

# Converting Colors

YUV(34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(34.6330, 47.0159,  
-6.6941)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B1482
RGB	27, 20, 130
RGB Percent	11%, 8%, 51%
CMY	0.8941, 0.9216, 0.4902
CMYK	0.79, 0.85, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	244°, 73%, 29%
HSV	244°, 85%, 51%
XYZ	4.7314, 2.3450, 21.3224
YIQ	34.6330, -31.1380, 35.6940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

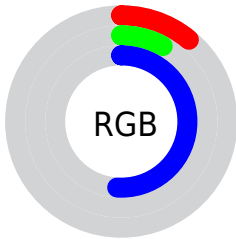
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	27, 20, 130
Decimal	1774722
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	17.20, 40.82, -58.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	17, 71.656, 304.722
Yxy	2.3450, 0.1666, 0.0826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279964802 (0xFF1B1482)
YUV	34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941
Hunter-Lab	15.3135, 28.3526, -71.8354

# Details

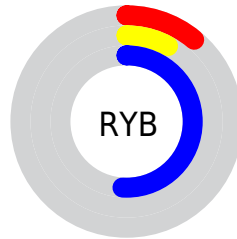
The YUV color **34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **115.3670, -47.0159, 6.6941**, and the grayscale version is **34.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.9270, 47.8570, 3.5720**, and **9.0060, 34.5070, -7.8983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.4140, 52.5469, -7.3791**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.8520, 41.4850, -6.0092**.

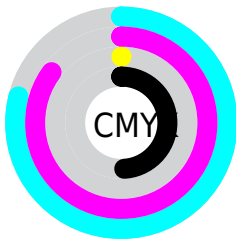
# Distribution



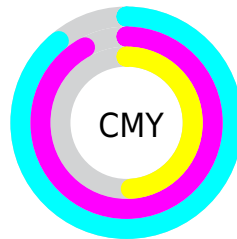
- Red (11%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.6330, 47.0159,  
-6.6941

■ 34.6330, 47.0159,  
-6.6941

■ 253.8260, 0.5788,  
1.0296

■ 11.8560, 45.4270,  
-10.3977

■ 86.9270, 47.8570,  
3.5720

■ 9.0060, 34.5070,  
-7.8983

■ 113.4650, 48.5778,  
5.7312

■ 9.2050, 22.5769,  
-8.0728

■ 139.8180, 49.8827,  
7.1756

■ 4.9360, 13.8356,  
-4.3289

■ 165.3470, 44.1989,  
10.2197

■ 0.6840, 2.6208,  
-0.5999


■ 189.8670, 32.1106,  
14.1486


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 214.6860, 19.8748,


18.6924


 236.8030, 8.9711,  
15.9588


 34.6330, 47.0159,  
-6.6941


 34.6330, 47.0159,  
-6.6941


 23.4140, 52.5469,  
-7.3791


 45.8520, 41.4850,  
-6.0092

 17.2120, 55.6045,  
-8.0789

 57.0710, 35.9540,  
-5.3243

 68.5890, 30.2756,  
-4.0246

 79.8080, 24.7447,  
-3.3396

 91.0270, 19.2137,  
-2.6547

■ 102.2460, 13.6827,  
-1.9697

■ 113.4650, 8.1518,  
-1.2848

■ 124.6840, 2.6208,  
-0.5999

■ 136.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.4500, 51.0501, -40.7367



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



41.1280, 23.1079, 55.1387

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



35.1060, -17.3073, 44.6340



40.9200, 4.4764, -35.8868

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



115.3670, -47.0159, 6.6941

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.0460, -16.7847, -29.8583



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



39.5820, -19.5139, 5.6286

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



34.0860, -16.8044, 70.0846



31.1110, -15.3377, -27.2843



46.7340, 26.7531, -40.9857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



42.0360, 5.8983, 68.3744



31.1110, -15.3377, -27.2843



38.1670, -3.5333, -33.4725

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



131.6850, 17.9033, -2.3547



94.1750, 17.6617, -65.0515



62.4480, 10.6251, -1.2699



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941



22.4410, 71.7606, -10.0338



50.4800, 39.2034, 25.8890



58.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851



16.9840, 54.7309, -7.8790



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.6320, 28.7754, 57.3277



68.2440, 44.2497, 87.4860



99.2210, -39.0560, -26.5038



59.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



51.8380, 33.1109, 66.7941

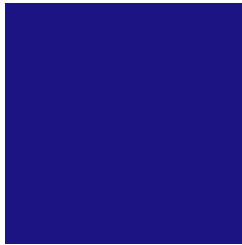


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

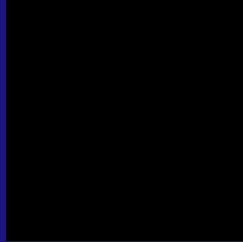
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 34.6330, 47.0159,

-6.6941.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941

### Protanopia

34.6860, 26.2838, -30.4196

### Deuteranopia

34.9650, 19.7373, -30.6643



## Tritanopia

33.9900, 8.3859, -29.8092

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941

## Protanomaly

34.6900, 33.6768, -21.6531

## Deuteranomaly

34.9520, 29.6037, -21.8829

## Tritanomaly

34.4160, 22.4729, -21.4128

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941

## Achromatopsia

35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

35.1580, 17.1771, -2.7696

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 20, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 20, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 20, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 20, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 20, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 20, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 20, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 20, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 20, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 20,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 34.6330, 47.0159, -6.6941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 20, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 20,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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