

# Converting Colors

YUV(28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587)  
contains.

<b>YUV(28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(28.6530, -7.2239,  
-16.3587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A290E
RGB	10, 41, 14
RGB Percent	4%, 16%, 5%
CMY	0.9608, 0.8392, 0.9451
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.66, 0.84
HSL	128°, 61%, 10%
HSV	128°, 76%, 16%
XYZ	0.9974, 1.6821, 0.6876
YIQ	28.6530, -9.8090, -14.9690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

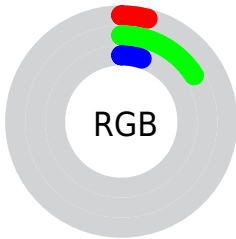
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	10, 37, 41
Decimal	665870
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	13.72, -18.65, 13.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	14, 23.211, 143.448
Yxy	1.6821, 0.2962, 0.4996
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278855950 (0xFF0A290E)
YUV	28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587
Hunter-Lab	12.9696, -8.9700, 5.9355

# Details

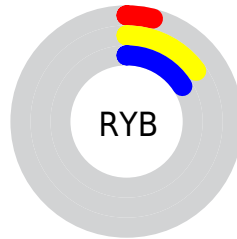
The YUV color **28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **22.3470, 7.2239, 16.3587**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.0120, -8.3869, -16.6735**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.0010, -8.3815, -18.4179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3050, -6.0664, -14.2995**.

# Distribution



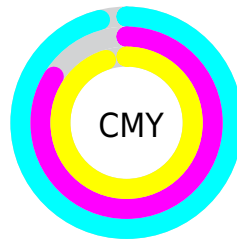
- Red (4%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.6530, -7.2239,  
-16.3587

■ 28.6530, -7.2239,  
-16.3587

■ 247.9790, -4.9196,  
-8.7516

■ 12.3270, -6.0772,  
-10.8108

■ 74.0120, -8.3869,  
-16.6735

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 97.8980, -8.8237,  
-16.5735


■ 123.0720, -9.4025,  
-17.6031


■ 148.9580, -9.8393,  
-17.5032


■ 175.5450,  
-10.1287, -18.0180


■ 203.1320,


-10.4181, -18.5328


 231.7190,  
-10.7075, -19.0476


 28.6530, -7.2239,  
-16.3587


 28.6530, -7.2239,  
-16.3587


 27.0010, -8.3815,  
-18.4179


 30.3050, -6.0664,  
-14.2995


 25.4630, -9.1023,  
-20.5771

 31.8430, -5.3456,  
-12.1403

 24.6370, -9.6810,  
-21.6066

 33.4950, -4.1880,  
-10.0811

 35.0330, -3.4673,  
-7.9219

 36.6850, -2.3097,  
-5.8627

■ 38.5220, -1.7363,  
-3.0888

■ 40.1740, -0.5788,  
-1.0296

■ 41.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 43.3640, 1.2995,  
3.1888

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8740, -15.7139, 0.1105



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



28.7750, 1.0969, -25.2357

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



29.9440, 18.2686, -26.2609



34.0850, -5.4649, 26.2355

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



22.3470, 7.2239, 16.3587

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.7240, 2.1081, 23.9211



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



34.8650, 14.8566, -5.1436

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



31.0210, 14.7796, -27.2054



36.0800, 8.8346, 13.0848



33.1740, -13.8898, 21.7724



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



30.0290, 5.9017, -26.3354



36.0800, 8.8346, 13.0848



34.0680, -2.9915, 26.2504

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



48.8590, -2.8885, -6.8923



36.2700, -12.9511, 0.6402



24.8100, -1.8783, -4.2184



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587



34.4470, -11.5594, -25.8250



30.3630, -0.6720, -17.8584



19.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



50.5620, -19.5041, -44.3429



127.5220, -49.5573, -111.8368



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3470, 7.2239, 16.3587



24.4390, 11.1226, 25.9250



20.6370, 0.6720, 17.8584



18.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



33.4380, 19.5041, 44.3429



84.3640, 49.1205, 111.9368



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

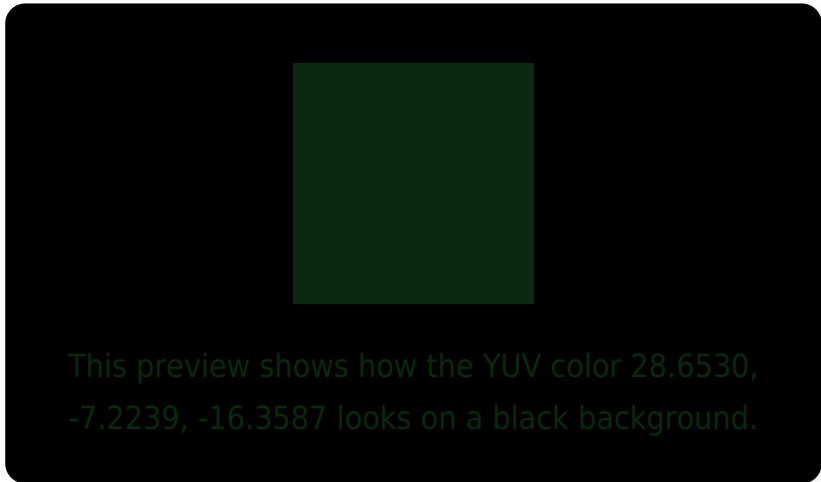
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.6530, -7.2239,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587

### Protanopia

33.8730, -10.7834, 5.3734

### Deuteranopia

34.9380, -9.3364, 7.9474



## Tritanopia

32.6610, 4.1111, -11.9807

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587

## Protanomaly

31.8720, -9.3039, -2.5187

## Deuteranomaly

32.9970, -8.8725, -0.8744

## Tritanomaly

31.2110, -0.1040, -13.3400

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587

## Achromatopsia

29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

28.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 41, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 41, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 41, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 41, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 41, 14) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 41, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 41, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 41, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 41, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 41, 14)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 28.6530, -7.2239, -16.3587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 41, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 41,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor