

Converting Colors

YUV(28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(28.2390, -2.5828,
-11.6106)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F2417
RGB	15, 36, 23
RGB Percent	6%, 14%, 9%
CMY	0.9412, 0.8588, 0.9098
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.36, 0.86
HSL	143°, 41%, 10%
HSV	143°, 58%, 14%
XYZ	0.9825, 1.4252, 1.0339
YIQ	28.2390, -8.3430, -8.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

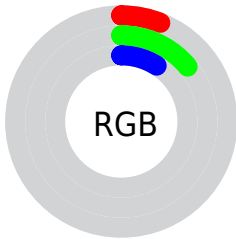
Format	Color
RYB	15, 30, 36
Decimal	992279
CIELab	12.12, -12.31, 6.14
CIELCh	12, 13.751, 153.489
Yxy	1.4252, 0.2855, 0.4141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279182359 (0xFF0F2417)
YUV	28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106
Hunter-Lab	11.9381, -6.2006, 3.2217

Details

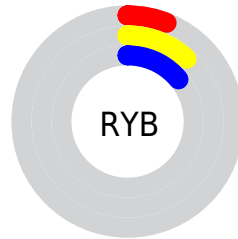
The YUV color **28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **22.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106**, and the grayscale version is **28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4130, -3.1616, -12.6402**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8150, -2.8668, -13.8698**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.6630, -2.2989, -9.3515**.

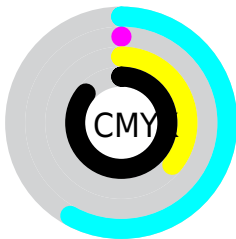
Distribution



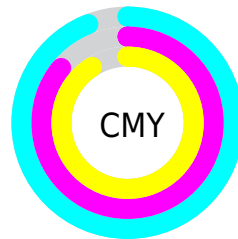
- Red (6%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.2390, -2.5828,
-11.6106

■ 28.2390, -2.5828,
-11.6106

■ 250.1300, -0.5571,
-8.0070

■ 8.2180, -4.0515,
-7.2072

■ 72.4130, -3.1616,
-12.6402

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 96.0000, -3.4510,
-13.1550

■ 120.8860, -3.8878,
-13.0550

■ 146.5870, -3.7404,
-13.6698

■ 173.1740, -4.0298,
-14.1846

■ 200.7610, -4.3192,

-14.6994

■ 228.7610, -4.3192,
-14.6994

■ 28.2390, -2.5828,
-11.6106

■ 28.2390, -2.5828,
-11.6106

■ 26.8150, -2.8668,
-13.8698

■ 29.6630, -2.2989,
-9.3515

■ 25.6900, -3.2982,
-15.5141

■ 30.7880, -1.8675,
-7.7071

■ 24.1520, -4.0189,
-17.6733

■ 32.3260, -1.1467,
-5.5479

■ 23.0270, -4.4503,
-19.3177

■ 33.4510, -0.7153,
-3.9035

■ 22.7280, -4.3029,
-19.9325

■ 34.8750, -0.4314,
-1.6444

■ 36.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 37.5380, 0.7208,
2.1592

■ 38.9620, 1.0047,
4.4183

■ 40.0870, 1.4361,
6.0627

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.7410, -7.2673, -2.4039



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



26.0790, 3.4121, -21.1173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



30.2790, 10.2155, -9.8917



31.8340, -4.8482, 15.0546

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



22.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.5720, -0.7750, 15.2844



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



32.6610, 7.5621, 1.1743

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



26.3160, 10.6902, -22.2021



32.9780, 3.4618, 9.6663



31.4870, -8.6211, 11.8509

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



26.1650, 6.3277, -22.9467



32.9780, 3.4618, 9.6663



32.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



43.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183



31.2140, -7.9935, -2.8187



21.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740



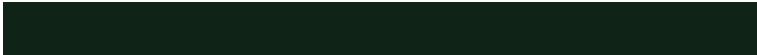
150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106



34.1520, -4.0189, -17.6733



29.3790, 1.7852, -12.6104



17.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



51.6680, -10.1893, -45.3128



131.8030, -25.5389, -115.5912

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106



25.8480, 4.0189, 17.6733



21.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



16.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



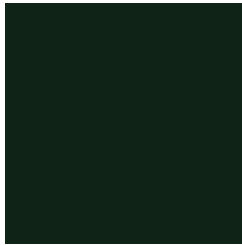
30.3320, 10.1893, 45.3128



77.1970, 25.5389, 115.5912

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

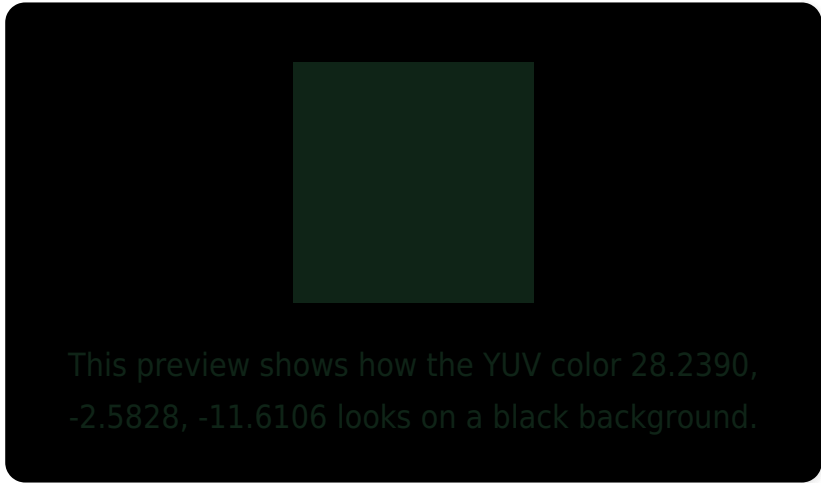
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

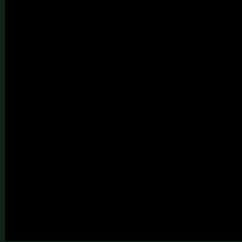
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.2390, -2.5828,

-11.6106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

Protanopia

31.6430, -5.2470, 2.9441

Deuteranopia

31.9960, -3.9420, 4.3885



Tritanopia

29.8570, 3.5215, -9.5216

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

Protanomaly

30.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741

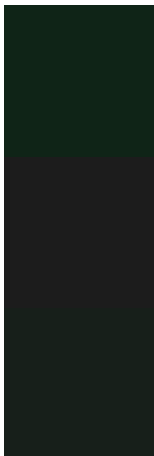
Deuteranomaly

30.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593

Tritanomaly

29.5750, 1.1955, -10.1513

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

Achromatopsia

28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

28.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 36, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 36, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 36, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 36, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 36, 23) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 36, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 36, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 36, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 36, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 36, 23)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 28.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 36, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 36,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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