

# Converting Colors

YUV(31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(31.0200, 33.5141,  
30.6775)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	420063
RGB	66, 0, 99
RGB Percent	26%, 0%, 39%
CMY	0.7412, 1.0000, 0.6118
CMYK	0.33, 1.00, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	280°, 100%, 19%
HSV	280°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	4.4989, 2.0591, 11.9647
YIQ	31.0200, 7.5570, 44.7810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

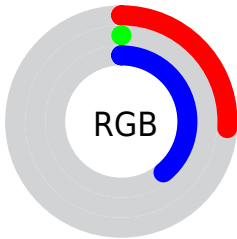
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	66, 0, 99
Decimal	4325475
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	15.79, 43.82, -40.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	16, 59.996, 316.921
Yxy	2.0591, 0.2429, 0.1112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282515555 (0xFF420063)
YUV	31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775
Hunter-Lab	14.3496, 30.8518, -39.3914

# Details

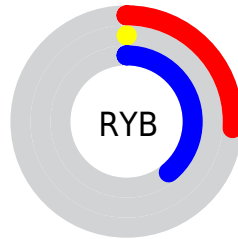
The YUV color **31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **67.9800, -33.5141, -30.6775**, and the grayscale version is **31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.3680, 32.3566, 28.6183**, and **10.2990, 20.0656, 4.1228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.7870, 30.1780, 27.3738**.

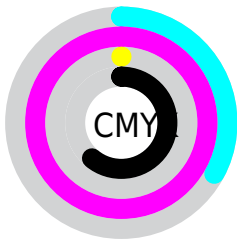
# Distribution



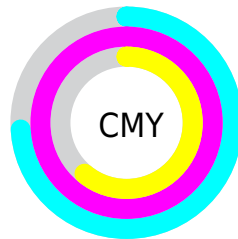
- Red (26%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.0200, 33.5141,  
30.6775

■ 31.0200, 33.5141,  
30.6775

■ 248.5430, 3.1833,  
5.6628

■ 20.5100, 26.8636,  
17.0927

■ 85.3680, 32.3566,  
28.6183

■ 10.2990, 20.0656,  
4.1228

■ 111.1940, 32.9354,  
29.6479

■ 4.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 137.3190, 33.3667,  
31.2922

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 164.8460, 34.0929,  
31.7071

■ 191.1730, 31.4667,  
34.0513

■ 215.0840, 19.6786,

35.0063

■ 231.5200, 11.5756,  
20.5920

■ 31.0200, 33.5141,  
30.6775

■ 37.7870, 30.1780,  
27.3738

■ 44.8530, 26.6945,  
24.6849

■ 51.6200, 23.3583,  
21.3813

■ 58.3870, 20.0222,  
18.0776

■ 65.4530, 16.5387,  
15.3887

■ 71.6330, 13.4919,  
12.5999

■ 78.4000, 10.1558,  
9.2962

■ 85.1670, 6.8197,  
5.9925

■ 92.2330, 3.3361,  
3.3037

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4420, 43.1661, -31.9596



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



37.0390, 11.3198, 56.0938

# Triad

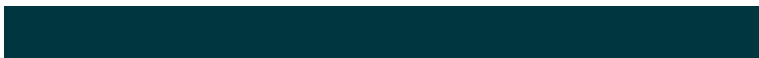
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



37.6320, -18.5526, 24.0017



39.4670, 11.6018, -34.6126

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



67.9800, -33.5141, -30.6775

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.7500, -7.7648, -29.5987



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



34.1890, -16.8552, -7.1818

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



27.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595



29.9370, -14.7589, -26.2547



43.9130, 28.6369, -38.5117



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



35.6410, -1.7950, 62.5818



29.9370, -14.7589, -26.2547



37.8710, 5.4866, -33.2129

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



101.2200, 13.2025, 12.0851



30.6570, 33.6931, -26.8862



48.1070, 7.8352, 6.9222



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



40.0070, 43.3805, 39.4589



38.9490, 21.2241, 52.6647



45.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



35.1930, 37.8659, 34.9107



75.2000, 81.2464, 74.3696



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.3630, -0.1790, 57.5636



43.1740, -0.0858, 74.3924



59.9370, -21.6609, -52.5647



45.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



37.7060, -0.3481, 65.1558

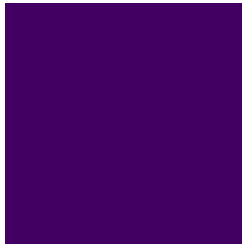


80.8800, -0.4338, 139.5482



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

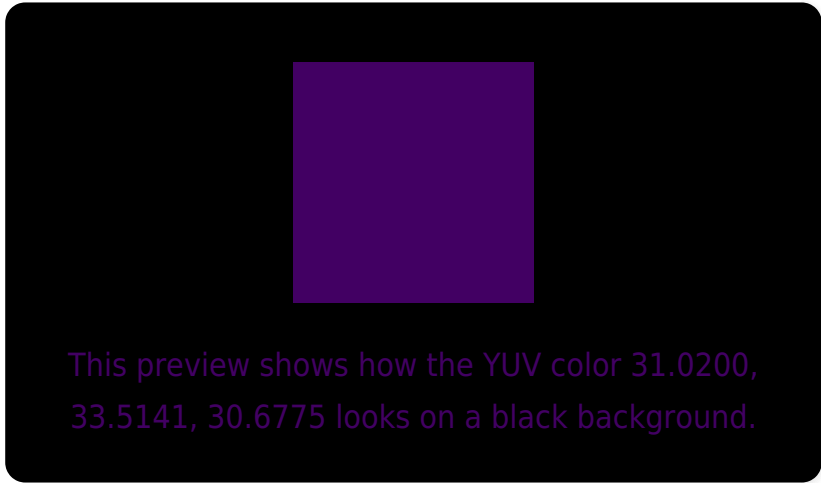
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

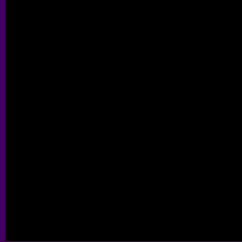
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.0200, 33.5141,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

34.6860, 26.2838, -30.4196

### Tritanopia

44.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

33.5130, 28.8341, -8.3429

## Tritanomaly

39.7970, 11.4391, 17.7180

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

31.2800, 12.1870, 11.1554

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 0, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 0, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 0, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 0, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 0, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 0, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 0, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 0, 99); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 0, 99); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 0, 99) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 0, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 0,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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