

Converting Colors

YUV(31.7580, 60.7583,
-27.8518)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(31.7580, 60.7583,
-27.8518)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00189B
RGB	0, 24, 155
RGB Percent	0%, 9%, 61%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9059, 0.3922
CMYK	1.00, 0.85, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	231°, 100%, 30%
HSV	231°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	6.2430, 3.0198, 31.2642
YIQ	31.7580, -56.3550, 35.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

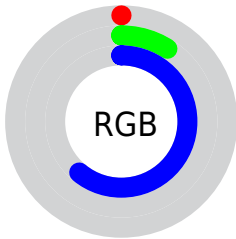
Format	Color
RYB	0, 21, 155
Decimal	6299
CIELab	20.12, 46.04, -69.66
CIELCh	20, 83.500, 303.458
Yxy	3.0198, 0.1540, 0.0745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278196379 (0xFF00189B)
YUV	31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518
Hunter-Lab	17.3776, 33.7164, -94.5045

Details

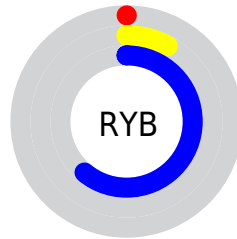
The YUV color **31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **123.2420, -60.7583, 27.8518**, and the grayscale version is **31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.6410, 58.3510, -2.3162**, and **11.6280, 44.5534, -10.1978** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.8740, 54.7851, -25.3225**.

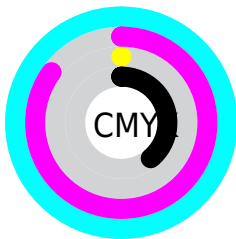
Distribution



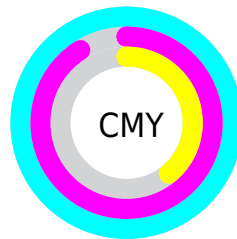
- Red (0%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.7580, 60.7583,
-27.8518

■ 31.7580, 60.7583,
-27.8518

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 15.7660, 55.3314,
-13.8268

■ 92.6410, 58.3510,
-2.3162

■ 11.6280, 44.5534,
-10.1978

■ 119.0050, 59.6505,
0.8726

■ 12.8870, 31.6077,
-11.3019

■ 144.9470, 54.2561,
4.4315

■ 8.9770, 21.7033,
-7.8728

■ 169.1790, 42.3098,
9.4900

■ 4.7080, 12.9620,
-4.1289

■ 193.9980, 30.0740,
14.0338

■ 0.2280, 0.8736,
-0.2000

■ 218.8170, 17.8382,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

18.5775

0.0000

■ 240.3250, 7.2348,
12.8700

■ 31.7580, 60.7583,
-27.8518

■ 43.8740, 54.7851,
-25.3225

■ 56.2890, 48.6645,
-22.1785

■ 68.7040, 42.5439,
-19.0344

■ 80.8200, 36.5707,
-16.5051

■ 93.8220, 30.1608,
-13.8759

■ 105.9380, 24.1876,
-11.3466

■ 118.0540, 18.2144,
-8.8174

■ 130.4690, 12.0938,
-5.6733

■ 142.5850, 6.1206,
-3.1440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.8110, 60.2392, -48.0692



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



47.8500, 28.1750, 63.2756

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



37.2430, -18.3608, 55.9149



46.1860, 4.3453, -40.5051

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



123.2420, -60.7583, 27.8518

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.7420, -19.0998, -33.9767



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



45.7950, -22.5769, 8.0728

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



39.7670, -19.6051, 81.7653



35.8070, -17.6529, -31.4027



53.8410, 31.1374, -47.2186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



49.2700, 7.7549, 79.5702



35.8070, -17.6529, -31.4027



43.0910, -4.9749, -37.7908

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



153.1230, 23.6034, -10.6319



105.6910, 11.4913, -92.6910



72.7400, 14.4252, -6.7880



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518



41.1110, 78.8253, -36.0543



33.2180, 60.0385, 16.4718



70.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146



28.8740, 54.7851, -25.3225



2.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0810, -12.3649, 92.8910



63.6330, -16.0881, 120.4709



121.7820, -60.0385, -16.4718



71.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



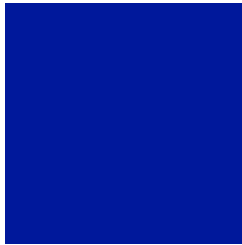
44.3680, -11.0274, 83.8693



4.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

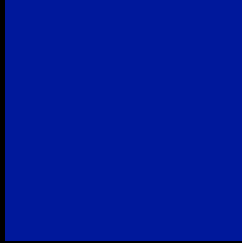
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

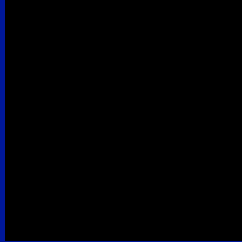
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

39.8040, 30.6626, -34.9081

Deuteranopia

40.3280, 22.5163, -35.3677

Tritanopia

39.4840, 9.1284, -34.6275

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

36.6870, 41.5663, -32.1745

Deuteranomaly

37.3080, 36.3302, -32.7191

Tritanomaly

36.4300, 27.8890, -31.9491

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

31.7810, 22.2930, -10.3319

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 24, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 24, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 24, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 24, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 24, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 24, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 24, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 24, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 24, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 24, 155)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 31.7580, 60.7583, -27.8518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 24, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 24,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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