

# Converting Colors

YUV(28.7500, -14.1738,  
19.5132)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(28.7500, -14.1738,  
19.5132)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	331700
RGB	51, 23, 0
RGB Percent	20%, 9%, 0%
CMY	0.8000, 0.9098, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 1.00, 0.80
HSL	27°, 100%, 10%
HSV	27°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.6716, 1.3166, 0.1660
YIQ	28.7500, 24.0710, -1.2170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	51, 42, 0
Decimal	3348224
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	11.39, 11.96, 17.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	11, 21.005, 55.281
Yxy	1.3166, 0.5300, 0.4174
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281538304 (0xFF331700)
YUV	28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132
Hunter-Lab	11.4743, 5.9247, 7.1741

# Details

The YUV color **28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **22.2500, 14.1738, -19.5132**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.0000, -13.3110, 22.8020**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0810, -12.8579, 17.4690**.

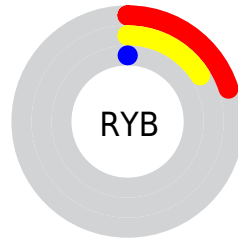
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (9%)

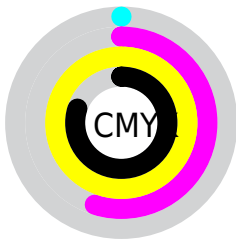
Blue (0%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.7500, -14.1738,  
19.5132

■ 28.7500, -14.1738,  
19.5132

■ 248.7590,  
-11.2202, 5.4734

■ 8.3720, -4.1274,  
17.2138

■ 74.0000, -13.3110,  
22.8020

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 98.1850, -13.8952,  
23.5168

■ 123.0820,  
-14.3374, 25.3611


■ 149.4520,  
-15.5058, 26.7906


■ 176.0500,  
-15.8006, 28.0202


■ 203.9360,


-16.2374, 28.1201


 228.5440,  
-15.0582, 23.2019


 28.7500, -14.1738,  
19.5132

 31.0810, -12.8579,  
17.4690

 33.4120, -11.5421,  
15.4247

 35.1560, -9.9369,  
13.8952

 37.4870, -8.6211,  
11.8509

 39.9320, -6.8685,  
9.7066

■ 42.2630, -5.5527,  
7.6623

■ 44.5940, -4.2368,  
5.6181

■ 46.3380, -2.6316,  
4.0886

■ 48.6690, -1.3158,  
2.0443

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



29.2820, -14.4360, 10.2767

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



24.7970, 1.0861, -21.7470



30.0070, 12.8145, -3.5141

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



22.2500, 14.1738, -19.5132

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.0970, 16.2212, -22.8871



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



26.5070, 7.6380, -23.2466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



24.4790, -6.6451, -15.3291



27.2880, 13.1690, -23.9316



31.1400, 7.8190, 12.1552



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



28.6510, -14.1249, 3.8141



27.2880, 13.1690, -23.9316



28.7180, 14.4360, -10.2767

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



57.2630, -5.5527, 7.6623



18.4410, 4.7126, 28.5542



28.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132



37.3440, -18.4106, 25.1313



43.4250, -21.4085, 6.6433



24.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295



50.0910, -24.6949, 34.1232



122.4090, -60.3476, 82.9563



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.2500, 14.1738, -19.5132



28.6560, 18.4106, -25.1313



7.5750, 21.4085, -6.6433



23.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



38.9090, 24.6949, -34.1232

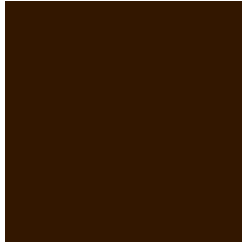


94.5910, 60.3476, -82.9563



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

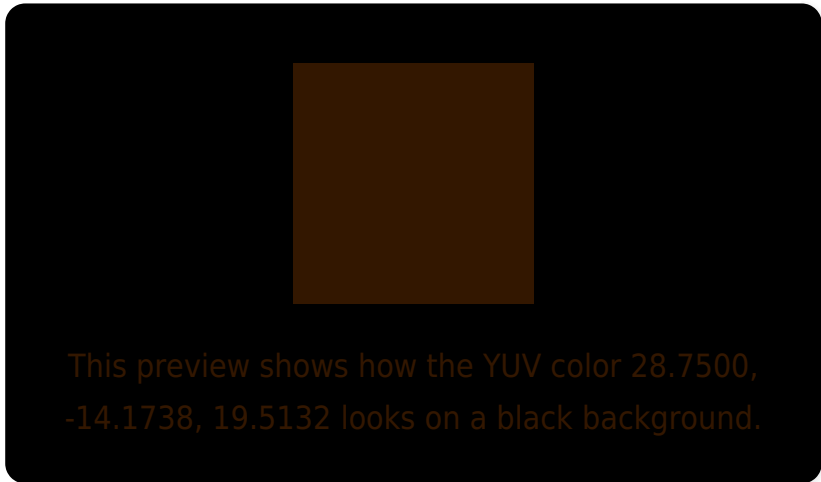
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

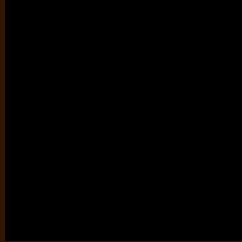
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132.



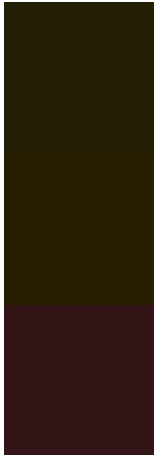
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 28.7500, -14.1738,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

29.2320, -11.9464, 5.0585

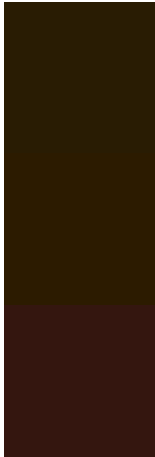
### Deuteranopia

29.5700, -14.5780, 9.1471

### Tritanopia

30.4970, -3.6960, 18.8581

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

29.0370, -12.8362, 10.4916

## Deuteranomaly

29.0050, -14.2995, 13.1506

## Tritanomaly

30.1720, -7.4798, 19.1432

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

28.9640, -5.4053, 7.0476

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 23, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 23, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 23, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 23, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 23, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 23, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 23, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 23, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 23, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 23, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 28.7500, -14.1738, 19.5132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 23, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 23,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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