

Converting Colors

YUV(32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(32.5060, -0.7425,
4.8182)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	261E1F
RGB	38, 30, 31
RGB Percent	15%, 12%, 12%
CMY	0.8510, 0.8824, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.18, 0.85
HSL	352°, 12%, 13%
HSV	352°, 21%, 15%
XYZ	1.5109, 1.4395, 1.4945
YIQ	32.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

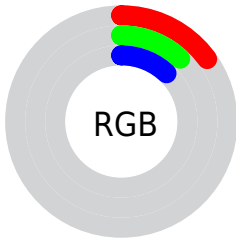
Format	Color
RYB	38, 30, 31
Decimal	2498079
CIELab	12.22, 4.09, 0.77
CIELCh	12, 4.160, 10.610
Yxy	1.4395, 0.3399, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280688159 (0xFF261E1F)
YUV	32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182
Hunter-Lab	11.9981, 1.4819, 1.0132

Details

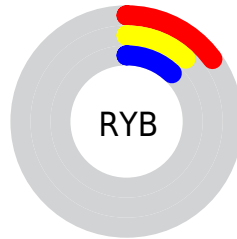
The YUV color **32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **35.4940, 0.7425, -4.8182**, and the grayscale version is **33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591**.

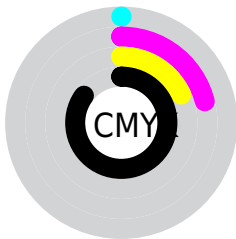
Distribution



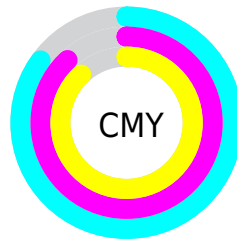
- Red (15%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32.5060, -0.7425,
4.8182

■ 32.5060, -0.7425,
4.8182

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 9.0010, -1.4795,
7.8921

■ 76.8050, -0.8899,
5.4330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 100.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 125.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 151.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 178.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 205.4030, -1.1847,

6.6626

■ 233.4030, -1.1847,
6.6626

■ 32.5060, -0.7425,
4.8182

■ 32.5060, -0.7425,
4.8182

■ 29.8160, -0.8953,
7.1774

■ 35.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 27.0120, -1.4849,
9.6365

■ 38.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 24.9090, -1.9271,
11.4808

■ 40.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 22.2190, -2.0800,
13.8399

■ 42.7930, 0.5951,
-4.2035

■ 19.4150, -2.6696,
16.2990

■ 45.5970, 1.1847,
-6.6626

■ 16.7250, -2.8224,
18.6582

■ 48.2870, 1.3375,
-9.0217

■ 14.0350, -2.9753,
21.0173

■ 50.9770, 1.4903,
-11.3808

■ 11.9320, -3.4175,
22.8616

■ 53.1940, 2.3694,
-13.3251

■ 55.8840, 2.5222,
-15.6843

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



32.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



31.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444



31.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



35.4940, 0.7425, -4.8182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



30.8640, -0.4260, -3.3887

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



31.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146



31.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330



32.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



32.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886



31.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330



31.3630, 2.7790, -4.7034

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



46.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



33.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036



24.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



153.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



26.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



39.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774



34.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738



16.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



25.6580, -7.7194, 49.4119



65.4550, -19.4513, 125.8890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



39.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774



33.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



16.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



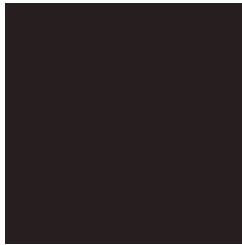
25.6580, -7.7194, 49.4119



65.4550, -19.4513, 125.8890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

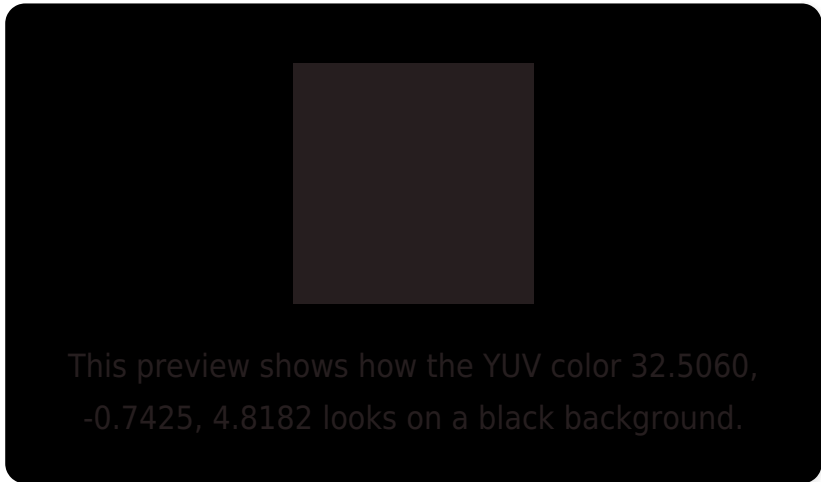
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

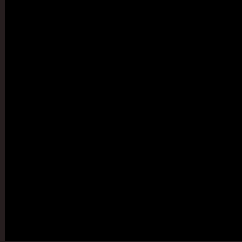
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182.

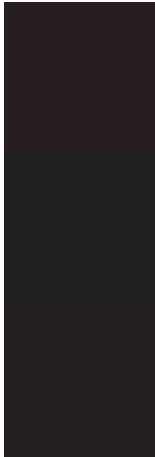


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 32.5060, -0.7425,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Protanopia

32.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

Deuteranopia

32.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



Tritanopia

32.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183

Trichromacy



Original Color

32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Protanomaly

32.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

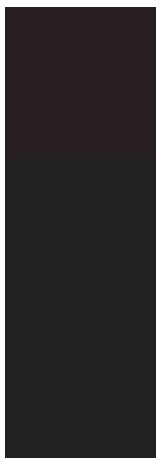
Deuteranomaly

32.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887

Tritanomaly

32.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183

Monochromacy



Original Color

32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Achromatopsia

33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

32.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 30, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 30, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 30, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 30, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 30, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 30, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 30, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 30, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 30, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 30, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 32.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 30, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 30,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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