, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 32, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 32, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 32, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 32, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 32, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 32, 59); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 32, 59); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 32, 59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 27.6030, 15.4787, -18.0688 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 32, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 32,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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