

# Converting Colors

YUV(28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191)  
contains.

<b>YUV(28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(28.4970, 33.2790,  
12.7191)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B0860
RGB	43, 8, 96
RGB Percent	17%, 3%, 38%
CMY	0.8314, 0.9686, 0.6235
CMYK	0.55, 0.92, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	264°, 85%, 20%
HSV	264°, 92%, 38%
XYZ	3.1944, 1.5318, 11.1936
YIQ	28.4970, -7.3880, 34.7880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

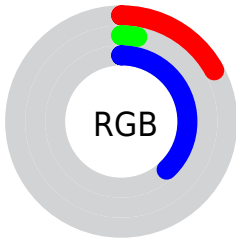
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	43, 8, 96
Decimal	2820192
CIELab	12.81, 37.18, -44.02
CIELCh	13, 57.622, 310.185
Yxy	1.5318, 0.2007, 0.0962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281010272 (0xFF2B0860)
YUV	28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191
Hunter-Lab	12.3765, 24.4124, -44.9597




# Details

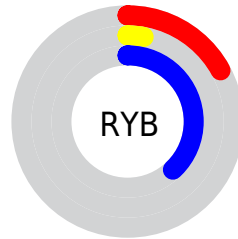
The YUV color **28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **75.5030, -33.2790, -12.7191**, and the grayscale version is **28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4480, 34.2891, 15.3931**, and **5.4720, 20.9663, -4.7989** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.3060, 36.3311, 13.7636**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.1610, 29.5006, 11.2598**.

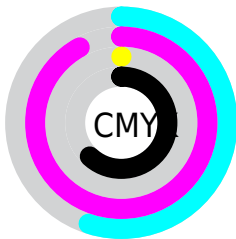
# Distribution







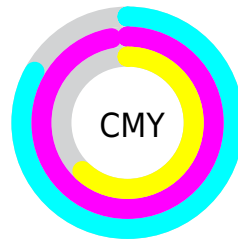
-  Red (17%)
-  Green (3%)
-  Blue (38%)






-  Red (17%)
-  Yellow (3%)
-  Blue (38%)



-  Cyan (55%)
-  Magenta (92%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (62%)



-  Cyan (83%)
-  Magenta (97%)
-  Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.4970, 33.2790,  
12.7191

■ 28.4970, 33.2790,  
12.7191

■ 246.7820, 4.0515,  
7.2072

■ 13.2910, 28.9435,  
3.2528

■ 78.4480, 34.2891,  
15.3931

■ 5.4720, 20.9663,  
-4.7989

■ 103.3880, 35.3047,  
16.3227

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142

■ 129.5130, 35.7361,  
17.9671

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 156.1540, 36.8991,  
18.2819


■ 182.8230, 35.5833,  
20.3262


■ 207.9300, 23.2055,


23.7404


 230.3460, 12.1544,  
21.6216


 28.4970, 33.2790,  
12.7191


 28.4970, 33.2790,  
12.7191


 22.3060, 36.3311,  
13.7636

 36.1610, 29.5006,  
11.2598

 43.2380, 26.0117,  
10.3153

 50.6030, 22.3807,  
8.2412

 57.6800, 18.8918,  
7.2966

 65.3440, 15.1134,  
5.8373

■ 73.0080, 11.3351,  
4.3780

■ 79.7860, 7.9935,  
2.8187

■ 87.4500, 4.2151,  
1.3593

■ 94.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2420, 39.8137, -30.0302



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



32.6680, 13.9677, 46.7722

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



30.5770, -15.0745, 28.4350



33.4200, 6.2019, -29.3093

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



75.5030, -33.2790, -12.7191

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.5890, -13.6014, -24.1956



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



30.1020, -14.8403, -0.0895

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



25.7140, -12.6770, 52.8708



25.2410, -12.4438, -22.1364



37.8660, 23.2371, -33.2085



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



32.6940, 1.1369, 55.5194



25.2410, -12.4438, -22.1364



31.8240, 0.0868, -27.9096

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



98.1760, 13.2242, 5.1076



49.7300, 22.8111, -36.5972



47.1990, 8.2829, 3.3335



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191



29.2000, 47.2294, 18.2416



41.3540, 26.9405, 39.1545



45.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



26.2230, 42.2881, 16.4674



55.7650, 90.8279, 34.4091



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3540, 10.1785, 48.8015



45.9250, 14.3340, 69.3488



62.6460, -26.9405, -39.1545



45.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



41.2400, 13.1927, 62.0565

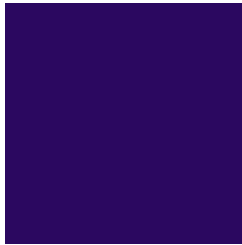


88.1760, 27.5212, 133.1496



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

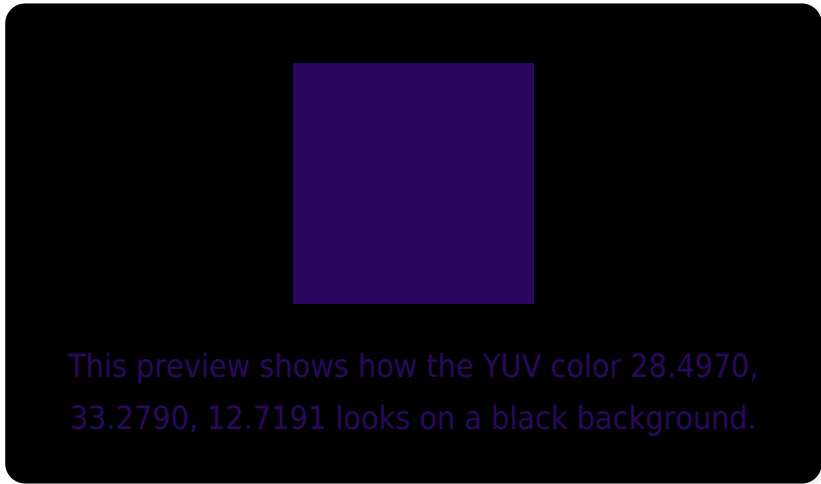
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

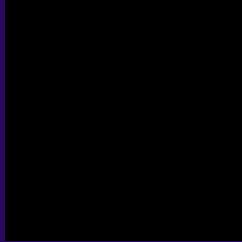
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.4970, 33.2790,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191

### Protanopia

28.1660, 21.6102, -24.7016

### Deuteranopia

28.7870, 16.3740, -25.2462



## Tritanopia

34.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191

## Protanomaly

28.6930, 25.7874, -11.1318

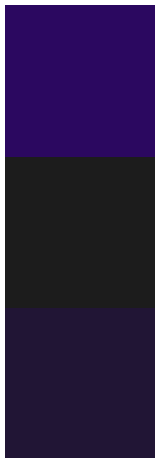
## Deuteranomaly

28.4820, 22.4404, -10.9467

## Tritanomaly

32.0720, 14.2615, -0.9401

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191

## Achromatopsia

28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

28.2360, 12.2087, 4.1780

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 8, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 8, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 8, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 8, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 8, 96) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 8, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 8, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 8, 96); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 8, 96); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 8, 96) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 28.4970, 33.2790, 12.7191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 8, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 8,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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