

# Converting Colors

YUV(31.5990, -11.6343,  
45.0787)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787)  
contains.

<b>YUV(31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(31.5990, -11.6343,  
45.0787)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	530A08
RGB	83, 10, 8
RGB Percent	33%, 4%, 3%
CMY	0.6745, 0.9608, 0.9686
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.90, 0.67
HSL	2°, 82%, 18%
HSV	2°, 90%, 33%
XYZ	3.7196, 2.0736, 0.4339
YIQ	31.5990, 44.1500, 14.8540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

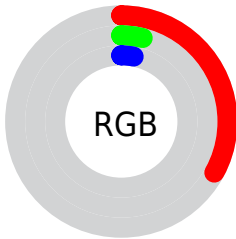
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	83, 10, 8
Decimal	5442056
CIE Lab	15.87, 32.39, 21.15
CIE LCh	16, 38.686, 33.148
Yxy	2.0736, 0.5973, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283632136 (0xFF530A08)
YUV	31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787
Hunter-Lab	14.4000, 20.9079, 8.2934

# Details

The YUV color **31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **59.4010, 11.6343, -45.0787**, and the grayscale version is **32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.9970, -15.2815, 48.2376**, and **8.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9910, -12.8136, 49.9969**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.2070, -10.4551, 40.1605**.

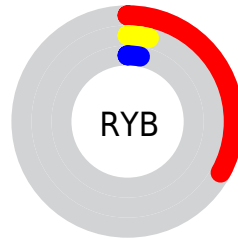
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (4%)

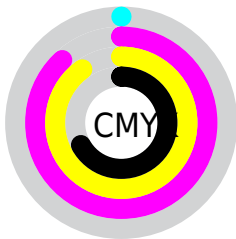
Blue (3%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (3%)

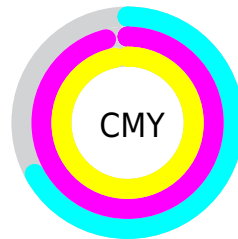


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.5990, -11.6343,  
45.0787

■ 31.5990, -11.6343,  
45.0787

■ 248.2690, -8.0206,  
5.9031

■ 16.7440, -8.2548,  
34.4275

■ 82.9970, -15.2815,  
48.2376

■ 8.4860, -3.6906,  
17.1138

■ 108.0790,  
-16.3079, 50.7967

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 134.1610,  
-17.3344, 53.3558


■ 161.2430,  
-18.3608, 55.9149


■ 189.0260,  
-19.2398, 57.8592


■ 208.4260,


-15.9860, 40.8454


 228.0540,  
-11.8586, 23.6316


 31.5990, -11.6343,  
45.0787


 31.5990, -11.6343,  
45.0787


 25.9910, -12.8136,  
49.9969

 37.2070, -10.4551,  
40.1605

 42.9290, -8.8390,  
35.1423

 48.5370, -7.6597,  
30.2241

 54.1450, -6.4805,  
25.3058

 59.7530, -5.3012,  
20.3876

■ 65.4750, -3.6852,  
15.3694

■ 71.6700, -2.7953,  
9.9364

■ 77.2780, -1.6161,  
5.0182

■ 83.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.0460, 3.9213, 49.0717



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



37.0670, -18.2740, 28.0052

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



30.1310, -8.9386, -26.4249



35.4840, 29.3414, -31.1195

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



59.4010, 11.6343, -45.0787

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.9090, 24.6949, -34.1232



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



34.7250, 3.5866, -30.4538

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



32.9820, -16.2601, -11.3852



37.8030, 15.3801, -33.1532



39.3740, 22.9866, 0.5490



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



37.5770, -18.5255, 15.2800



37.8030, 15.3801, -33.1532



37.2450, 28.4732, -32.6639

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



87.2580, -4.5642, 17.3137



38.8610, 21.2675, 38.7099



41.9690, -2.9427, 10.5512



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787



33.7540, -16.6407, 64.2367



53.3180, -22.3418, 26.0311



38.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



33.1560, -16.3459, 63.0072



72.8900, -35.9348, 139.5395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.4010, 11.6343, -45.0787



73.2460, 16.6407, -64.2367



37.6820, 22.3418, -26.0311



39.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



71.8440, 16.3459, -63.0072

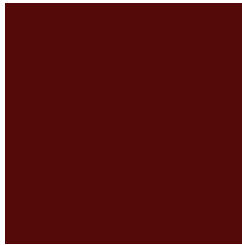


159.1100, 35.9348, -139.5395



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

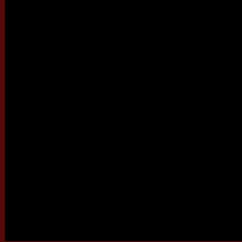
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787.



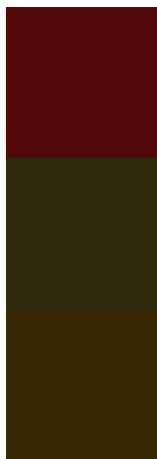
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.5990, -11.6343,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787

### Protanopia

41.0040, -12.8200, 5.2585

### Deuteranopia

39.6260, -19.5356, 12.6060



## Tritanopia

31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787

## Protanomaly

37.5050, -12.5740, 19.7281

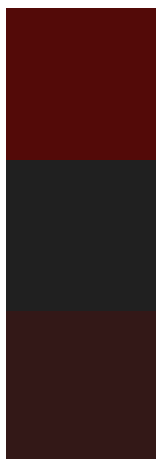
## Deuteranomaly

36.8000, -16.6634, 24.7314

## Tritanomaly

31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787

## Achromatopsia

32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

31.9590, -4.4168, 16.6990

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 10, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 10, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 10, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 10, 8) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 10, 8) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 10, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 10, 8)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 10, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 10, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 10, 8) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 31.5990, -11.6343, 45.0787 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 10, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 10,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**