

Converting Colors

YUV(31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(31.6420, 10.0365,
47.6720)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	560034
RGB	86, 0, 52
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 20%
CMY	0.6627, 1.0000, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.40, 0.66
HSL	324°, 100%, 17%
HSV	324°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.4576, 2.2264, 3.4436
YIQ	31.6420, 34.5640, 34.4040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

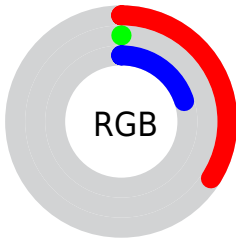
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 0, 52
Decimal	5636148
CIE _{Lab}	16.63, 39.65, -6.98
CIE _{LCh}	17, 40.263, 350.010
Yxy	2.2264, 0.4401, 0.2198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283826228 (0xFF560034)
YUV	31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720
Hunter-Lab	14.9210, 27.2143, -3.2388

Details

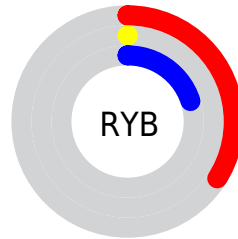
The YUV color **31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **54.3580, -10.0365, -47.6720**, and the grayscale version is **32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.1920, 5.8213, 46.3126**, and **11.8180, -3.8543, 22.9616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.2670, 8.7424, 42.7388**.

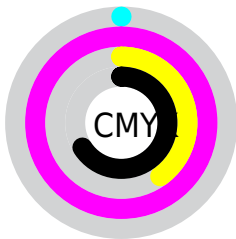
Distribution



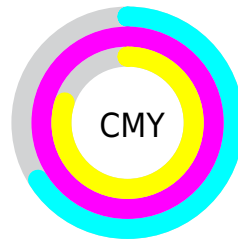
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31.6420, 10.0365,
47.6720


 31.6420, 10.0365,
47.6720

 249.7170, 2.6045,
4.6332

 21.4740, 4.6963,
33.7873

 86.1920, 5.8213,
46.3126


 11.8180, -3.8543,
22.9616

 112.0890, 5.3791,
48.1569

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 138.6870, 5.0843,
49.3865

 165.6980, 5.0789,
51.1309

 193.2960, 4.7841,
52.3604

 213.5220, 8.6167,

36.3762

■ 232.6940, 10.9969,
19.5624

■ 31.6420, 10.0365,
47.6720

■ 37.2670, 8.7424,
42.7388

■ 42.4190, 8.1744,
38.2205

■ 48.0440, 6.8803,
33.2874

■ 53.1960, 6.3124,
28.7691

■ 58.8210, 5.0182,
23.8360

■ 64.4460, 3.7241,
18.9029

■ 69.5980, 3.1562,
14.3846

■ 75.2230, 1.8621,
9.4514

■ 80.3750, 1.2941,
4.9331

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.7680, 18.8484, 21.2515



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



29.9340, -2.9255, 51.8009

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



36.5810, -18.0344, -2.2635



40.2140, 22.0795, -35.2677

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



54.3580, -10.0365, -47.6720

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.9510, 10.8702, -33.2830



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



29.3500, -14.4695, -25.7399

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



39.0720, -19.2625, 18.3539



33.9440, -1.9444, -29.7689



39.3480, 28.9154, -34.5082

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



33.9210, -16.7231, 43.9193



33.9440, -1.9444, -29.7689



40.0030, 18.7325, -35.0826

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



91.1470, 3.8715, 18.2881



19.6710, 32.7002, 11.6895



43.3480, 2.2934, 11.0958



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



41.2400, 13.1927, 62.0565



26.8540, -8.3090, 51.8710



40.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



39.4030, 12.6193, 59.2826



86.4530, 27.3847, 130.2757

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



41.2400, 13.1927, 62.0565



59.1460, 8.3090, -51.8710



40.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



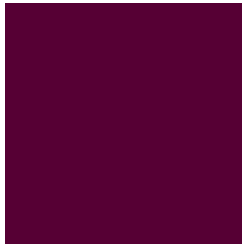
39.4030, 12.6193, 59.2826



86.4530, 27.3847, 130.2757

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

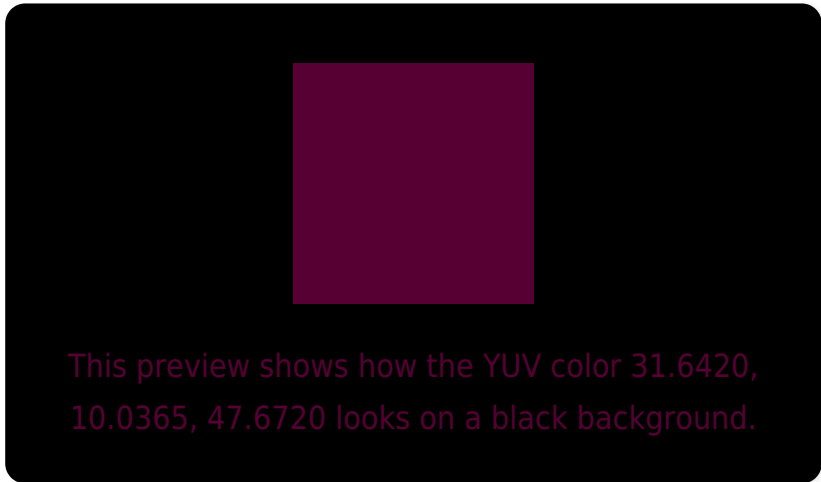
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

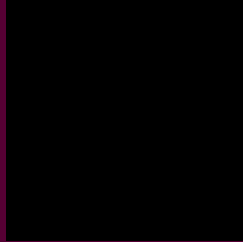
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.6420, 10.0365,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720

Protanopia

44.2450, 15.1622, -9.8619

Deuteranopia

45.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740



Tritanopia

39.8370, -9.2866, 38.7310

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720

Protanomaly

39.6220, 13.4974, 10.8555

Deuteranomaly

40.5600, 4.1609, 18.8029

Tritanomaly

36.6940, -2.3141, 42.3644

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720

Achromatopsia

32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

31.7340, 3.5821, 17.7733

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 0, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 0, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 0, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 0, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 0, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 0, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 0, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 0, 52); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 52); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 31.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 0, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 0,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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