

# Converting Colors

YUV(33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(33.2490, 5.7932,  
8.5516)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B1A2D
RGB	43, 26, 45
RGB Percent	17%, 10%, 18%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8980, 0.8235
CMYK	0.04, 0.42, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	294°, 27%, 14%
HSV	294°, 42%, 18%
XYZ	1.8393, 1.4418, 2.6640
YIQ	33.2490, 4.0330, 9.5130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

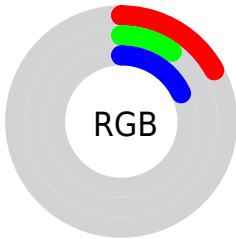
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	43, 26, 45
Decimal	2824749
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	12.23, 12.54, -9.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	12, 15.664, 323.199
Yxy	1.4418, 0.3094, 0.2425
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281014829 (0xFF2B1A2D)
YUV	33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516
Hunter-Lab	12.0077, 6.3288, -4.7485

# Details

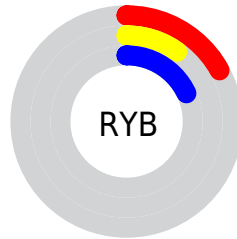
The YUV color **33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **37.7510, -5.7932, -8.5516**, and the grayscale version is **33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.0750, 6.3720, 9.5812**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.9010, 6.9508, 10.6108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.5970, 4.6357, 6.4924**.

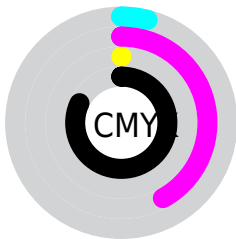
# Distribution



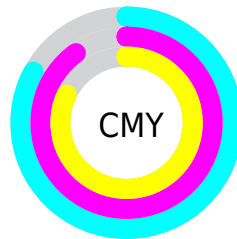
- Red (17%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.2490, 5.7932,  
8.5516

■ 33.2490, 5.7932,  
8.5516

■ 254.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

■ 10.0260, 7.3822,  
12.2552

■ 78.0750, 6.3720,  
9.5812

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 101.7870, 6.5140,  
10.7108


■ 126.9010, 6.9508,  
10.6108


■ 153.2000, 6.8034,  
11.2256


■ 179.6130, 7.0928,  
11.7404


■ 207.0260, 7.3822,

12.2552


 235.1400, 7.8190,  
12.1552


 33.2490, 5.7932,  
8.5516


 33.2490, 5.7932,  
8.5516


 30.9010, 6.9508,  
10.6108


 35.5970, 4.6357,  
6.4924


 27.6670, 8.5452,  
12.5700


 38.8310, 3.0413,  
4.5332


 24.7320, 9.9921,  
15.1440

 41.7660, 1.5944,  
1.9592

 22.0850, 11.2971,  
16.5885

 44.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

 19.1500, 12.7440,  
19.1624

 47.3480, -1.1576,  
-2.0592

■ 17.0900, 13.7596,  
20.0921

■ 49.9950, -2.4625,  
-3.5036

■ 52.9300, -3.9095,  
-6.0776

■ 55.5770, -5.2145,  
-7.5220

■ 58.5120, -6.6614,  
-10.0960

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.2090, 9.7570, -2.8143



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



32.7400, 1.1142, 16.0140

# Triad

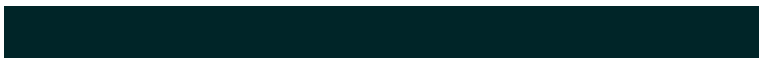
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



30.5530, -12.1046, 9.1620



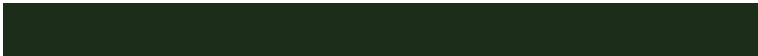
26.2790, 6.7645, -23.0467

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



37.7510, -5.7932, -8.5516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.3240, 1.8123, -21.3321



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



30.2530, -10.4777, 0.6551

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



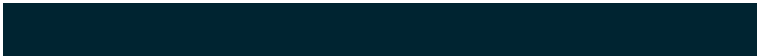
33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



32.0960, -8.9213, 14.8248



28.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812



26.7180, 10.9850, -23.4317



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



32.2410, -2.0908, 17.3286



28.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812



26.5240, 5.1647, -23.2615

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



54.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036



29.3400, 7.7204, -2.9292



27.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516



40.4930, 9.1240, 13.5996



33.0490, 2.4408, 10.4810



21.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



33.2400, 26.5037, 39.2545



81.8040, 65.1726, 96.6419



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808



38.3120, -3.1118, 18.1434



37.9510, -2.4408, -10.4810



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



27.0390, -8.8932, 52.5858

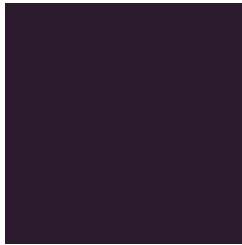


66.6080, -21.4987, 129.2628



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

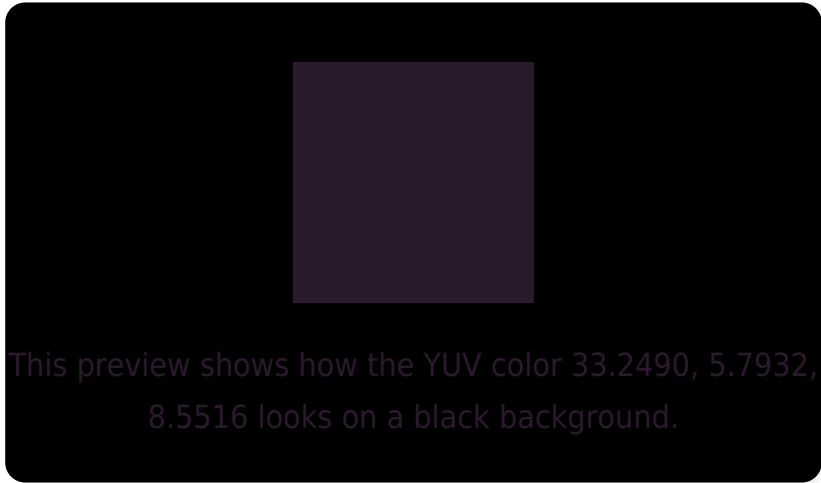
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 33.2490, 5.7932,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516

### Protanopia

32.2580, 8.7468, -5.4883

### Deuteranopia

32.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441



## Tritanopia

32.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516

## Protanomaly

32.6500, 7.5676, -0.5700

## Deuteranomaly

32.7920, 5.5255, 1.0594

## Tritanomaly

33.0980, 1.4307, 7.8071

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516

## Achromatopsia

33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

32.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 26, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 26, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 26, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 26, 45) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 26, 45) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 26, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 26, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 26, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 26, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 26, 45)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 33.2490, 5.7932, 8.5516 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 26, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 26,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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