

Converting Colors

YUV(29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(29.0980, -2.0203,
-5.3479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	172119
RGB	23, 33, 25
RGB Percent	9%, 13%, 10%
CMY	0.9098, 0.8706, 0.9020
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.24, 0.87
HSL	132°, 18%, 11%
HSV	132°, 30%, 13%
XYZ	1.0727, 1.3401, 1.1218
YIQ	29.0980, -3.3920, -4.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

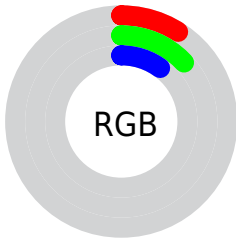
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 31, 33
Decimal	1515801
CIE Lab	11.55, -6.61, 3.99
CIE LCh	12, 7.717, 148.908
Yxy	1.3401, 0.3035, 0.3791
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279705881 (0xFF172119)
YUV	29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479
Hunter-Lab	11.5761, -3.7178, 2.3575

Details

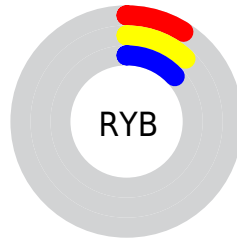
The YUV color **29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **26.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.8590, -2.8885, -6.8923**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3370, -1.1521, -3.8035**.

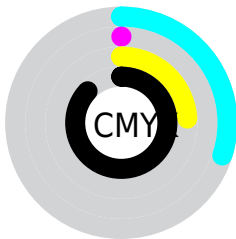
Distribution



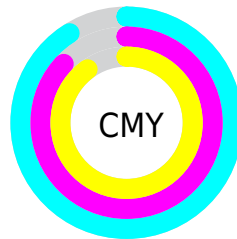
- Red (9%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.0980, -2.0203,
-5.3479

■ 29.0980, -2.0203,
-5.3479

■ 252.8640, -0.4260,
-3.3887

■ 6.4570, -3.1833,
-5.6628

■ 72.6850, -2.3097,
-5.8627

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 96.2720, -2.5991,
-6.3775

■ 121.2720, -2.5991,
-6.3775

■ 146.8590, -2.8885,
-6.8923

■ 173.8590, -2.8885,
-6.8923

■ 200.8590, -2.8885,

-6.8923

■ 228.8590, -2.8885,
-6.8923

■ 29.0980, -2.0203,
-5.3479

■ 29.0980, -2.0203,
-5.3479

■ 27.8590, -2.8885,
-6.8923

■ 30.3370, -1.1521,
-3.8035

■ 26.4350, -3.1725,
-9.1515

■ 31.7610, -0.8682,
-1.5444

■ 25.1960, -4.0406,
-10.6959

■ 33.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 23.9570, -4.9088,
-12.2403

■ 34.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 22.5330, -5.1928,
-14.4994

■ 35.6630, 1.1521,
3.8035

■ 21.2940, -6.0609,
-16.0438

■ 36.9020, 2.0203,
5.3479

■ 20.1690, -6.4923,
-17.6882

■ 38.0270, 2.4517,
6.9923

■ 39.2660, 3.3199,
8.5367

■ 40.8040, 4.0406,
10.6959

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



28.7600, 0.6113, -9.4365

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



30.0470, 5.3998, -5.3032



31.0720, -2.5005, 8.7069

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



26.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.6420, -0.3165, 8.2070



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



30.8520, 4.5100, 0.1298

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



29.1990, 4.8319, -9.8215



31.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



30.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



28.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660



31.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



31.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



41.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592



31.2620, -4.0732, -0.2298



21.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479



37.1470, -3.0305, -8.0219



29.6680, 0.1637, -5.8478



14.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



48.1970, -15.8731, -42.2688



126.1830, -41.9952, -110.6625

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479



33.8530, 3.0305, 8.0219



26.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



14.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



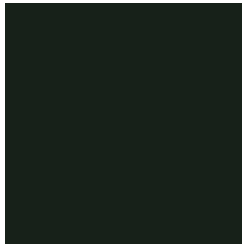
30.8030, 15.8731, 42.2688



80.7030, 41.5584, 110.7625

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

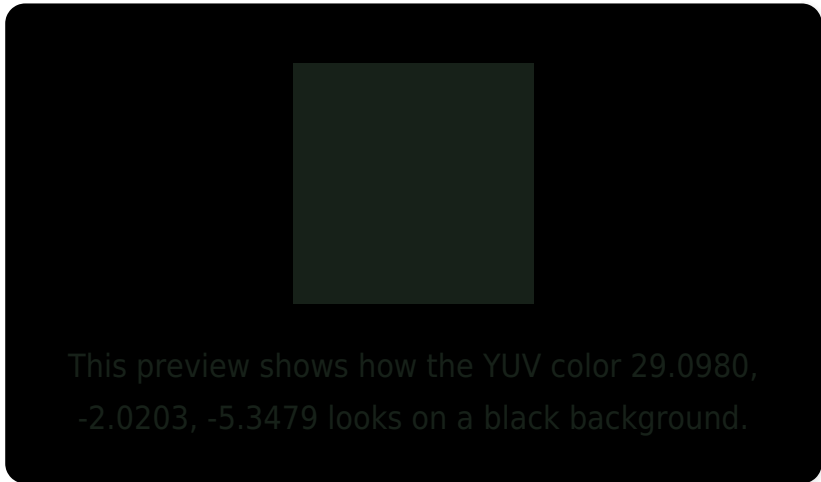
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

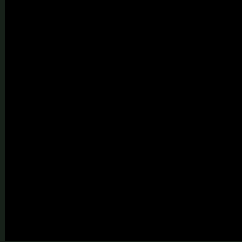
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479.



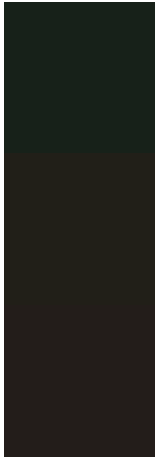
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479.

-5.3479.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479

Protanopia

30.8000, -3.3524, 1.9294

Deuteranopia

30.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886



Tritanopia

30.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479

Protanomaly

30.1910, -3.0522, -1.0445

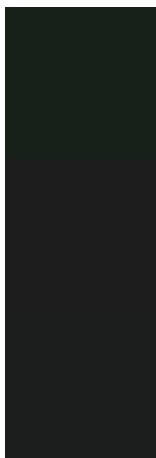
Deuteranomaly

29.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147

Tritanomaly

29.4940, 0.7425, -4.8182

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479

Achromatopsia

29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

28.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 33, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 33, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 33, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 33, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 33, 25) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 33, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 33, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 33, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 33, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 33, 25)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 29.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 33, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 33,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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