

# Converting Colors

YUV(30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(30.8590, 10.9155,  
45.7277)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	530035
RGB	83, 0, 53
RGB Percent	33%, 0%, 21%
CMY	0.6745, 1.0000, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.36, 0.67
HSL	322°, 100%, 16%
HSV	322°, 100%, 33%
XYZ	4.2099, 2.0960, 3.5509
YIQ	30.8590, 32.4550, 34.0790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

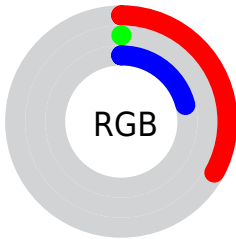
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	83, 0, 53
Decimal	5439541
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	15.98, 39.05, -8.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	16, 40.018, 347.364
Yxy	2.0960, 0.4271, 0.2126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283629621 (0xFF530035)
YUV	30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277
Hunter-Lab	14.4777, 26.5689, -4.4073

# Details

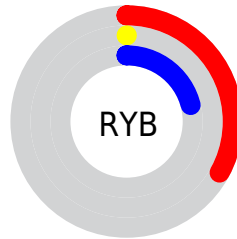
The YUV color **30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **52.1410, -10.9155, -45.7277**, and the grayscale version is **31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.9360, 7.4266, 44.7831**, and **11.0350, -2.9753, 21.0173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8970, 9.9108, 41.3093**.

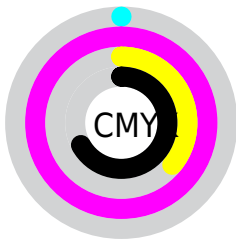
# Distribution



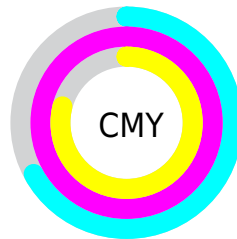
- Red (33%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (67%)




- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (79%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.8590, 10.9155,  
45.7277


 30.8590, 10.9155,  
45.7277

 249.1300, 2.8939,  
5.1480


 20.9900, 5.4279,  
32.4578


 84.9360, 7.4266,  
44.7831


 11.0350, -2.9753,  
21.0173

 111.1210, 6.8423,  
45.4979

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 137.0180, 6.4001,  
47.3422

 164.0290, 6.3947,  
49.0866

 191.7410, 6.5367,  
50.2161

 213.1630, 9.7796,

36.6910

■ 232.1070, 11.2862,  
20.0772

■ 30.8590, 10.9155,  
45.7277

■ 35.8970, 9.9108,  
41.3093

■ 41.5220, 8.6167,  
36.3762

■ 46.5600, 7.6119,  
31.9579

■ 51.5980, 6.6072,  
27.5396

■ 56.6360, 5.6025,  
23.1212

■ 62.2610, 4.3083,  
18.1881

■ 67.2990, 3.3036,  
13.7698

■ 72.3370, 2.2989,  
9.3515

■ 77.9620, 1.0047,  
4.4183

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.8600, 19.2960, 17.6628



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



29.1620, -2.0519, 51.6009

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



35.7060, -17.6031, -0.6192



39.2850, 21.0585, -34.4529

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



52.1410, -10.9155, -45.7277

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.9080, 9.4124, -32.3683



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



28.1760, -13.8908, -24.7104

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



37.8980, -18.6837, 19.3835



32.9010, -3.4022, -28.8542



38.5330, 28.3312, -33.7934



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



31.3880, -14.9813, 45.2637



32.9010, -3.4022, -28.8542



38.3730, 17.5641, -33.6531

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



86.8480, 4.0189, 17.6733



18.1330, 31.9794, 9.5304



41.4620, 2.7302, 10.9958



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



39.7450, 13.9297, 58.9826



26.1850, -6.9932, 49.8268



38.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.0330, 13.7877, 57.8531



86.2400, 30.4477, 127.8315



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277



39.7450, 13.9297, 58.9826



56.8150, 6.9932, -49.8268



38.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



39.0330, 13.7877, 57.8531

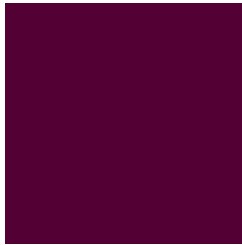


86.2400, 30.4477, 127.8315



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

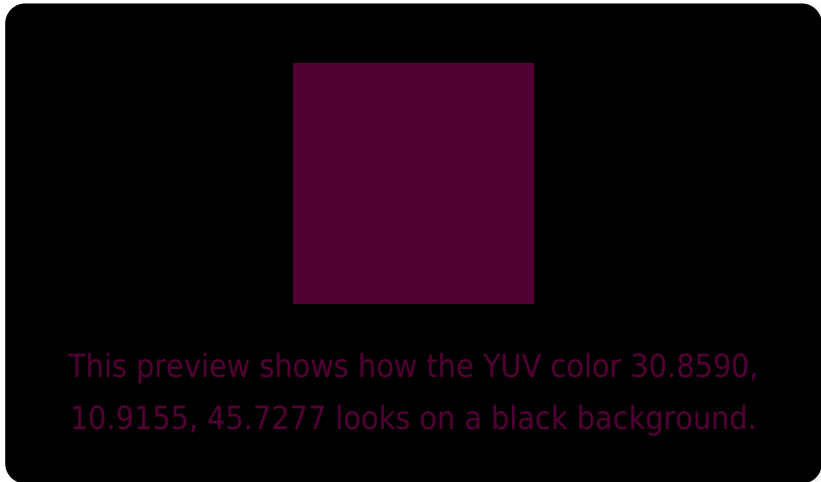
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

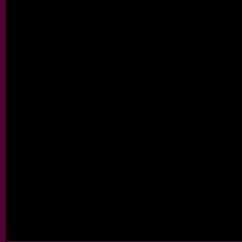
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 30.8590, 10.9155,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277

### Protanopia

42.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914

### Deuteranopia

44.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445



## Tritanopia

39.0540, -8.4076, 36.7866

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277

## Protanomaly

38.2520, 14.6658, 9.4260

## Deuteranomaly

39.1900, 5.3293, 17.3734

## Tritanomaly

35.9110, -1.4351, 40.4201

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277

## Achromatopsia

31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

31.1360, 3.8770, 16.5437

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 0, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 0, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 0, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 0, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 0, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 0, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 0, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 0, 53); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 0, 53); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 0, 53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 30.8590, 10.9155, 45.7277 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 0, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 0,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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