

Converting Colors

YUV(32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(32.1710, -2.5493,
24.4060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C131B
RGB	60, 19, 27
RGB Percent	24%, 7%, 11%
CMY	0.7647, 0.9255, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.55, 0.76
HSL	348°, 52%, 15%
HSV	348°, 68%, 24%
XYZ	2.2942, 1.5055, 1.2066
YIQ	32.1710, 21.8680, 11.1800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

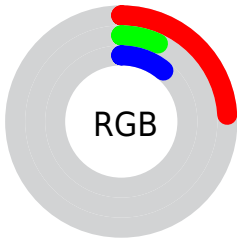
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 19, 27
Decimal	3937051
CIE _{Lab}	12.64, 21.04, 4.80
CIE _{LCh}	13, 21.577, 12.841
Yxy	1.5055, 0.4583, 0.3007
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282127131 (0xFF3C131B)
YUV	32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060
Hunter-Lab	12.2700, 11.9024, 2.7587




Details

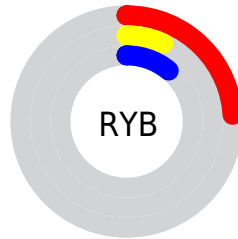
The YUV color **32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **46.8290, 2.5493, -24.4060**, and the grayscale version is **32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4380, -4.1599, 27.6799**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.0790, -2.9969, 27.9947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2630, -2.1017, 20.8173**.

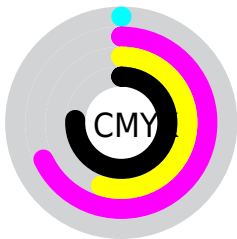
Distribution







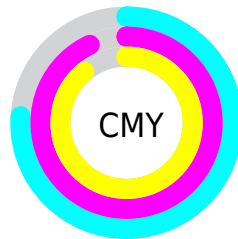
-  Red (24%)
-  Green (7%)
-  Blue (11%)






-  Red (24%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Blue (11%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (68%)
-  Yellow (55%)
-  Black (76%)



-  Cyan (76%)
-  Magenta (93%)
-  Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.1710, -2.5493,
24.4060

■ 32.1710, -2.5493,
24.4060

■ 250.7770, 1.5889,
3.7036

■ 11.9600, -5.8963,
24.5911

■ 78.4380, -4.1599,
27.6799

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.4490, -4.1654,
29.4242

■ 127.9330, -4.8970,
30.7538

■ 154.5310, -5.1918,
31.9833

■ 181.1290, -5.4866,
33.2129

■ 209.4280, -5.6340,

33.8276

■ 231.1490, -2.5385,
20.9173

■ 32.1710, -2.5493,
24.4060

■ 32.1710, -2.5493,
24.4060

■ 28.0790, -2.9969,
27.9947

■ 36.2630, -2.1017,
20.8173

■ 23.9870, -3.4446,
31.5834

■ 40.3550, -1.6540,
17.2287

■ 20.0090, -3.4554,
35.0721

■ 44.3330, -1.6432,
13.7400

■ 19.3080, -3.6028,
35.6869

■ 48.4250, -1.1955,
10.1513

■ 52.5170, -0.7479,
6.5626

■ 56.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 60.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 64.7930, 0.5951,
-4.2035

■ 68.7710, 0.6059,
-7.6922

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.9730, 4.4503, 19.3177



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



31.7980, -10.2534, 22.1022

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



28.0840, -10.8874, -7.9667



28.6730, 15.9372, -25.1462

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



46.8290, 2.5493, -24.4060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.9350, 11.8640, -25.3760



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



25.5150, -1.2399, -22.3767

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



30.7220, -15.1459, 4.6288



27.9260, 5.4595, -24.4911



30.6360, 15.4625, -12.8358

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



31.3970, -15.4787, 18.0688



27.9260, 5.4595, -24.4911



29.0320, 14.7742, -25.4611

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



67.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513



33.5410, 13.0443, 16.1885



34.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



34.9170, -3.9031, 38.6608



38.3030, -9.5164, 19.0283



28.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



30.1580, -5.9939, 55.9894



71.2800, -13.9420, 132.1814

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060



34.9170, -3.9031, 38.6608



40.6970, 9.5164, -19.0283



28.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



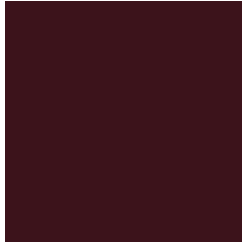
30.1580, -5.9939, 55.9894



71.2800, -13.9420, 132.1814

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

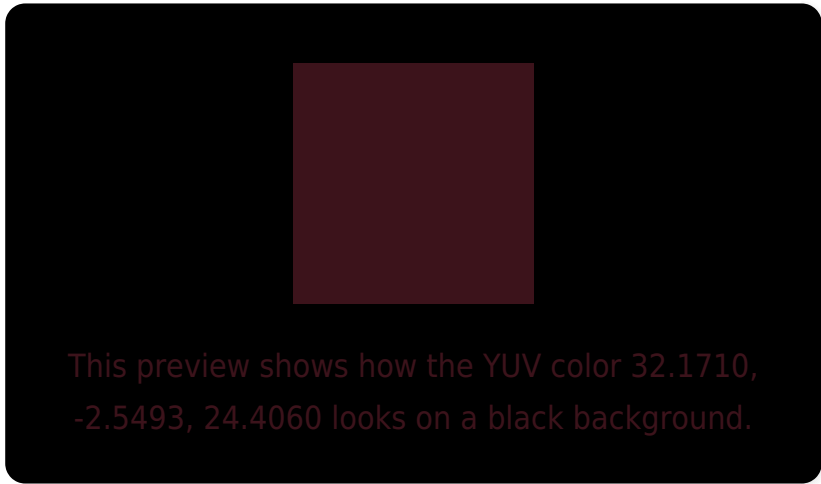
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

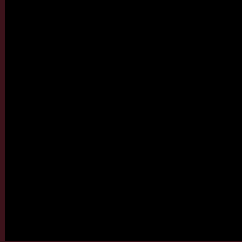
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060.

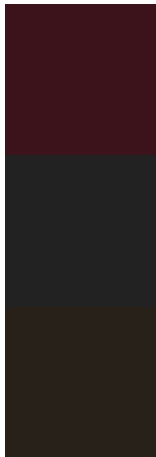


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 32.1710, -2.5493,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060

Protanopia

34.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

Deuteranopia

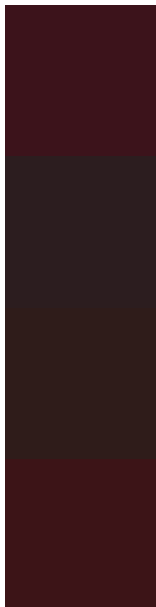
34.1810, -4.5262, 5.1033



Tritanopia

32.0740, -5.4595, 24.4911

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060

Protanomaly

33.7130, -1.3375, 9.0217

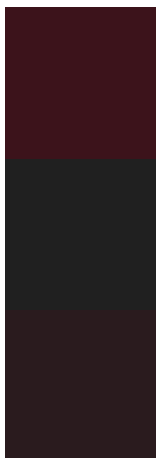
Deuteranomaly

33.4530, -3.6743, 11.8807

Tritanomaly

32.3020, -4.5859, 24.2911

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060

Achromatopsia

32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

31.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 19, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 19, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 19, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 19, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 19, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 19, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 19, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 19, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 19, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 19, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 32.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 19, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 19,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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