

Converting Colors

YUV(31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(31.0250, 8.8617,
4.3631)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	241931
RGB	36, 25, 49
RGB Percent	14%, 10%, 19%
CMY	0.8588, 0.9020, 0.8078
CMYK	0.27, 0.49, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	268°, 32%, 15%
HSV	268°, 49%, 19%
XYZ	1.6296, 1.2921, 3.0692
YIQ	31.0250, -1.1480, 9.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

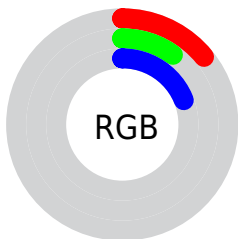
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 25, 49
Decimal	2365745
CIE _{Lab}	11.22, 11.60, -13.94
CIE _{LCh}	11, 18.133, 309.773
Yxy	1.2921, 0.2720, 0.2157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280555825 (0xFF241931)
YUV	31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631
Hunter-Lab	11.3670, 5.6975, -8.0522

Details

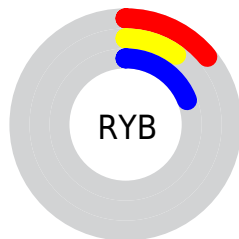
The YUV color **31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **42.9750, -8.8617, -4.3631**, and the grayscale version is **31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.9650, 9.8773, 5.2927**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.1930, 10.7509, 5.0927**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.8570, 6.9725, 3.6334**.

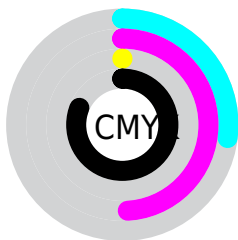
Distribution



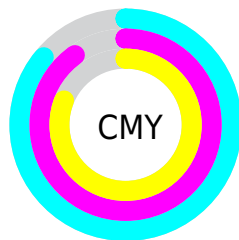
- Red (14%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.0250, 8.8617,
4.3631

■ 31.0250, 8.8617,
4.3631

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 8.2750, 9.7244,
7.6518

■ 74.9650, 9.8773,
5.2927

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.3780, 10.1666,
5.8075

■ 123.9050, 10.8928,
6.2223

■ 149.9050, 10.8928,
6.2223

■ 176.4320, 11.6190,
6.6371

■ 204.4320, 11.6190,

6.6371

■ 232.3180, 11.1822,
6.7371

■ 31.0250, 8.8617,
4.3631

■ 31.0250, 8.8617,
4.3631

■ 27.1930, 10.7509,
5.0927

■ 34.8570, 6.9725,
3.6334

■ 23.6600, 12.4926,
6.4372

■ 38.3900, 5.2307,
2.2890

■ 19.8280, 14.3818,
7.1668

■ 42.2220, 3.3416,
1.5593

■ 15.9960, 16.2710,
7.8965

■ 46.0540, 1.4524,
0.8296

■ 12.4630, 18.0127,
9.2409

■ 49.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 12.1640, 18.1601,
8.6262

■ 52.8320, -1.8892,
-0.7297

■ 56.6640, -3.7784,
-1.4593

■ 60.1970, -5.5201,
-2.8038

■ 64.0290, -7.4093,
-3.5334

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.2510, 12.6943, -11.6211



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



30.5380, 4.1718, 15.3142

Triad

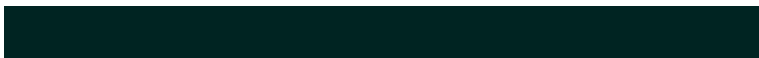
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



28.7170, -14.1575, 14.2802



25.0080, 4.4331, -21.9320

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



42.9750, -8.8617, -4.3631

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.2380, -1.1033, -19.5027



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



27.7760, -13.6936, 5.4584

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



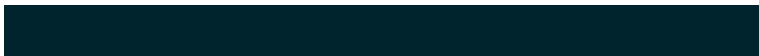
31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



29.6450, -8.2060, 18.7283



26.9210, -10.3141, -5.1927



26.2620, 9.2378, -23.0318

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



30.2350, 0.3771, 19.0879



26.9210, -10.3141, -5.1927



24.4380, 2.2491, -21.4321

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



56.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741



35.3670, 6.7211, -9.0919



28.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631



35.4150, 14.0924, 6.6520



34.6130, 7.0928, 11.7404



23.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



22.4050, 32.8313, 16.3078



54.3390, 80.1919, 39.1677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.6580, 2.1406, 13.4549



39.7560, 3.5713, 21.2620



39.3870, -7.0928, -11.7404



24.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



32.0830, 7.8471, 49.9162



78.2210, 19.1180, 121.7092

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

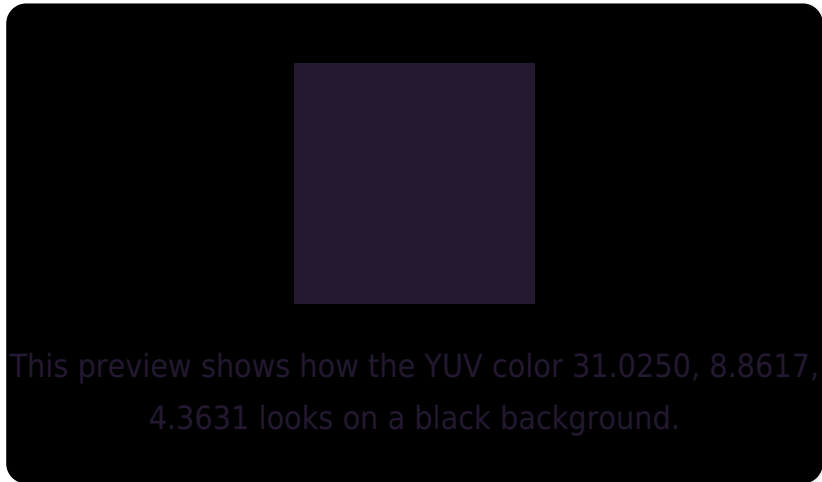
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.0250, 8.8617,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631

Protanopia

28.7460, 11.9572, -8.5472

Deuteranopia

29.0620, 9.3364, -7.9474



Tritanopia

30.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631

Protanomaly

29.8390, 10.9254, -4.2438

Deuteranomaly

29.6820, 9.0308, -3.2291

Tritanomaly

30.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631

Achromatopsia

31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

31.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 25, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 25, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 25, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 25, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 25, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 25, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 25, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 25, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 25, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 25, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 31.0250, 8.8617, 4.3631 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 25, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 25,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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