

# Converting Colors

YUV(32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(32.1770, -8.4683,  
9.4918)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B1E0F
RGB	43, 30, 15
RGB Percent	17%, 12%, 6%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8824, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.65, 0.83
HSL	32°, 48%, 11%
HSV	32°, 65%, 17%
XYZ	1.5468, 1.4766, 0.6554
YIQ	32.1770, 12.5630, -1.9090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

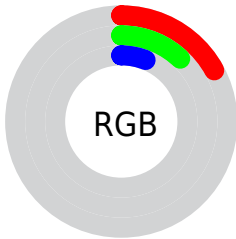
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	39, 43, 15
Decimal	2825743
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	12.46, 4.04, 12.11
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	12, 12.762, 71.547
Yxy	1.4766, 0.4204, 0.4014
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281015823 (0xFF2B1E0F)
YUV	32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918
Hunter-Lab	12.1517, 1.4555, 5.3082

# Details

The YUV color **32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25.8230, 8.4683, -9.4918**, and the grayscale version is **32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.6610, -9.1999, 10.8213**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5470, -9.6367, 10.9213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623**.

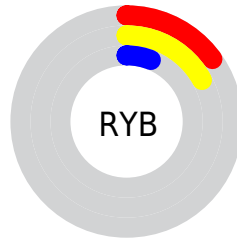
# Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (12%)

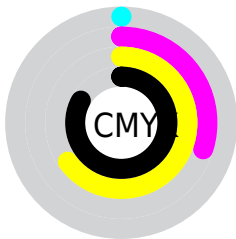
Blue (6%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (6%)

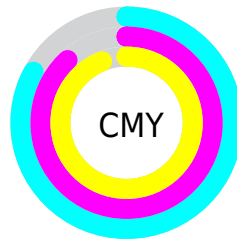


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32.1770, -8.4683,  
9.4918

■ 32.1770, -8.4683,  
9.4918

■ 253.1760, -6.9888,  
1.5996

■ 9.2140, -4.5425,  
10.3363

■ 76.6610, -9.1999,  
10.8213

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 100.2590, -9.4947,  
12.0509


■ 125.4440,  
-10.0789, 12.7656


■ 151.6290,  
-10.6631, 13.4804


■ 177.9280,  
-10.8105, 14.0951


■ 205.8140,


-11.2473, 14.1951


 233.9990,  
-11.8315, 14.9099


 32.1770, -8.4683,  
9.4918


 32.1770, -8.4683,  
9.4918


 30.5470, -9.6367,  
10.9213


 33.8070, -7.2999,  
8.0623


 28.8030, -11.2419,  
12.4508


 35.5510, -5.6946,  
6.5328

 27.1730, -12.4103,  
13.8803

 37.1810, -4.5262,  
5.1033

 26.3580, -12.9945,  
14.5950

 38.8110, -3.3578,  
3.6738

 40.5550, -1.7526,  
2.1443

■ 42.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 43.8150, 0.5842,  
-0.7148

■ 45.4450, 1.7526,  
-2.1443

■ 47.1890, 3.3578,  
-3.6738

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.5950, -5.7163, 13.5102



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



31.4320, -8.5940, 3.1291

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



26.7200, 4.5750, -20.8024



33.6290, 6.0989, 3.8334

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



25.8230, 8.4683, -9.4918

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.9590, 8.8942, -6.1030



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



26.7350, 8.5116, -23.4466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



28.9830, -0.9776, -13.1401



29.1210, 9.8003, -16.7691



33.3480, 2.2934, 11.0958



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



31.1540, -6.9779, -1.8891



29.1210, 9.8003, -16.7691



33.1340, 6.8359, 0.7595

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



51.8110, -3.3578, 3.6738



24.8540, 1.5510, 15.9140



25.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918



39.2440, -13.4313, 14.6950



39.5090, -12.0829, 2.1846



19.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



51.5310, -25.4048, 28.4753



129.7190, -63.9515, 72.1604



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.8230, 8.4683, -9.4918



29.3430, 13.1419, -15.2098



18.4910, 12.0829, -2.1846



18.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



32.4690, 25.4048, -28.4753

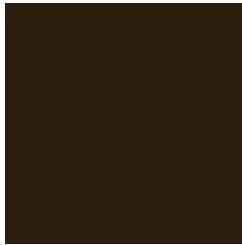


81.6940, 64.2409, -71.6456



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

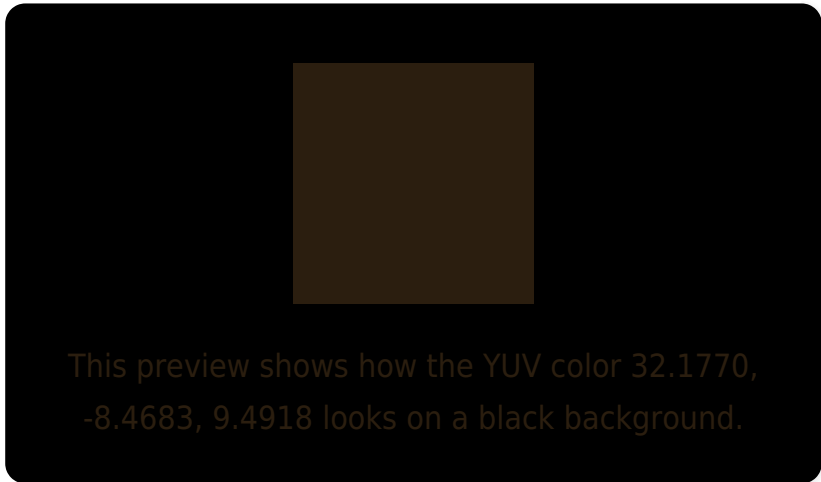
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

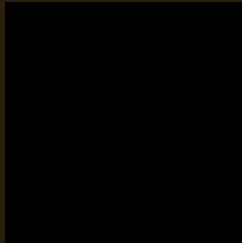
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918.



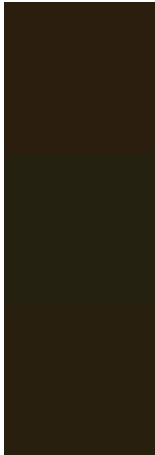
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 32.1770, -8.4683,

9.4918.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918

### Protanopia

31.9590, -7.8678, 3.5440

### Deuteranopia

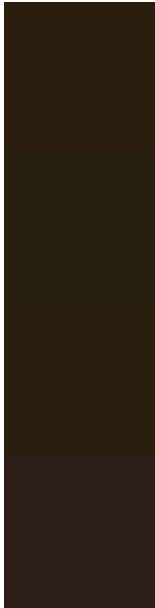
32.1660, -8.4628, 7.7474



## Tritanopia

33.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918

## Protanomaly

32.2690, -8.0206, 5.9031

## Deuteranomaly

32.4650, -8.6102, 8.3622

## Tritanomaly

33.0290, -3.9583, 9.6216

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918

## Achromatopsia

32.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

31.9250, -2.9210, 3.5738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 30, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 30, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 30, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 30, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 30, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 30, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 30, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 30, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 30, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 30, 15)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 32.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 30, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 30,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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