

# Converting Colors

YUV(29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444)  
contains.

<b>YUV(29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(29.4670, 1.7418,  
1.3444)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F1C21
RGB	31, 28, 33
RGB Percent	12%, 11%, 13%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8902, 0.8706
CMYK	0.06, 0.15, 0.00, 0.87
HSL	276°, 8%, 12%
HSV	276°, 15%, 13%
XYZ	1.2548, 1.2316, 1.6104
YIQ	29.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

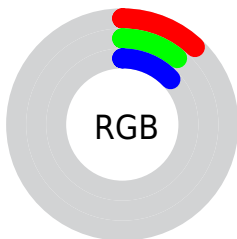
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	31, 28, 33
Decimal	2038817
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	10.79, 2.71, -2.91
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	11, 3.971, 312.950
Yxy	1.2316, 0.3063, 0.3006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280228897 (0xFF1F1C21)
YUV	29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444
Hunter-Lab	11.0978, 0.7619, -0.8352

# Details

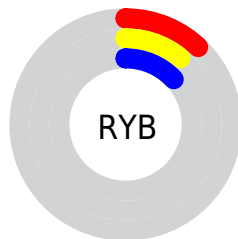
The YUV color **29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **31.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4070, 2.7573, 2.2741**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148**.

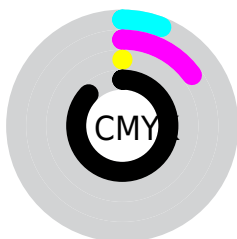
# Distribution



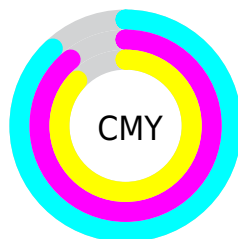
- Red (12%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.4670, 1.7418,  
1.3444

■ 29.4670, 1.7418,  
1.3444

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 3.8200, 3.0467,  
2.7889

■ 72.8800, 2.0312,  
1.8592

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 96.8800, 2.0312,  
1.8592

■ 121.5810, 2.1786,  
1.2445

■ 146.9940, 2.4680,  
1.7593

■ 173.8800, 2.0312,  
1.8592

■ 200.9940, 2.4680,

1.7593

■ 228.9940, 2.4680,  
1.7593

■ 29.4670, 1.7418,  
1.3444

■ 29.4670, 1.7418,  
1.3444

■ 27.4070, 2.7573,  
2.2741

■ 31.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 24.4610, 4.2097,  
3.1037

■ 34.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 22.4010, 5.2253,  
4.0333

■ 36.5330, -1.7418,  
-1.3444

■ 20.3410, 6.2409,  
4.9629

■ 38.5930, -2.7573,  
-2.2741

■ 17.3950, 7.6933,  
5.7926

■ 41.5390, -4.2097,  
-3.1037

■ 15.3350, 8.7088,  
6.7222

■ 43.5990, -5.2253,  
-4.0333

■ 13.2750, 9.7244,  
7.6518

■ 45.6590, -6.2409,  
-4.9629

■ 10.9160, 10.8874,  
7.9667

■ 48.0180, -7.4039,  
-5.2778

■ 9.7420, 11.4662,  
8.9963

■ 50.6650, -8.7088,  
-6.7222

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



29.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



29.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738



28.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



31.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.4510, -0.7153, -3.9035



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



28.7290, -2.3314, 1.1147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



29.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886



28.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444



27.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



29.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



28.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444



28.3800, 0.3057, -4.7183

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



41.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



29.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



22.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



37.9940, 2.4680, 1.7593



30.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



14.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



23.0590, 27.5789, 20.9963



60.6740, 72.1387, 55.5369



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



38.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



30.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



27.2690, 2.3324, 45.3681

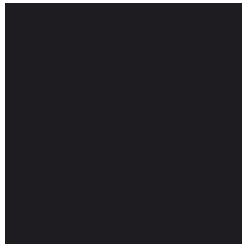


71.3550, 5.7410, 118.9607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

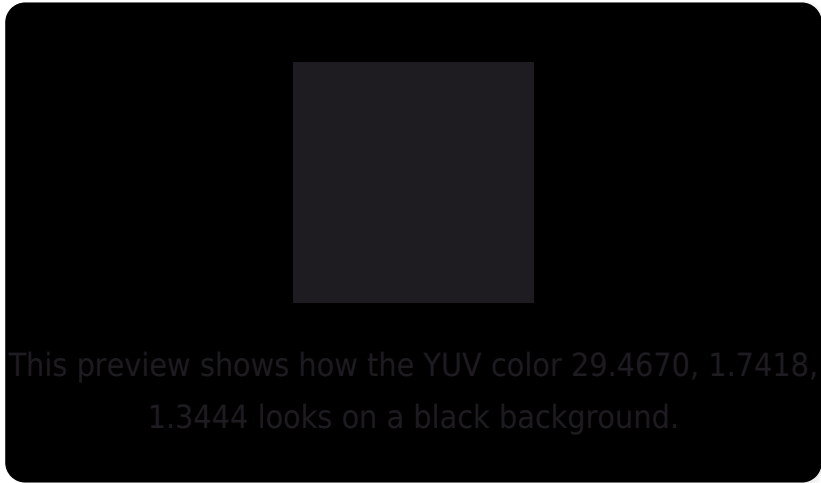
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

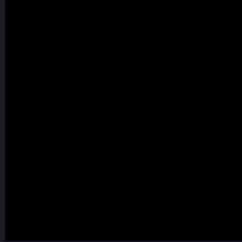
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444.



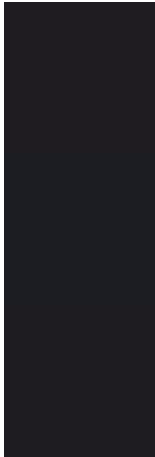
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 29.4670, 1.7418,

1.3444.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

### Protanopia

29.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147

### Deuteranopia

29.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297



## Tritanopia

29.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

## Protanomaly

29.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

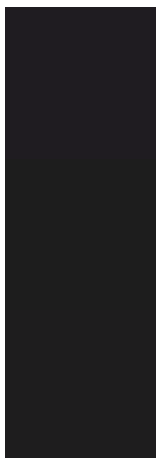
## Deuteranomaly

29.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297

## Tritanomaly

29.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

## Achromatopsia

29.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

29.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 28, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(31, 28, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 28, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 28, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 28, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 28, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 28, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 28, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 28, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 28, 33)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 29.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 28, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 28,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor