

Converting Colors

YUV(28.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687)
contains.

YUV(28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(28.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	072042
RGB	7, 32, 66
RGB Percent	3%, 13%, 26%
CMY	0.9725, 0.8745, 0.7412
CMYK	0.89, 0.52, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	215°, 81%, 14%
HSV	215°, 89%, 26%
XYZ	1.5875, 1.4715, 5.3546
YIQ	28.4010, -25.8140, 5.2740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

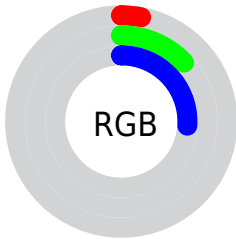
Format	Color
R _Y B	7, 25, 66
Decimal	467010
CIE Lab	12.43, 5.28, -24.26
CIE LCh	12, 24.833, 282.284
Yxy	1.4715, 0.1887, 0.1749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278657090 (0xFF072042)
YUV	28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687
Hunter-Lab	12.1307, 2.1309, -17.6797

Details

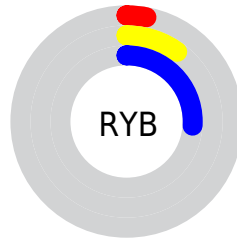
The YUV color **28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **44.5990, -18.5363, 18.7687**, and the grayscale version is **28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.5480, 18.9568, -13.6356**, and **3.0950, 9.3202, -2.7143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.9600, 20.7257, -21.0129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.8420, 16.3469, -16.5244**.

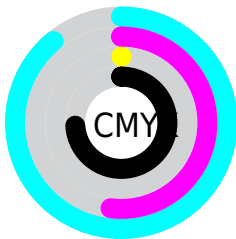
Distribution



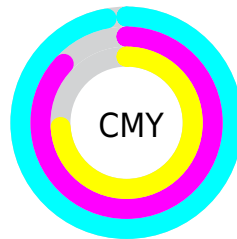
- Red (3%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687

■ 28.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687

■ 252.9070, 1.0318,
-4.3034

■ 9.7120, 16.9040,
-8.5174

■ 75.5480, 18.9568,
-13.6356

■ 3.0950, 9.3202,
-2.7143

■ 99.4880, 19.9724,
-12.7060

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.6020, 20.4092,
-12.8060

■ 150.8300, 21.2828,
-13.0059

■ 177.9440, 21.7196,
-13.1059

■ 205.3570, 22.0090,

-12.5911

■ 230.7350, 11.9626,
-10.2916

■ 28.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687

■ 28.4010, 18.5363,
-18.7687

■ 23.9600, 20.7257,
-21.0129

■ 32.8420, 16.3469,
-16.5244

■ 36.9840, 14.3049,
-14.8950

■ 40.8380, 12.4049,
-12.1359

■ 44.9800, 10.3629,
-10.5065

■ 49.4210, 8.1734,
-8.2622

■ 53.8620, 5.9840,
-6.0180

■ 58.0040, 3.9420,
-4.3885

■ 61.8580, 2.0420,
-1.6295

■ 66.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1290, 17.6844, -25.5461



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



33.8450, 11.9084, 7.1519

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



30.2500, -12.4482, 26.0908



25.8740, -2.4029, -22.6915

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



44.5990, -18.5363, 18.7687

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.3890, -13.5028, -9.1112



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



31.3860, -15.4733, 16.3245

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



30.6060, -2.2708, 28.4095



30.4230, -14.9985, 4.0140



27.9260, 5.4595, -24.4911

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



32.8850, 7.9447, 18.5179



30.4230, -14.9985, 4.0140



24.6030, -4.7343, -21.5768

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



71.6060, 7.5892, -7.5475



45.3950, -2.6597, -33.6724



34.1180, 4.3788, -4.4885



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687



31.6370, 27.2940, -27.7456



14.9220, 25.1815, -3.4396



30.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



35.1250, 30.5044, -30.8046



81.3010, 70.3506, -71.3010

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.4910, 2.2229, 33.7724



30.2310, 3.3371, 49.7864



58.0780, -25.1815, 3.4396



31.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



33.6770, 3.6102, 55.5343



77.8060, 8.4766, 128.2121

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

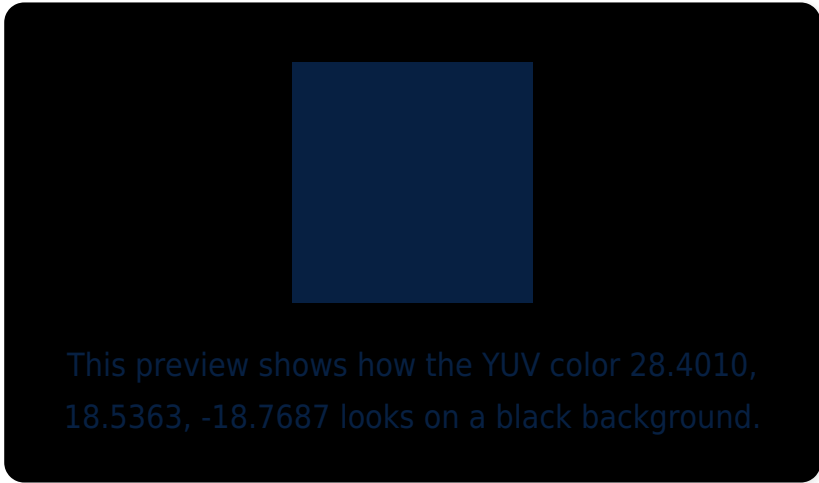
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

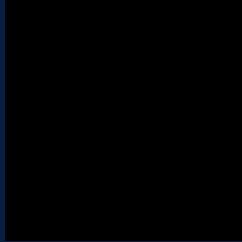
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.4010, 18.5363,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687

Protanopia

29.2980, 18.0941, -16.9243

Deuteranopia

26.6840, 15.9318, -23.4019



Tritanopia

26.1650, 6.3277, -22.9467

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687

Protanomaly

28.9990, 18.2415, -17.5391

Deuteranomaly

27.3360, 17.0894, -21.3427

Tritanomaly

27.0280, 10.8322, -21.0726

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687

Achromatopsia

28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

27.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 32, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 32, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 32, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 32, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 32, 66) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 32, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 32, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 32, 66); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 32, 66); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 32, 66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 28.4010, 18.5363, -18.7687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 32, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 32,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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