

# Converting Colors

YUV(33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(33.6670, 1.6432,  
-13.7400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	122925
RGB	18, 41, 37
RGB Percent	7%, 16%, 15%
CMY	0.9294, 0.8392, 0.8549
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.10, 0.84
HSL	170°, 39%, 12%
HSV	170°, 56%, 16%
XYZ	1.3763, 1.8480, 2.0344
YIQ	33.6670, -12.4240, -6.1200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

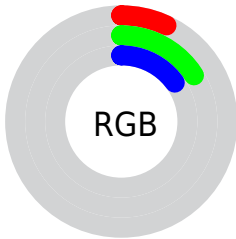
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">18, 31, 41</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1190181</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">14.67, -10.32, -0.19</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">15, 10.324, 181.076</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.8480, 0.2617, 0.3514</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279380261 (0xFF122925)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">13.5943, -5.7182, 0.6430</a>

# Details

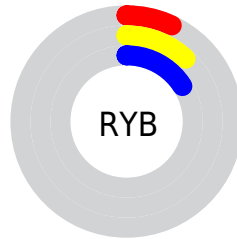
The YUV color **33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **25.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400**, and the grayscale version is **34.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.3680, 1.7906, -14.3547**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.3570, 1.7960, -16.0991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.9770, 1.4903, -11.3808**.

# Distribution



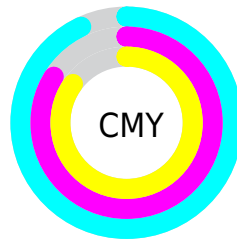
- Red (7%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.6670, 1.6432,  
-13.7400

■ 33.6670, 1.6432,  
-13.7400

■ 252.3090, 1.3267,  
-5.5330

■ 14.1510, 0.9116,  
-12.4104

■ 78.3680, 1.7906,  
-14.3547

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 102.9550, 1.5012,  
-14.8695

■ 127.6560, 1.6486,  
-15.4843

■ 153.6560, 1.6486,  
-15.4843

■ 180.3570, 1.7960,  
-16.0991

■ 208.2430, 1.3592,

-15.9991

■ 236.6450, 1.6540,  
-17.2287

■ 33.6670, 1.6432,  
-13.7400

■ 33.6670, 1.6432,  
-13.7400

■ 32.3570, 1.7960,  
-16.0991

■ 34.9770, 1.4903,  
-11.3808

■ 31.1610, 2.3856,  
-18.5582

■ 36.1730, 0.9007,  
-8.9217

■ 29.8510, 2.5385,  
-20.9173

■ 37.4830, 0.7479,  
-6.5626

■ 28.5410, 2.6913,  
-23.2765

■ 38.7930, 0.5951,  
-4.2035

■ 27.9430, 2.9861,  
-24.5060

■ 40.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 41.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

■ 42.9080, -0.4476,  
3.5887

■ 44.2180, -0.6005,  
5.9478

■ 45.4140, -1.1901,  
8.4069

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.6740, -2.3043, -7.6071



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



33.2690, 5.2904, -16.8989

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



37.4930, 5.6730, 0.4446



37.1600, -5.9949, 9.5067

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



25.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.4530, -3.6743, 11.8807



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



38.1410, 2.8885, 6.8923

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



36.4920, 7.1524, -7.4475



38.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809



36.7850, -7.2890, 4.5736



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



33.7360, 7.0322, -15.5545



38.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809



36.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



50.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478



32.6970, -7.2456, -9.3813



26.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887



156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



28.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



42.4380, 2.2491, -21.4321



30.0140, 5.4161, -10.5363



19.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



57.2880, 6.2670, -50.2416



144.3940, 15.0888, -126.6335



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400



29.4480, -2.6859, 21.5321



28.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363



18.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



26.8260, -5.8302, 50.1416

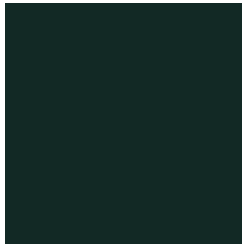


67.6060, -15.0888, 126.6335



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

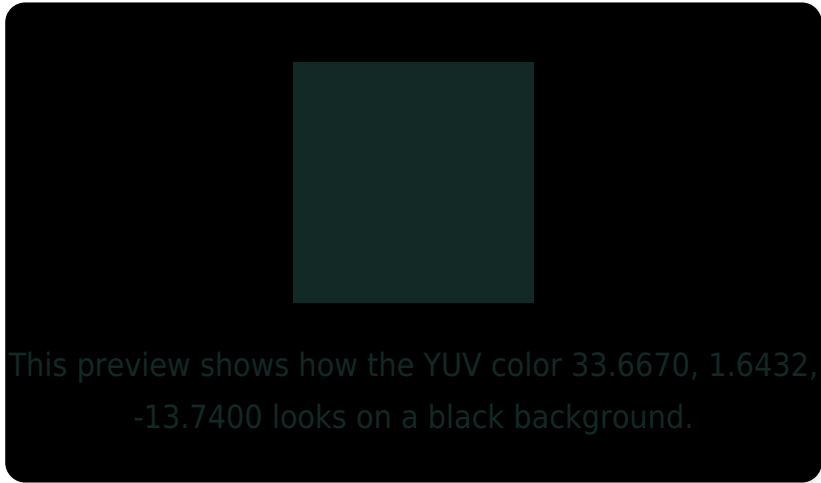
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

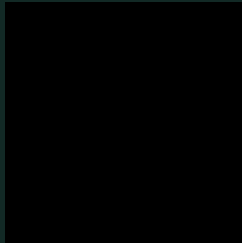
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400.

-13.7400.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400

### Protanopia

37.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

### Deuteranopia

37.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



## Tritanopia

34.3620, 4.2585, -12.5955

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400

## Protanomaly

35.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035

## Deuteranomaly

36.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887

## Tritanomaly

33.8350, 3.5323, -13.0103

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400

## Achromatopsia

34.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

34.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 41, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 41, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 41, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 41, 37) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 41, 37) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 41, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 41, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 41, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 41, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 41, 37)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 33.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 41, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 41,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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